INTRODUCTION

The Northwestern community extends you a warm welcome. Your time here should be one of tremendous growth, exploration, and learning, but within the boundaries of guidelines that protect your rights as well as those of your fellow community members.

This handbook describes the expectations for behavior and conduct in the Northwestern community and outlines the procedures to be followed when these expectations are not met. It is your road map, containing the policies and procedures that will guide you as a student while you live and grow in this community of scholars at Northwestern University.

The first statements in this booklet were created by Northwestern students, faculty, and staff working together to define community at Northwestern and to outline our shared principles and values. One aspect of the community is described this way:

A university is a disciplined community, a place where individuals accept their obligations to others and where well-defined governance procedures guide behavior for the common good.

- Freedom is balanced with duty.
- Integrity and honesty are expected.
- Consideration for the needs and rights of others is the norm.
- Disagreement and conflict are acknowledged in respectful discourse.¹

To paraphrase Italian philosopher and theologian Thomas Aquinas (c. 1225–74), policies are an organized set of principles designed and written for the common good, put forth by those who care for the community.² While some will think of this booklet as a collection of policies, those policies are really the expectations for behavior that we have agreed upon as a community.

So once again, welcome to the Northwestern community. And welcome to our community of shared principles and values.

² Thomas Aquinas, Summa Theologiae, I–II, q. 90, art. 4.
THE COMMUNITY AT NORTHWESTERN

One goal of a university education is to help you develop as a unique individual—to be educated as a whole person, intellectually, emotionally, socially, ethically, and spiritually. Your development and learning as an individual occur, in part, when you engage in relationships with others and in activities that optimally challenge you. To enhance your growth and learning, become actively involved in the life of the Northwestern community. Engage your fellow students, faculty, staff, and Northwestern’s various communities of interests and form relationships that both challenge and support your growth.

Your journey of individual development does not occur in isolation; it takes place within a dynamic learning community. As a large, complex, and diverse institution, Northwestern attempts to balance its needs—to foster freedom for individual growth, to support its various communities of interests, and to fulfill its broader teaching and research mission. What principles should guide our mutual efforts to meet the diverse needs within our learning community? A group of students presented these statements, as a work in progress for further discussion and study, and for your thoughtful consideration as a member of the Northwestern community.

Statement of Community Principles and Values

Northwestern University is an educationally purposeful community, a place where faculty and students share academic goals and work together to strengthen teaching and learning on campus.

• Commitment to truth and knowledge is unwavering.
• Respect for individual achievement and excellence is the cornerstone.
• Lifelong learning is expected.

Northwestern University is an open community, a place where civility is powerfully affirmed and where freedom of expression is uncompro-misingly protected.

• Civility and respect are expected behaviors.
• Individuality is affirmed while all strive to build a stronger sense of campus community.
• Freedom of choice is balanced with responsibility to the community.

Northwestern University is a just community, a place where the sanctity of the person is honored and where diversity is aggressively pursued.

• Individual differences and unique perspectives are respected.
• Our common humanity is the basis for community relations.
• Inclusion is the foundation for decision making.

Northwestern University is a disciplined community, a place where individuals accept their obligations to others and where well-defined governance procedures guide behavior for the common good.

• Freedom is balanced with duty.
• Integrity and honesty are expected.
• Consideration for the needs and rights of others is the norm.
• Disagreement and conflict are acknowledged in respectful discourse.

Northwestern University is a caring community, a place where the well-being of each member is sensitively supported and where service to others is encouraged.

• “Do no harm to others” is a nonnegotiable value.
• Accurate self-understanding is the foundation for empathy, compassion, and understanding others.
• Social responsibility and an ethic of service to others are extended to all members of the community.
• Emotional, physical, and spiritual wellbeing is cultivated in academic and extracurricular life.

Northwestern University is a celebrative community, one in which the heritage of the institution is remembered and where rituals affirming both tradition and change are widely shared.

• History, traditions, and the contributions of the past are honored.
• Unique cultural and ceremonial practices are affirmed.
• Individual religious and spiritual beliefs are accepted.

Adapted from Ernest Boyer (1990), Campus Life: In Search of Community. San Francisco: Jossey Bass.
Rights and Responsibilities of the Northwestern Community

Becoming a member of the Northwestern University community is an honor, a privilege that carries with it prestige and respect. The University affords students a number of rights that are fundamental to membership in our shared community. But along with these privileges and rights, membership also requires students to meet and uphold community standards.

Remaining a member of the Northwestern community requires a student to continuously comply with policies governing students’ academic progress, social interactions, and personal behavior. As stated in one of the policies below, “Student status at Northwestern is a privilege earned by meeting standards of academic performance and adherence to policies governing conduct.”

University-enacted policies are found in several sources, including, but not limited to, the Undergraduate Catalog, the Graduate School Bulletin, the undergraduate and graduate housing bulletins, the residence hall contract, the University’s website, notices disseminated from time to time by the University or its schools and departments, and—of course—this Student Handbook.

The exercise of individual rights by students and other members of the Northwestern community may not abridge the following rights, subject, in appropriate circumstances, to the University’s right to take actions to protect the health and safety of the University community and its members, guests, and visitors.

1. The right of a faculty or staff member to exclude from a classroom or other University premises, during the progress of a class or other University sponsored program or activity, persons not enrolled in the class or other unauthorized persons.
2. The right to privacy of a student or faculty or staff member in his or her office or other work area or lodging.
3. The right of the University to take actions reasonably determined to secure the rights outlined above and to assure that students, faculty, and staff may pursue their legitimate goals on University premises or at University functions without interference.

Community at Northwestern

Policy Statement on Student Rights and Responsibilities

At Northwestern University, life outside the classroom is an integral part of the educational process. The exercise of responsibility is an important part of the development of the full potential of the student as an individual and as a citizen. The student’s awareness of the extent of his or her rights and responsibilities is necessary to the exercise of responsibility within the University community. To further these objectives and in recognition of students as members of the Northwestern University community, the University has adopted the following statement of policy.

This policy statement has been formulated in a spirit of cooperation and community by representatives of students, faculty, and administration. It is a living document and thus is subject to change through participation of representatives of the same groups who participated in the original formulation.

1. Northwestern University does not discriminate or permit discrimination by any member of its community against any individual on the basis of race, color, religion, national origin, sex, pregnancy, sexual orientation, gender identity, gender expression, parental status, marital status, age, disability, citizenship, veteran status, or genetic information in matters of admissions, employment, housing, or services or in the educational programs or activities it operates.
2. The student has freedom of research, of legitimate classroom discussion, and of the advocacy of alternative opinions to those presented in the classroom.
3. The student will be evaluated on knowledge and academic performance for purposes of granting academic credit and not on the basis of personal or political beliefs.
4. The teacher–student relationship within the classroom is confidential, and disclosures of a student’s personal or political beliefs expressed in connection with course work will not be made public without explicit permission of the student. It is understood that the teacher may undertake the usual evaluation of knowledge and academic performance.
5. Students’ records may be released to persons outside the University only on request of the student or through compliance with applicable laws.
16. Students will be exempt from disciplinary action or dismissal from the University except for academic failure, failure to pay a University debt, or violation of a student or University policy. Policies shall be fully and clearly communicated in advance of the alleged violation. The University has no authority over a student when outside University property, except where the student is on the property of a University affiliated institution, where the student is engaged in a project, seminar, or class for academic credit, or as otherwise provided in University policies and procedures (See the student code of conduct page 20) or on property that falls within the jurisdiction of University Police. A student is subject to local, state, and federal statutes.

17. A student is free to be present on campus and to attend classes pending action on criminal or civil charges, except for reasons relating to his or her physical or emotional safety and well-being or for reasons relating to the safety and wellbeing of students, faculty, staff, or University property.

18. It is recognized that every member of the community has the responsibility to conduct him or herself in a manner that does not violate the rights and freedoms of others and has the responsibility to recognize the principles within this statement of policy.
ACADEMIC CONDUCT POLICIES

For a more complete and detailed description of Northwestern’s policies regarding academics, please see the Undergraduate Catalog, the Graduate School Bulletin, and specific policies and provisions promulgated by the individual schools, departments, and programs. Links to this information can be found at www.northwestern.edu/provost/students/integrity.

Academic Failure

Per University Statutes, Article V, 2: Whenever it shall appear that any student is not making satisfactory progress in his or her studies, the student may be excluded by vote of the faculty of the college or school in which the student is enrolled or by a committee or board that has been delegated such responsibility by that college or school. A student shall be notified in writing no later than the middle of a term that, because of unsatisfactory work in a previous term or terms, he or she is subject to exclusion in the event of unsatisfactory work during the term for which the notice is issued. In the absence of written and timely notice the student may request and then shall be granted a hearing by the faculty (or its committee or board) before the student is excluded.

Academic Integrity

The principles set forth below arise from consultations carried out since 1990 with students, faculty, academic deans, the University General Counsel, and the Office of the Provost. Ratified by the Faculty Senate on May 13, 1992, they are the framework within which policies of the undergraduate and graduate schools of the University operate.

Academic integrity at Northwestern is based on a respect for individual achievement that lies at the heart of academic culture. Every faculty member and student, both graduate and undergraduate, belongs to a community of scholars where academic integrity is a fundamental commitment. The University as an institution makes collaboration and the pursuit of knowledge possible, but always promotes and evaluates individual effort and learning.

This statement broadly describes principles of student academic conduct supported by all academic programs at the University, at every level – undergraduate and graduate, and regardless of venue, including online courses and study abroad programs. More detailed standards of academic conduct, procedures, and sanctions are set forth by each of the schools. It is the responsibility of every member of the academic community to be familiar with the specific policies of his or her own school and to bear in mind relevant policies governing activities not directly addressed herein, such as internships, specific graduate programs, and University research.

A. Basic Standards of Academic Integrity

Registration at Northwestern requires adherence to the University’s standards of academic integrity. These standards may be intuitively understood, and cannot in any case be listed exhaustively; the following examples represent some basic types of behavior that are unacceptable.

1. Cheating: using unauthorized notes, study aids, or information on an examination; altering a graded work after it has been returned, then submitting the work for regrading; allowing another person to do one’s work and submitting that work under one’s own name; submitting identical or similar papers for credit in more than one course without prior permission from the course instructors.

2. Plagiarism: submitting material that in part or whole is not entirely one’s own work without attributing those same portions to their correct source.

3. Fabrication: falsifying or inventing any information, data, or citation; presenting data that were not gathered in accordance with standard guidelines defining the appropriate methods for collecting or generating data and failing to include an accurate account of the method by which the data were gathered or collected.

4. Obtaining an unfair advantage: (a) stealing, reproducing, circulating, or otherwise gaining access to examination materials prior to the time authorized by the instructor; (b) stealing, destroying, defacing, or concealing library materials with the purpose of depriving others of their use; (c) unauthorized collaborating on an academic assignment; (d) retaining, possessing, using, or circulating previously given examination materials, where those materials clearly indicate that they are to be returned to the instructor at the conclusion of the examination; (e) intentionally obstructing or interfering with another student’s academic work; or (f) otherwise undertaking activity with the purpose of creating or obtaining an unfair academic advantage over other students’ academic work.

5. Aiding and abetting academic dishonesty: (a) providing material, information, or other assistance to another person with knowledge that such aid could be used in any of the violations stated above; or (b) providing false information in connection with any inquiry regarding academic integrity.

6. Falsification of records and official documents: altering documents affecting academic records; forging signatures of authorization or falsifying information on an official academic document, grade report, letter of permission, petition, drop/add form, ID card, or any other official University document.
C. Procedures
Suspected cases of charges of academic dishonesty should be report-
ed to the course instructor, to the administration of the school under
whose jurisdiction the suspected offense took place, or to any student
authorized by that school to receive such complaints. Students
charged with academic dishonesty may not change their registration
in a course in which the charge is pending or in which a finding of
academic dishonesty has been made. Procedures of investigation,
adjudication, and appeal may vary from school to school. (Current
practice does not involve reporting to a student, but instead to the
course instructor or to a member of the dean's office in the
appropriate school.)

D. Sanctions
All proven cases of academic dishonesty should be penalized as ap-
propriate under the circumstances. Sanctions other than a reduced or
failing grade should be imposed by the school in which the student is
enrolled. The imposition of any sanction other than a private repri-
mand should include a statement of reasons supporting its severity. A
student may appeal any finding or sanction as specified by the school
holding jurisdiction. Sanctions may include but are not limited to

1. Reduced or failing grade.
2. A letter of reprimand.
3. A defined period of probation, with or without the attachment
   of conditions.
4. Withdrawal of University funding.
5. A defined period of suspension, with or without the attachment
   of conditions.
6. Exclusion from the University.
7. Notation on the official record.
8. Revocation of an awarded degree.
9. Any appropriate combination of 1–8 above.

(Additional sanctions may include, but are not limited to, denial of
academic honors. It should also be understood that there is no neces-
sary connection between a first-time offense and a letter of reprimand.
Depending on the nature of the offense, a student may be suspended or
permanently excluded as a result of a first-time offense.)
STATEMENT OF EXPECTATIONS

As members of the University community, all students, groups of students, and student organizations are expected to exemplify Northwestern’s community principles and values, to engage in socially responsible behavior, and to model exceptional conduct, character, and citizenship on campus and beyond.

When learning of conduct or behavior that may not meet these standards, community members are expected to take an active role in upholding our community principles and values. Students are encouraged to alert the police or emergency personnel; report the behavior to University officials; confront the situation as it occurs; or speak directly to the individuals involved. All emergencies should be reported by calling police through 911. For information on filing a report of concern with the Office of Student Conduct, please see page 133.
GROUPS AND ORGANIZATIONS

Groups of students and student organizations are expected to comply with all University policies, including the Student Code of Conduct and all additional policies pertaining to groups and organizations. A group or organization may be held responsible for the actions and behaviors of its members and guests. The decision to hold a group or organization responsible as a whole is ultimately determined by examining all the circumstances of a situation and by taking into account factors including, but not limited to, whether the actions:

1. Were committed by one or more officers or authorized representatives acting in the scope of their group or organizational capacities;
2. Involved, were committed by, or were condoned by (actively or passively) a significant number of organization members, alumni, or guests;
3. Occurred at or in connection with an activity or event funded, sponsored, publicized, advertised, or communicated about by the group or organization;
4. Occurred at a location over which the group or organization had control at the time of the action;
5. Occurred at or in connection with an activity or event that reasonable people would associate with the group or organization;
6. Should have been foreseen by the organization or its officers, but reasonable precautions against such actions were not taken;
7. Were the result of a policy or practice of the organization;
8. Would be attributable to the organization under the group’s own policies (including local or national risk management guidelines); or
9. Were taken by individuals who, but for their affiliation with the organization, would not have been involved in the incident.

Or whether:

10. One or more officers or members of an organization fail to report knowledge or information about a violation to, or otherwise fail to cooperate with, appropriate University or emergency officials; or
11. The organization, or any member acting on its behalf, fails to satisfactorily complete the terms of any disciplinary sanction or outcome.

SCOPE OF THE CODE OF CONDUCT

The Student Code of Conduct applies to the following situations. The University reserves the right to investigate and resolve reports of alleged misconduct in all of these situations:

- Involving students, a group of students, or a student organization affiliated with any school or department or the University as a whole (undergraduate or graduate);
- Occurring from the time of a students’ application for admission through the actual awarding of a degree (even if the conduct is not discovered until after a degree is awarded), including, but not limited to:
  - During the academic year
  - Before classes begin or after classes end
  - During time pursuing credit away from the campus (e.g., study abroad, internships, coops)
  - During periods between terms of actual enrollment
  - While on leave from the University
- Occurring either on or off campus

The University reserves the right to investigate and resolve any report or incident in which a student is alleged to violate any of the principles or policies published by the University or local, state, or federal laws or policies, regardless of the location where the incident occurs. Students are also expected to follow the policies and procedures of institutions that they may visit, including during international travel.

University and residence hall guests are expected to follow all University policies. Student hosts are accountable for the conduct of their guests and may be subject to disciplinary action as the responsible party for violations of University policy incurred by their guests. This applies to individuals, groups, and student organizations.
Collective and Individual Responsibility

Groups of students and student organizations, as well as their members and officers, may be held collectively and/or individually responsible for violations of the Code of Student Conduct or other University policies.

PROHIBITED AND RESTRICTED CONDUCT

The following behaviors are prohibited or restricted by this Student Code of Conduct. Violations of these policies, or assisting or encouraging others in the violation of these policies, may lead to disciplinary action. An attempt to commit any of these acts, as well as assisting or willfully encouraging any such act, is considered a violation of University policy.

Alcohol and Other Drugs

A caring, safe, and well-informed community fosters an environment in which we can all live and learn. To that end, the Northwestern community shares responsibility for promoting healthy behavior. In supporting each individual’s health and wellbeing, we assist students, staff, and faculty in understanding the risks associated with consuming alcohol and other drugs while seeking to minimize the harm to self and others caused by the misuse and abuse of these substances.

The following are the primary policies related to alcohol and other drugs that apply to Northwestern Students. Northwestern’s full Policy on Drugs and Alcohol can be found here: www.northwestern.edu/alcohol-resources/about-us/biennial-review/index.html.

Alcohol

Misconduct related to alcohol and alcoholic beverages, including the following:

a. Use or possession of alcohol, or containers that previously contained alcohol, by individuals under the age of 21 (or the age of majority in the jurisdiction);

b. Manufacturing alcoholic beverages on University property, premises, or facilities (except as specifically authorized by the University) or by individuals under the age of 21;

c. Providing or distributing alcohol to individuals under the age of 21;

d. Severe intoxication resulting in disruptive behaviors or concern for the student’s well-being, regardless of age;

e. Driving under the influence of alcohol or while intoxicated;

f. Possession of open containers of alcohol in public buildings, parks, beaches, highways, streets, alleys, sidewalks, parkways, and public parking lots (except as specifically authorized by legal authority); and

g. Violations of other laws pertaining to alcohol.

The following is considered misconduct related to alcohol when a student is on campus or at an event affiliated with Northwestern or Northwestern organization (including student organizations).

h. Possession of kegs or other large storage devices, quantity-dispensing containers, or common sources of alcohol (except as specifically authorized by the University), regardless of age;

i. Drinking practices or games that encourage participants to consume alcohol or promote intoxication and any paraphernalia that supports such activities are prohibited, regardless of age;

j. Use or possession of alcohol, regardless of age, in any dry or alcohol-free spaces on campus including, but not limited to, all fraternity/sorority houses, and designated areas in the residence halls and academic buildings;

k. Possession of open containers of alcohol on University property, in University facilities, or in University vehicles or transportation (except as specifically authorized by the University). Approval for alcohol in outdoor spaces can be obtained through the Events Planning Office at Norris University Center; and

l. The sale of alcohol on campus without explicit permission from the Events Planning Office at Norris University Center and an Evanston liquor license.

Students who live in University housing must also abide by the Residence Hall and Housing Policies related to alcohol which can be found on page 48 (as is applicable by housing type).

Resources for students experiencing alcohol related concerns or who have alcohol related questions can be found here: www.northwestern.edu/alcohol-resources/get-help/

Other Drugs

Misconduct related to illegal drugs and controlled substances (including marijuana, medical marijuana, narcotics, cocaine, heroin, prescription medication, synthetic cannabinoids or other drugs, and any chemical substantially similar to a controlled substance), including the following:
c. Manufacturing or distribution of illegal drugs or controlled substances;

d. Driving under the influence of any illegal drug or controlled substance;

e. Being in the presence of the use or misuse of illegal drugs or controlled substances on campus; and

f. Violations of other University drug policies or federal, state, and local laws pertaining to illegal drugs and controlled substances.

Additional Information Regarding Drugs: Although Illinois’ Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Pilot Program Act (H.B. 1) allows patients to possess and consume limited amounts of marijuana for certain medical conditions, this state law conflicts with federal laws governing marijuana. Northwestern is subject to the federal Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act Amendments, which mandates campus communities be free of controlled substances (including marijuana). Therefore, the use, possession, manufacture, cultivation, dissemination, or being under the influence of medical marijuana on University property or at University-related activities is and shall remain prohibited.

Amnesty through Responsible Action

At Northwestern, the wellbeing of students is of primary importance. Each student plays a critical role in creating a community of care, focused on the wellbeing of themselves and their peers. When students/groups believe that assistance for an intoxicated/impaired individual (including themselves) is needed to ensure the student’s wellbeing, it is critical that they take responsible action and seek that assistance. To encourage students to take responsible action when necessary, the University will not hold students who take such action (for themselves or for others), or for whom such action is taken, accountable for violations of the University’s alcohol or other drug policies (with the exception of driving under the influence).

To be eligible for Amnesty through Responsible Action you must:

1. **CALL for help:** In medical emergencies, immediate action should be taken by calling 9-1-1 from either on or off campus. You may also activate a University Blue Light emergency phone anywhere on campus. In non-emergency situations, help can also be sought by contacting NUPD (847-491-3456) or, for students in residence halls, your Resident Assistant on-duty (phone number varies by building) or the Community Service Officer (CSO) in your building.

2. **STAY** with the person until help arrives and you have been told your assistance is no longer needed.

3. **COOPERATE** with responding staff or emergency personnel, including all requests for information and assistance.

In a situation where a student takes responsible action (for themselves or for others) and calls, stays, and cooperates, or has such action taken for them, the responding party (e.g., NUPD, Resident Assistant) will fully document the incident. Students will be asked to provide their name, ID number, and contact information to the responding party(ies). Students will receive a notice from the Office of Student Conduct and are expected to attend a meeting with a staff member regarding the incident.

If it is determined through this meeting that the student followed all required steps to be eligible for Amnesty through Responsible Action, the student will not be found responsible for an alcohol or other drug related policy violation (with the exception of driving under the influence). The student may still be asked to complete an alcohol or other drug intervention and to complete educational activities. For example, a student may be required to participate in BASICS or alcohol and other drug education group through Health Promotion and Wellness or may be required to seek an evaluation for substance abuse and to follow treatment recommendations. Amnesty through Responsible Action applies only to alcohol and other drug related policies. If other policy violations occurred, or may have occurred, the student will participate in the student conduct process related to those policies and may be found responsible.

In order for Amnesty through Responsible Action to apply, the student must agree to timely completion of any recommended assessment, educational assignment, and/or treatment. Serious or repeated incidents will prompt a higher degree of medical concern and action. In the event that a student who receives medical assistance fails to complete the required course of action, or exhibits a pattern of problematic behavior with alcohol, that student may be subject to formal disciplinary action.

As with any incident involving alcohol, parents of students under the legal drinking age will be notified. A group that facilitates the acquisition of alcohol may also be required to notify its advisor, provide an educational program for its members, and/or change its processes for hosting events.
Should the student be found responsible for a subsequent violation of University policy, the University Hearing and Appeals System (UHAS) panel or hearing officer(s) will be informed of any Amnesty through Responsible Action the student has received for the purposes of determining an effective outcome.

**Disorderly Conduct**

Disorderly conduct or disruptive acts, including the following:

a. Action that significantly disturbs or endangers the peace or comfort of others or the community;

b. Obstruction or disruption of University activities, including but not limited to, teaching, research, administration, studying, learning, co-curricular activities, and emergency services;

c. Making, causing, continuing, or allowing to continue any loud, unnecessary, or unusual noise that disturbs the peace of others, including violations of residence hall quiet hours or Evanston noise ordinances;

d. Intentionally initiating or causing to be initiated any false report, warning, or threat emergency or crisis;

e. Urinating or defecating in public view or in a public space; and

f. Other violations of the University’s Disruption Policy (see page 108).

**Destruction of Property**

Destroying, damaging, defacing, or vandalizing property.

**Discrimination and Harassment**

Northwestern University does not discriminate or permit discrimination by any member of its community against any individual on the basis of race, color, religion, national origin, sex, pregnancy, sexual orientation, gender identity, gender expression, parental status, marital status, age, disability, citizenship status, veteran status, genetic information, or any other classification protected by law in matters of admissions, employment, housing, services, or in the educational programs or activities it operates.

Harassment, whether verbal, physical, or visual, that is based on any of these characteristics is a form of discrimination. This includes harassing conduct affecting tangible job benefits, interfering unreasonably with an individual’s academic or work performance, or creating what a reasonable person would perceive is an intimidating, hostile, or offensive environment. Prohibited sex discrimination includes sexual harassment and sexual violence. (For more information about sexual misconduct, please see page 60).

Examples of discrimination and harassment may include:

- Refusing to hire or promote someone because of the person’s protected status
- Demoting or terminating someone because of the person’s protected status
- Teasing or practical jokes directed at a person based on the person’s protected status
- Jokes or epithets about a person’s protected status
- Displaying or circulating written materials or pictures that degrade a person or group
- Verbal abuse or insults about, directed at, or made in the presence of an individual or group of individuals in a protected group

The University’s full Policy on Discrimination and Harassment and Title IX Statement can be found at www.northwestern.edu/sexual-harassment/university-policies/discrimination/. A brochure with all of this information can be found and printed at www.northwestern.edu/sexual-harassment/docs/discrimbrochure.pdf.

**Endangering Self or Others**

Any action (or threat of action) that endangers or threatens to endanger the health, safety, or wellbeing of any person (including oneself).

**Failure to Comply**

Failure to comply promptly with the reasonable request or instruction of a University official or emergency personnel acting in an official capacity, including, but not limited to, refusing to provide identification, refusing to dispose of or turn over to University authorities prohibited items, failing to respond, or leaving the scene of an incident.

**Fire Safety**

Acts that jeopardize the safety or security of the University, the University community, or any University facilities, building, or premises, including

a. Intentionally damaging or destroying property by fire or explosives;
Such actions and situations may include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Any physical abuse expected of or inflicted upon another, including paddling, tattooing, or branding in any form;
- Any strenuous physical activity expected of or inflicted upon another, including calisthenics;
- Creation of excessive fatigue, sleep deprivation, or interference with scholastic activities, including late night work sessions, meetings, or sleepovers;
- Physical and psychological shocks, including line ups, berating, verbal abuse, threats, and name calling;
- Sexual violations or other required, encouraged, or expected sexual activity, whether actual or simulated;
- Prolonged exposure to severe or inclement weather;
- Periods of silence or social isolation;
- Kidnapping, road trips, abandonment, scavenger hunts, or any other involuntary excursions;
- Wearing of uniforms or apparel that is conspicuous and not normally in good taste;
- Engaging in degrading or humiliating games, activities, stunts, or buffoonery; including requiring, encouraging, or expecting individuals to carry, possess, or maintain objects or items;
- Requiring or compelling the consumption of liquid (including alcohol), food, drinks, or other substances;
- Servitude or placing another in a position of servitude, including requiring, encouraging, or expecting a new member to do the tasks of, or to do tasks for, an experienced member, or to address members with honorary or formal titles;
- Taking, withholding, or interfering with an individual’s personal property;
- Falsely leading an individual or individuals to believe that they will be inducted or initiated by participating in particular activities;
- Depriving an individual of any privileges of membership or affiliation to which one is entitled;
- Removing, stealing, taking, or damaging public or private property; and
- Requiring, encouraging, or expecting individuals to participate in activities that are illegal or unlawful or are not consistent with the group’s mission or values or the policies of the University, including the Student Code of Conduct.
Information Technology

Misconduct related to University computer, network, or telecommunications systems or resources, including the following:

a. Unauthorized use of facilities, services, equipment, account numbers, or files, including using a NetID or account assigned to another user or providing another user with access to your NetID or account;

b. Reading, copying, changing, deleting, tampering with, or destruction of another user’s files, software, programs, and accounts (including monitoring another user’s data communications) without permission of the owner;

c. Use of University resources to interfere with the work of another student, a faculty member, or a University official, or that otherwise interferes with normal operation of University systems;

d. Use of computing facilities and resources in violation of copyright laws (including unauthorized downloading or sharing of copyrighted files); and

e. Violation of any other University policy regarding computers, networks, or electronic communication.

Helpful Information about Hazing

If you have questions about what could be hazing or would like to discuss tradition/practices or need assistance in improving the effectiveness of your organization’s new member orientation process, please contact the Center for Student Involvement at hazingprevention@northwestern.edu.

The University is committed to removing hazing, and to that end it encourages students/student organizations to review their traditions/practices with a staff member without fear of retribution or adjudication.

Questions one can ask to determine if an activity/process might be unhealthy or even hazing:

• Would I do this in public? In front of my parents? The university president? For local news or the school paper?

• Is this required of all members or just new ones? Are expectations of current members less than those of new members?

• What happens if it is not completed by a new member or a current member? Are the consequences more severe for the new member?

• What is the purpose of this activity? Is it in line with the purpose of the group? Is it the most effective way to achieve this outcome?

• Does this separate the new members from the rest of the group or make them feel less important?

• Could this be potentially harmful?

• Would I ask a member of my family, such as a younger brother or sister to be a part of this?

• Does this process truly prepare the new member for what they need to know to be a part of the organization?

Misconduct within the Student Conduct Process

Misconduct related to the student conduct process (University Hearing and Appeals System) or a Title IX investigation, including the following:

a. Failure or refusal to appear upon request or to cooperate in the investigation, hearing, or administration of cases of alleged offenses as outlined in Student Rights and Responsibilities in UHAS on page 131;

b. Falsification, distortion, or misrepresentation of information in the investigation, hearing, or administration of cases of alleged policy violation;

c. Institution of a frivolous or malicious student conduct proceeding (including an appeal);

d. Any action that attempts to retaliate against, intimidate, threaten, coerce, discriminate against, or improperly influence any student for reporting alleged violations of policy or concern for the health or safety of a Northwestern community member, assisting another in making such a report, or participating in an investigation or resolution of such matters;
Unauthorized Taking

Unauthorized taking of property, including the following:

a. Taking (e.g., stealing, theft) of property or services that do not belong to you without permission from the owner; and

b. Knowing possession, sale, or distribution of stolen property or materials.

University Properties (Use of)

Unauthorized access to, entry to, presence in, or use of University properties, including the following:

a. University facilities, property, systems, or services;

b. Roofs, balconies, or fire escapes of any University building or facility for any purpose except in case of an emergency;

c. Hosting an event in a University-owned or University-operated facility, property, or space that exceeds policies governing that space, including capacity or time restrictions; and

d. Possession, duplication, distribution, or use of keys, access codes, access cards, or other means of entry or access to any University property, premises, or location.

Violations of Other Policies

Actions that violate federal, state, or local laws or ordinances or that violate other University policies are also violations of the Student Code of Conduct

Weapons and Related Items

Misconduct related to firearms, weapons of any description, explosives, or dangerous substances and devices (including, but not limited to, ammunition, air or pellet guns, paintball guns, slingshots, knives, firecrackers, fireworks, dangerous chemicals, or any other object or substance designed to or used with the intent to inflict a wound or cause injury, or imitations or replicas of any such items), including the following:

a. Possession of any such item on University premises or at University activities or events (except as specifically authorized); and

b. Use or brandishing of any such item, even if legally possessed, in a manner that harms, threatens, causes fear to, or otherwise endangers others.
Disciplinary Sanctions (Individual)

Expulsion. Expulsion is the permanent removal of the student from the University. Expulsion includes forfeiture of all rights and degrees not conferred at the time of the expulsion, withdrawal from all courses, and forfeiture of tuition and fees. A student who has been expelled may not register for classes, submit coursework, receive academic credit, attend classes, remain in University housing, or participate in any function or event sponsored by the University or any of its departments, groups, or organizations (unless specifically authorized by the dean of students, or designee). A student who is expelled is also banned from entering, visiting, or being present on University property or facilities (unless specifically authorized by the dean of students, or designee). A student who has been expelled may never apply to be a student at Northwestern University again.

Degree Revocation. A student’s degree is revoked. Degree revocation includes forfeiture of all rights and responsibilities associated with the degree, and forfeiture of tuition and fees. All restrictions outlined under Expulsion also apply, including the prohibition from applying to be a student at Northwestern University in the future.

Exclusion. Exclusion is exactly as is outlined above for Expulsion with one exception. The exception is that a student who is excluded must be separated from the University for a minimum of two years. After this time, a student may reapply to the University. To reenroll, an excluded student must receive formal acceptance of their application by the Office of Admission and approval from the vice president for student affairs, or designee.

A student who is excluded after having satisfied all degree requirements will not be awarded their degree until two years have passed and (i) they have completed any other conditions imposed for reentry, (ii) reapplied to the University, and (iii) received formal acceptance of their application by the Office of Admission and approval of the vice president for student affairs, or designee. The student may not participate in commencement exercises until the time their degree is conferred.

Suspension. A status, imposed for a minimum of one full academic quarter, in which students are removed from the University and may not register for classes, attend classes, submit coursework, receive academic credit, remain in University housing, or participate in any function or event sponsored by the University or any of its departments, groups, or organizations (unless specifically authorized by the dean of students, or designee). A suspended student may also be banned, during their suspension, from entering, visiting, or being present on University property or facilities (unless specifically authorized by the dean of students, or designee). Suspension may also include the imposition of conditions for reenrollment. The maximum length of a
suspension is two years; however, this may be extended to the planned degree completion date of a reporter to ensure that a respondent is not a student at the same time as a reporter.

If a student who has been suspended does not reenroll in the University within two years of the end of the suspension term (or longer if specified), the student may not reenter the University without acceptance of a formal application by the Office of Admission and approval of the vice president for student affairs, or designee (and completion of any other conditions that may have been imposed for reenrollment).

A student who is suspended after having satisfied all degree requirements will not be awarded their degree until the period of suspension is over and they have met all conditions for reenrollment. The student may not participate in commencement exercises until the period of suspension is over and they have been approved to reenroll.

In the event a disciplinary suspension and an academic or medical withdrawal occur simultaneously, the leaves of absence are to be effective consecutively, and not concurrently, unless otherwise determined by the hearing officers or panel.

**Disciplinary Probation.** A status imposed for a specific period of time to alert the student to the fact that their behaviors are substantially inconsistent with University policy and expectation. During this time, students are asked to take active steps toward improving their decisions and behaviors and to demonstrate that they can abide by University policy and succeed as a member of the Northwestern community. Any policy violation while the student is on disciplinary probation, will result in strong consideration of whether the student is a good fit for the Northwestern community and of whether separation from the University (i.e., suspension, exclusion, expulsion) is necessary. Probation will frequently be accompanied by a Loss or Restriction of Privileges or Activities sanction (see below).

Disciplinary probation may impact other opportunities for which a student’s disciplinary record is considered as a criterion for participation.

**Conduct Review.** Conduct Review indicates that a student’s behavior is a significant violation of University policy either because the student has had one significant incident or because the student is beginning to show a pattern of concerning behavior. Conduct Review is imposed for a specific period of time to encourage students to reflect upon their choices and behavior and to demonstrate the ability to abide by University policies and expectations. During this time, a student’s behaviors will be observed and any policy violations committed during this period will likely result in a heightened level of response and a more significant sanction such as disciplinary probation or separation from the University. Conduct Review will be assigned for a minimum of three months and typically a maximum of a year.

Though Conduct Review does not place any formal restriction on a student’s privileges or activities, it may impact opportunities for which a student’s disciplinary record is considered as a criterion for participation.

**University Warning.** Formal notice that a student’s actions violated a University policy, that such actions are not acceptable in our community, and that further misconduct, or any other violation of a University policy, may result in more impactful disciplinary action. Students are thus expected to reflect upon their decisions and to be mindful of how their future choices and actions may impact themselves, others, and the University community.

**Fine.** Fines are punitive monetary costs intended to dissuade students from violating the Code of Conduct. Fines collected are used by the University to fund services and programs for students.

**Financial Restitution.** Restitution is monetary compensation required of students who have taken, misused, damaged, or destroyed University, public, or private property or services. Amounts charged to students may include the cost to repair, replace, recover, clean, or otherwise account for the property or services affected.

**Loss or Restriction of Privileges or Activities.** The withdrawal of the use of services or privileges as a student or member of the community, or the loss of the privilege to participate in an activity or event. Examples include:

- Restriction on representing Northwestern University in any official capacity;
- Restriction from holding positions of leadership in any University-recognized student group or organization or from being hired by University departments to serve in leadership roles;
- Restriction from attendance at University events or activities;
- Restriction on use of University resources;
- Restriction on entry or access to particular locations, premises, or events;
- Restriction on contact with another member or group of members of the University community;
- Restriction on ability to study abroad; and
- Additional conditions as deemed appropriate by the hearing officer/panel.

**Restrictions on Access or Contact.** Restrictions or prohibitions on a student’s entry or access to particular locations, premises, or events, or on a student’s contact with another member of the University community.
Disciplinary Housing Sanctions (Individual or Group)

Housing sanctions may be imposed in conjunction with violations of residence hall policies, in conjunction with violations related to on-campus residential facilities (including fraternity and sorority houses), or as otherwise appropriate. Housing sanctions include the following:

**Housing Removal.** Permanent removal from residence halls, residential colleges, and fraternity/sorority houses. Students removed from housing must comply with all University vacancy procedures, including properly turning in keys and checking out of the housing unit. All access to the residence hall, residential college, or fraternity/sorority house may be terminated and students may not be able to enter into or visit any residence hall, residential college, or fraternity/sorority house. Housing fees may be forfeited.

**Housing Relocation.** Requires a student to move to a different residential facility or housing unit. The new location and timeline for move are determined by Residential Services.

**Housing Suspension.** Requires a student to vacate their residence hall, residential college, or fraternity/sorority house for a specified period of time, with the understanding the student may return to a space within the housing system at the conclusion of that period. Students suspended from housing must comply with all University vacancy procedures, including properly turning in keys and checking out of the hall. All access to the residence hall, residential college, or fraternity/sorority house may be terminated and students may not be able to enter into or visit any residence hall, residential college, or fraternity/sorority house during the suspension period. Housing fees may be forfeited. Housing Suspension is typically assigned for a minimum of the rest of the quarter, and may be assigned for up to two years.

**Housing Probation.** A status, imposed for a specific period of time, to allow students to reflect upon their choices and behavior and to demonstrate the ability to abide by policies and expectations. Any violation that occurs while on this status may result in a sanction of relocation, suspension, or removal from a residential facility or fraternity/sorority house. Students may be required to resign any office or committee appointment associated with Residential Services or its affiliated student organizations. Housing Probation is typically assigned for a minimum of the rest of the quarter.

**Housing Warning.** Formal notice that a student’s actions violated a Housing policy, that such actions are not acceptable in our community, and that further misconduct, or any other violation of a Housing policy, may result in more impactful disciplinary action. Students are thus expected to reflect upon their decisions and to be mindful of how their future choices and actions may impact themselves, others, and the Housing community.

**Restriction on Guest Privileges.** A student’s privileges with respect to hosting guests in a residential facility may be restricted or revoked for a specified period of time.

**Financial Housing Restitution.** When damages are done to housing facilities, Financial Housing Restitution may be assigned. Amounts charged to students may include cost to repair, replace, recover, clean, or otherwise account for the property or services affected. When responsible individuals cannot be identified, restitution may be charged to all residents of the smallest applicable area of the housing unit, the total being divided equally. Alternately, residence hall governments may be assessed.

Disciplinary Sanctions (Group)

**Group Dissolution.** Group Dissolution is the termination of the group or organization’s recognition by the University. This action is a total separation of the group from the University. This includes total restriction on the organization and its members or supporters conducting any activity on the campuses of the University or at off-campus University-associated events that in any way promote the goals, purposes, identity, programs, membership, or activities of the organization. Once dissolved, a group or organization may only reapply for recognition once all current members have left the University community.

**Group Suspension.** This action is a total separation of the group from the University for a specified period of time. This includes total restriction on the organization and its members or supporters conducting any activity on the campuses of the University or at off-campus University-associated events that in any way promote the goals, purposes, identity, programs, membership, or activities of the organization. Group suspension is typically assigned for a minimum of the remainder of the academic year. Once the suspension period is over, if the group has met all other terms of its sanction, it will be allowed to resume activity as a recognized group.

**Group Probation.** A status imposed on a student group or organization for a specific period of time to alert the group to the fact that their choices and behaviors are significantly inconsistent with University policy and expectations. During this time, the group is asked to take active steps toward improving the actions of their group and to demonstrate that they can abide by University policy. Any policy violations while a group is on Disciplinary Probation will result in strong consideration of Group Suspension or Group Dissolution. Group Probation will be assigned for a minimum of three months and typically not more than two years. Probation will frequently be accompanied by a Loss or Restriction of Privileges or Activities sanction (see next page).
**Group Conduct Review.** Group Conduct Review indicates that a group’s behavior is a significant violation of University policy either because the group has had one significant incident or because the group is beginning to show a pattern of concerning behavior. Conduct Review is imposed for a specific period of time to encourage groups to reflect upon their choices and behavior and to demonstrate the ability to abide by University policies and expectations. During this time, a group’s behaviors will be observed and any policy violations committed during this period will likely result in a heightened level of response and a more significant sanction such as group probation, suspension or dissolution. Conduct Review will be assigned for a minimum of three months and typically a maximum of a year.

**Group Formal Warning.** Formal notice and censure that a student group’s or organization’s actions violated a University policy, that such actions are not acceptable in our community, and that further misconduct, or any other violation of a University policy, may result in more serious disciplinary action. Student groups and organizations are thus expected to reflect upon their decisions and to be mindful of how their future choices and actions may impact themselves, others, and the University community.

**Fine.** Fines are punitive monetary costs intended to dissuade student groups from violating the Code of Conduct. Fines collected are used by the University to fund services and programs for students. Fines for student groups and organizations will be assessed to the student group as a whole.

**Financial Restitution.** Restitution is monetary compensation required of student groups who have taken, misused, damaged, or destroyed University, public, or private property or services. Amounts charged to student groups/organizations may include cost to repair, replace, recover, clean, or otherwise account for the property or services affected. Financial Restitution for student groups and organizations will be assessed to the student group as a whole.

**Loss or Restriction of Privileges or Activities.** The withdrawal of the use of services or privileges as a student group or organization or the loss of the privilege to participate in an activity or event. Examples include:

- Restriction on representing Northwestern University in any official capacity;
- Restriction from participation in University-affiliated programs, events, and/or activities;
- Restriction on the group’s use of University resources (e.g., ability to receive University affiliated funding, reside in University Housing);
- Restriction on the group’s entry or access to particular locations, premises, or events;
- Restriction on the group’s ability to host or participate in programs or events;
- Restriction in the group’s co-programming with other groups or organizations on campus; and
- Additional conditions as deemed appropriate by the hearing officer/panel.

**Educational, Interventional, and Restorative Sanctions (Individuals and Groups)**

Sanctions of an educational, intervening, developmental, restorative, supportive, and sustaining nature will be used to educate students about the impact of their actions and are best equipped to make better decisions in the future. Options include but are not limited to the following.

**Educational Requirements.** Participation or completion of a project, class, or other activity to build awareness or knowledge relevant to the nature of the offense or oneself, including research papers, personal reflections, workshops, organizing events, designing community education, or preparing an action plan.

**Disciplinary Service Hours.** Disciplinary service hours may be assigned, and must be completed (a) at a nonprofit organization, (b) under supervision of an employee or volunteer coordinator who is not a friend or relative of the student, and (c) without payment or other compensation for the work performed. Disciplinary service hours may, but need not, be completed for an office or department of Northwestern University. Disciplinary service hours may not count towards service learning hours or other community service required by another program, scholarship, or organization. Court-mandated community service may count towards disciplinary service hours. Deadlines for disciplinary service hours may vary.

**Referals to Other Offices, Departments, Programs, or Agencies.** Attendance at and completion of any educational programs, interventions, or assessments to which a student is referred. This includes referrals to on and off-campus resources for services including, but not limited to, substance-use assessments and interventions and interventions/education programs for abusive/controlling behaviors.

**Mental Health/Medical Assessment and/or Treatment (individual only):** Requirement that a student seeks a mental health, medical, substance use, or threat assessment from Counseling and Psychological Services, Health Services, or other appropriate professional and follows through with the recommendations of the professional.

**Restorative Actions.** Requiring a student to engage in actions to restore the impact of a violation and repair the harms resulting from misconduct on other members of the community. These actions may include
letters of apology, drafting and implementing a plan of resolution, engaging in restorative justice conferences, and developing plans for reintegration.

**Parent or Family Notification.** Contact with a student’s parents or legal guardians may occur or be required in certain circumstances in connection with a matter involving alleged student misconduct, including when (a) there has been a determination that the student’s use or possession of alcohol or a controlled substance constitutes a violation of University policy or any federal, state, or local law and the student is under the age of 21 at the time of disclosure; (b) knowledge of such information is necessary to protect the health or safety of a student in connection with an emergency; or (c) the disclosure is otherwise authorized by law and University policy.

**Notification to National Organization Representatives, Officers, or Advisers (group only).** The organization’s national representative, officers, and/or advisers may be notified of the violation for which the student organization has been found responsible.

**Other Reasonable Sanctions.** Any reasonable sanction may be assigned that appropriately promotes the education and development of a student or student organization, ensures safety, or otherwise furthers the mission of the Office of Student Conduct.

## CONDUCT RECORDS/STUDENT STATUS

All student disciplinary files (paper and electronic formats) that involve matters resolved by the Division of Student Affairs are kept and maintained by the Office of Student Conduct and are considered educational records subject to the federal Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) and University policy.

Disciplinary matters that result in suspension, exclusion, expulsion, or degree revocation are kept permanently and will be reported to external third parties (such as graduate schools, employers, or licensing agencies) as required or permitted by law and University policy. Disciplinary matters that do not result in suspension, exclusion, expulsion, or degree revocation are kept until a student’s graduation plus an additional amount of time as specified by law or University policy (generally seven years) but will not be reported to external third parties unless required by law or specifically requested by the student. Disciplinary matters resolved by the Office of Student Conduct are not recorded on a student’s transcript.

The University may also report disciplinary matters that remain unresolved and pending at the time a student left or withdrew from the University, as required or permitted by law and University policy. Records of pending matters are kept indefinitely; once resolved, they are kept and maintained according to the policies stated above. Any response to a request for student disciplinary records will include a statement explaining the University’s policy regarding retention and reporting of disciplinary records.
POLICY FOUNDATION

Underlying Northwestern’s residence hall policies and procedures are three basic assumptions:

1. Certain policies and procedures are necessary to guarantee each student the opportunity to take full advantage of Northwestern’s academic and co-curricular programs.

2. Most residents are mature, rational adults and will use common sense and consideration in their dealings with others.

3. Policies are necessary to ensure the physical and psychological security and safety of all residents.

Building an effective community is facilitated primarily by residents’ respect for one another and cooperation with fellow residents and hall staff. Policies and procedures are in place to ensure the successful development of our residential community and a safe and secure environment for all residents. Failure to comply with any University policies and procedures, including those outlined here, will result in action through the student conduct system, known as the University Hearing and Appeals System, as is outlined on page 127 of this document.

During the year, Residential Services may find it necessary to update these policies and procedures to ensure the best interests of the campus community are maintained. If this situation occurs, Residential Services will notify all residents in a timely manner.
DECLARATION OF RESPONSIBLE LIVING

Members of the residential community at Northwestern University agree to the following Bill of Rights and Social Contract.

Bill of Rights

The basic rights of a resident include:

- The right to read, study, and live free from undue interference, unreasonable noise, and other unreasonable distractions that inhibit the exercise of this right;
- The right to expect that others will respect one’s personal belongings;
- The right to a reasonably clean environment in which to live, including the right to a smokefree environment;
- Except when there is a significant threat to health or safety or violation of University policy, the right to access one’s room and to the facilities provided in the residence hall;
- The right to personal privacy;
- The right to have any alleged violations of policy resolved through the University Hearing and Appeals System; and
- The right to be free from physical or psychological intimidation, harassment, and/or harm.

The Social Contract

The basic responsibilities of a resident include:

- Treating other residents with respect and consideration and guaranteeing them their individual rights;
- Understanding all policies necessary for the hall community to function and abiding by those policies (contained in the Student Handbook, Residence Hall policies and procedures, housing contract, and other official University publications and postings);
- Being responsive to all reasonable requests from fellow students;
- Being responsive and cooperative in all dealings with residence hall staff members and other University officials; and
- Accepting responsibility for personal and community safety; e.g., refraining from misusing safety equipment, propping open security doors, lending, losing, forgetting, or duplicating keys or access devices.

RESIDENCE HALL POLICIES AND PROCEDURES

The policies and procedures outlined below are included in the residence and board contract between student residents and Northwestern University. As such, all residents are responsible for complying with these policies and procedures in addition to the policies outlined in the Student Code of Conduct and all other University policies. Residents are responsible for the activities that occur in their room, regardless of whether they are present or not. When policy violations occur in a room, the University may follow up with all residents of that room. The residents who are responsible for, or whose guests or visitors are responsible for the violation, will be held responsible.

In conjunction with Student Code of Conduct, all residents and their guests are expected to comply with all reasonable requests and instructions of all University officials and emergency personnel, including Residential Services staff, resident assistants, graduate housing assistants, and community service officers. This includes the expectation that residents and their guests comply with requests such as responding to correspondence and opening doors to residential rooms, suites, and public spaces when there is a need to ensure the general safety and welfare of students or to follow up on suspected violations of University policies, providing valid identification, and disposing of prohibited items when requested.

For the most up-to-date version of these provisions, see www.northwestern.edu/living/about-us/policies/index.html.

Access and Keys

1. All keys are the property of Northwestern University. Residents are prohibited at all times from giving and/or loaning their keys to anyone for any reason. Any duplication of University keys is strictly prohibited. Replacements for lost keys must be obtained from the neighborhood desk. If a room door key is lost, the door lock is automatically changed, for which the charge (including a new key) is $196. Replacing other keys such as front door keys, security door keys, and mailbox keys may have additional charges. If a key is broken, it will be replaced without charge, provided the portion of the key with the identification numbers is returned to the neighborhood desk.
2. Any student vacating a residence hall for any reason—including, but not limited to, withdrawal from the University, moving to a different residence hall, and vacating the hall at the end of the academic year in June—must return all keys within 24 hours. Failure to return any key within this time limit will be cause for the assessment of damages as specified in the residence and board contract and an improper checkout charge.

3. Residents are prohibited from entering onto roofs, balconies, fire escapes, or other restricted areas for any purpose except in case of an emergency.

Facility Use

1. Rooms must be maintained in good sanitary condition and must be returned in the same condition as when possession was taken, ordinary wear and tear excepted. Damage to students’ rooms, including costs for replacing missing furnishings, will be charged to the last known student occupants of that room. Assessments for damages are made as needed, but at least annually, by the University.

2. The removal or opening of window screens, or of stops designed to limit the opening of the window, by residents, either permanently or for a short period of time, is prohibited.

3. All University furnishings and fixtures must remain in the room at all times. Furniture in lounges and common areas must not be removed.

4. Playing musical instruments in any resident’s room is prohibited, when the playing disturbs the community.

5. Engaging in physical games of any kind in the residential facilities is prohibited.

6. Residence halls are restricted areas and may not be used for sale and solicitation of goods and services, for the collection of information, or to gain support for organizations or causes. Residents must occupy their assigned spaces solely as personal residences. Students may not operate a business or other commercial enterprise, including those conducted online or via the Internet, from their residence hall room or building. Students may not use room/apartment addresses, phone numbers, data jacks, or wireless access for nonresidential purposes. Any exception to this policy requires written approval from the executive director of residential services or designee.

7. No one is permitted to place materials on, at, or under resident room doors unless for official University business or communication between known acquaintances. At no time and under no circumstances will door-to-door solicitation be permitted within the residence halls.

8. Residents interested in posting information in residence halls must contact the residence director responsible for the building in question for permission and public posting locations. For additional information about posting, see “Campus Publicity” on page 122.
**Fire Safety**

1. Fire alarms, automatic sprinklers, extinguishers, and other devices are provided for the safety of residents in case of fire. Exiting through an alarmed security door (except in case of emergency) or propping open, disabling, or tampering with a fire door is prohibited. Tampering with these devices or using them for other purposes is prohibited. Sounding a false alarm is a violation of city and state law and University policy. Persons found to have sounded a false alarm, misused security or fire doors, or tampered with extinguishers, smoke or fire detection devices, or automatic sprinklers may be fined, and other disciplinary sanctions may be applied up to and including removal from University housing.

2. Fire exit drills for residence halls are required by Illinois and Evanston law. All occupants of a residence hall must leave the building during a fire alarm or exit drill.

3. Under Illinois law, a person commits aggravated arson when, by means of fire or explosive, he or she knowingly damages, partially or totally, any building, and he or she knows, or reasonably should know, that one or more persons are present therein. Aggravated arson is a Class X felony; imprisonment of not less than six years, without probation, must be sentenced upon conviction.

4. In conjunction with Student Code of Conduct, smoking, including, but not limited to, cigarettes, e-cigarettes, and hookahs, is prohibited in all areas of all residence halls, including, but not limited to, sleeping rooms, lounges, suite living rooms, dining rooms, corridors, stairwells, courtyards, washrooms, and within 25 feet of any entrance, open window, ventilation intake, or similar feature of a University building.

**Guests**

1. Only residents assigned by Northwestern University may reside in their assigned rooms; residents may not invite or permit any other person to reside in their assigned room or in any other area of the residence hall.

2. A resident may have overnight guests, limited to one guest per resident at any one time with approval of all roommates/suitemates. Overnight guest privileges are limited to a maximum of three consecutive nights and a total of seven nights per resident per quarter. A guest is defined as any person who does not have a contract to live in a given space.

3. A resident may host non-overnight guests at any time with approval of all roommates/suitemates. All guests who are not residents of the building must be escorted by a resident at all times and must be registered with the community service officer on duty.

4. Residents may not host an event, in a residence hall room or common area, that becomes public or when the number of individuals exceeds double the occupancy of the sleeping quarters.

**Information Technology**

1. All telecommunication services in the residence halls—including, but not limited to, telephone and data services—are provided exclusively through Northwestern University Information Technology (NUIT). Residents agree to comply with the policies and procedures for NUIT Residence Hall Telephone and Data Services and agree to pay all charges incurred. One data port per resident is provided per room as part of the room rental charge; residents must provide their own computers. Operation of file or web servers is prohibited.

2. NUIT will repair without charge all interior telecommunication wiring to ports in student rooms, except when damage to ports or wiring is caused by vandalism or tampering with the ports, lines, or equipment. In the case of such damage, NUIT will perform the repair and charge the cost of the repair to the person or persons responsible.

3. Pursuant to the University’s Computer and Telecommunications Equipment, Facilities, and Services Policy, additions to, modifications of, and unauthorized connections to existing wiring systems are prohibited and will be removed at the student’s expense; such systems include electrical, telephone, data, and television/radio signal wiring and distribution systems. Residents are prohibited from installing additional wiring or distribution systems, including satellite dishes. Any such unauthorized wiring will be removed at the owner’s expense. Only the jacks and outlets provided in a resident’s room may be used for obtaining electrical power or for connecting telephone and data transmission equipment. Use of unapproved wireless access points to transmit data to or from the University’s or a private network is prohibited. No cameras or recording devices may be installed in any area of the residence hall.

4. In conjunction with the Public Showing of Copyrighted Videos and Material Policy on page 123, residents may not show copyrighted videos or materials outside of their own rooms.
### Occupancy

1. Only approved residents may remain in the residence halls during break periods. Residents not approved must check out of their residence hall within 24 hours of their last scheduled final exam each quarter. In addition, all residents must check out and remove all personal belongings from the residence halls within 24 hours of their last scheduled final exam in June. Storage of personal belongings over the summer months must be done in accordance with Residential Services storage policies. Northwestern University will not be responsible for any loss due to fire, theft, or other casualty.

2. If any resident unreasonably refuses to accept a roommate or hinders the University in the assignment of or occupancy by a roommate, the University may, at its discretion, require that resident to be responsible for the total rent for the room.

3. Residents or guests may not occupy or sleep in common areas of the residence hall.

4. No individual resident or guest may use the residence hall’s washroom facilities designated for use by the opposite gender.

### Prohibited Items

1. The Evanston housing code forbids the use or storage in sleeping rooms of any appliances for cooking or heating food or beverages, including, but not limited to,
   a. microwaves,
   b. hot plate,
   c. crock pots,
   d. coffee pots,
   e. blenders, or
   f. toaster ovens

   The Evanston housing code also forbids the use in sleeping rooms of all heat producing appliances, such as
   g. irons.

   Students are also expected to abide by the expectations outlined in your housing contract related to prohibited items and to all local ordinances.

2. The following items are also prohibited or restricted:
   a. Refrigerators (other than those provided by the University) with interiors larger than three cubic feet are prohibited.
   b. Room decorations are permitted except for hanging blankets, tapestries, rugs, or fishnets, provided the decorations do not cover more than 50 percent of the wall or window space. Combustible decorations must not be put on the ceiling, in the entry way, on the door, or near heat sources such as radiators or light bulbs. Any method of affixing decorations that puts holes in or mars walls, woodwork, doors, or furnishings is prohibited. No decorations, flags, banners, or other items may be hung on the exterior or draped from a window or doorway of any residence hall. Signs or posters in windows or on doors must have the approval of all roommates and are subject to the approval of the University.
   c. Lighted candles, live holiday trees, holiday or decorative lights, and lit incense are prohibited.
   d. Fireworks, explosives, and incendiary materials are prohibited. The possession or use of firearms or other weapons of any description and for any purpose is prohibited.
e. Bicycles may not be stored in any area of a residence hall other than in areas specifically designated for such use. Bicycles parked in stairwells or on ramps, attached to handrails, or otherwise impeding egress from a building will be removed at the bicycle owner’s expense. Bicycles inappropriately parked in the common areas surrounding residence halls may also be removed. No motorcycle or other motor vehicle is permitted to be brought into any area of any residence hall for storage or for any purpose whatsoever.

f. The installation of air conditioners by residents is prohibited.

g. The building, installation, or use of “lofts,” or any structures used to increase the height of the bed, including, but not limited to, cinder block, wooden platforms, and bed risers, is prohibited.

h. The use or possession of water beds is prohibited.

i. No pets or animals of any kind (except for documented and approved service and assistance animals) are permitted in the residence halls at any time for any reason.

Quiet Hours and Noise

Unreasonable noise is never acceptable in any residential facility. All residents are expected to be courteous with regard to noise at all times and to respond appropriately to requests for quiet. In addition to courtesy hours, quiet hours are established and enforced according to the following procedures.

1. Defining quiet hours. Quiet hours identify times when quiet is essential and required. Generally, during quiet hours, any noise that prevents a resident (who is in their room with the door closed) from sleeping or studying is unreasonable.

2. Establishing quiet hours. The students in each residential community, working with their resident/graduate housing assistants, determine their quiet hour standards at the beginning of each academic year. Quiet hours cannot be less than
   - Midnight to 8:00 a.m., Sunday through Thursday nights, and
   - 1:00 a.m. to 10:00 a.m., Friday and Saturday nights.

   Additionally, during finals weeks, all residents are expected to comply with 24-hour quiet hours. Although voting may be done on a floor basis, a uniform building policy is highly recommended. Residents are also encouraged to create quiet hours for lounges and public areas in close proximity to student rooms.

3. Enforcing quiet hours. Residents are encouraged to post their quiet-hour standards to advise all residents and their guests. Residents are expected to talk directly with persons causing noise and respectfully ask them to reduce the noise. If a resident does not honor a reasonable request to reduce the noise, a resident/graduate housing assistant should be contacted for assistance.
# RESIDENCE HALL PROCEDURES AND LOGISTICS

## Room Change Information

1. **Housing freeze.** A housing freeze, a time when no students are permitted to move from their assigned spaces, is in effect at the beginning of each quarter. The freeze typically lasts three to five weeks and permits staff to ensure that all residents have returned and to account for any vacant spaces. The residence hall staff is notified when the freeze has been lifted.

2. **Room changes for freshmen.** As stated in the freshman housing brochure, freshmen are not eligible to change rooms until winter quarter unless otherwise directed or authorized by the University. The first date that freshmen may request a room change is the first day of classes of winter quarter. Forms are processed in the order that they are received, according to their time stamps. Room change request forms are available online at [www.northwestern.edu/living/](http://www.northwestern.edu/living/) and may be submitted electronically. Students wishing to submit a form in person may do so. Residential Services opens at 8:30 a.m.

3. **Room changes for transfer students and upperclassmen.** Transfer students and upperclassmen may make a room change request starting on the first day of fall quarter classes. Residential Services opens at 8:30 a.m.

4. **Waiting lists for room changes.** Students can add themselves to waiting lists for up to three buildings and can specify what type of room (i.e., a single or a double) they seek. If a specified roommate is desired, the students should submit their room change paperwork together.

A resident should submit a waiting list request form even when seeking to change rooms within the same building or when planning a mutual room swap with another student.

In general, to be competitive for space in a residential college, the student must either already live in that facility or be a non-resident member of that residential college and have a room change form. Spaces in residential colleges will be filled first by non-resident members of the college in the order they sign up for the waiting list and then, if space is still available, can be offered to anyone interested in living in the building.

A student who is added to a waiting list remains on that waiting list for fall, winter, and spring quarters. As always, room changes are predicated on availability, and there are no guarantees that requests will be accommodated, regardless of the number of spaces that may open up in a building.

If a student’s request is accommodated, the student will be asked by email to pick up room change paperwork from Residential Services. Typically, completing and returning the paperwork takes a few days, after which the move is approved and a schedule for tenancy in the new room and vacancy of the old assignment is worked out. Residential Services will notify the residence hall mail services that a student has changed rooms so that the necessary arrangements can be made to have mail forwarded to a new campus address. The online student directory updates automatically with a new address and phone number about seven days after the room change paperwork is completed and submitted.

## Northwestern University Authority

1. To comply with City of Evanston housing codes and to ensure the general safety and welfare in the residence halls, the University reserves the right to enter and inspect rooms for health or safety reasons, for fire safety, during an emergency, to protect life or property from imminent danger, to look into a potential violation of policy, or to provide repair or maintenance services. Absent an emergency or imminent threat to health or safety or reasonable belief of a policy violation, no search of the contents will be made without either approval of a resident of the room or a search warrant, except as otherwise permitted by law. Closets that are part of the room may be opened and inspected. Any hazardous conditions or violations noted during any safety inspection must be corrected upon notification of the residents.

2. The University shall not be responsible for disruption or non-performance as a result of a major campus disruption, strike, fire, flood, wind or snowstorm, or other acts of God, act of terrorism, or other events beyond the University’s control. In the event of such occurrences as described in the preceding sentence or for the convenience of the University for construction or other purposes, the University may at any time, and at its sole discretion, close all or part of any residence hall. If all or a part of any residence hall is prematurely closed, the affected residents shall vacate that hall within 24 hours of such closing and shall be relieved of all subsequent room obligations for that building after the closing date.

3. The University reserves the right to relocate residents with prior written notice for the purposes of consolidation of residents. Such consolidation may be undertaken to promote individual or community health or safety, to reduce costs, or for such reasons as deemed necessary by the vice president for student affairs.

4. At the University’s sole discretion, construction may take place near residential units. No adjustment will be made to any residence charges at any time based solely on that construction.
Housing Logistics

1. **Student government membership.** Signing the residence and board contract automatically constitutes acceptance of membership in the respective student government of the hall to which a student is assigned, with all rights, privileges, and responsibilities of such membership.

2. **Moving out and damages.** Residents are responsible for following University and Residential Services policies and procedures when moving out of a room. In addition, residents may be responsible for damage to their room and residence facilities, including lost or unreturned keys and access devices. Failure to comply with these procedures may result in charges.

3. **Roommate changes.** Please contact a resident/graduate housing assistant or residence director with any questions or concerns.
SEXUAL MISCONDUCT
POLICY STATEMENT

Northwestern University prohibits all forms of sexual misconduct, including but not limited to, sexual assault, stalking, dating or domestic violence, and sexual harassment. Such conduct violates the community values and principles of our institution and disrupts the living, learning, and working environment for students, faculty, staff and other community members. In furtherance of this policy, Northwestern University has adopted the following standards of conduct for all members of our community – students, faculty, and staff, as well as University vendors, contractors, visitors, guests, and third parties – with respect to sexual misconduct. These standards apply equally to all regardless of the sex, gender, sexual orientation, gender identity, or gender expression of any of the individuals involved.

REASON FOR POLICY/PURPOSE

Northwestern University is committed to fostering an environment in which all members of our campus community are safe, secure, and free from sexual misconduct of any form. Our community expects that all interpersonal relationships and interactions – especially those of an intimate nature – will be grounded upon mutual respect, open communication, and clear consent. When learning of conduct or behavior that may not meet these standards, community members are expected take an active role in upholding this policy and promoting the inherent dignity of all individuals.

WHO APPROVED THIS POLICY

Vice President of Student Affairs
Provost
Executive Vice President for Business and Finance

WHO NEEDS TO KNOW THIS POLICY

All Northwestern University community members, including students, faculty and staff, as well as University vendors, contractors, visitors, guests, volunteers, interns, and third parties.

JURISDICTIONAL STATEMENT

Northwestern University has jurisdiction to investigate any alleged violations of this policy that occur in the context of a University program or activity or that otherwise affect the University’s working or learning environments, regardless of whether that conduct occurred on or off campus. In situations where the alleged sexual misconduct occurred outside of the context of a University program or activity or off-campus, and where one or more of the parties are not members of the University community, the University’s ability to investigate and/or impose disciplinary sanctions may be limited. In such instances, the University reserves the right to take any steps it deems appropriate to address the situation and provide appropriate resources to those individuals impacted and, where appropriate, the broader University community.

WEBSITE ADDRESS FOR THIS POLICY

www.northwestern.edu/sexual-misconduct/university-policy/sexual-misconduct-policy

CONTACTS

If you have any questions about this policy, you may contact:

1. Title IX Coordinator and Director of the Office of Sexual Harassment Prevention: (847) 491-3745 or sexual-harassment@northwestern.edu
2. Dean of Students: (847) 491-8430 or dos@northwestern.edu
3. Deputy Title IX Coordinator for sexual misconduct complaints against students: (847) 467-5078 or student-conduct@northwestern.edu

POLICY

The terms and definitions used here are important components of University policy. The definitions are intended to give meaning to these terms in the context of the Northwestern University community. Criminal and other applicable state laws may use different definitions. Appendix A provides Illinois criminal law terms and definitions.

I. Consent

Consent represents the cornerstone of respectful and healthy intimate relationships. Northwestern University strongly encourages its community members to communicate – openly, honestly and clearly – about their actions, wishes, and intentions when it comes to sexual behavior, and to do so before engaging in intimate conduct. It is always the requirement of the individual initiating sexual contact (or undertaking a new type of sexual activity) to ensure that consent is present before acting and is present during sexual activity.

When determining whether consent was present, the University will consider whether a sober, reasonable person in the same position should have known whether the other party could or could not consent to the sexual activity.
A. For purposes of this policy, consent is present when clearly understandable words or actions manifest a knowing, active, voluntary, and present and ongoing agreement to engage in specific sexual or intimate conduct.

Consent must be all of the following:

— **Knowing**: Consent must demonstrate that all individuals understand, are aware of, and agree to the “who” (same partners), “what” (same acts), “where” (same location), “when” (same time), and “how” (the same way and under the same conditions) of the sexual activity.

— **Active**: Consent must take the form of “clearly understandable words or actions” that reveal one’s expectations and agreement to engage in specific sexual activity. This means that silence, passivity, submission, or the lack of verbal or physical resistance (including the lack of a “no”) should not – in and of themselves – be understood as consent. Consent cannot be inferred by an individual’s manner of dress, the giving or acceptance of gifts, the extension or acceptance of an invitation to go to a private room or location, or going on a date.

— **Voluntary**: Consent must be freely given and cannot be the result of force (violence, physical restraint, or the presence of a weapon), threats (indications of intent to harm, whether direct or indirect), intimidation (extortion, menacing behavior, bullying), coercion (undue pressure) or fraud (misrepresentation or material omission about oneself or the present situation in order to gain permission for sexual or intimate activity).

— **Present and ongoing**: Consent must exist at the time of the sexual activity. Consent to previous sexual activity does not imply consent to later sexual acts; similarly, consent to one type of sexual activity does not imply consent to other sexual acts. Consent may also be withdrawn at any time – provided the person withdrawing consent makes that known in clearly understandable words or actions.

B. Consent is not present when an individual does not have the capacity to give consent, voluntarily or involuntarily, due to age (generally 17 in Illinois), physical condition, or disability that impairs the individual’s ability to give consent. Reasons why one could lack capacity to give consent due to a physical condition include, but are not limited to, consumption of drugs or alcohol (voluntarily or involuntarily) or being in a state of unconsciousness, sleep, or other state in which the person is unaware that sexual activity is occurring.

Signs of incapacitation include when an individual demonstrates that they are unaware of where they are, how they got there, or why or how they became engaged in a sexual interaction. Some indicators of a lack of capacity to give consent due to consumption of drugs or alcohol may include, but are not limited to:

- Lack of full control over physical movements (for example, difficulty walking or standing without stumbling or assistance)
- Lack of awareness of circumstances or surroundings (for example, lack of awareness of where one is, how one got there, who one is with, or how or why one became engaged in sexual interaction)
- Inability to effectively communicate for any reason (for example, slurring speech, difficulty finding words)

A person may appear to be giving consent but may not have the capacity to do so, in which case the apparent consent is not effective. If there is any doubt as to another person’s capacity to give consent, community members should assume that the other person does not have the capacity to give consent.

Being intoxicated or impaired by drugs or alcohol does not excuse one from the responsibility to obtain consent. Being intoxicated or impaired by drugs or alcohol is never an excuse to commit sexual misconduct.

II. Prohibited Conduct

Northwestern University prohibits all forms of sexual misconduct. Such conduct violates the community values and principles of our institution and disrupts the living, learning, and working environment for students, faculty, staff and other community members. Therefore, the University prohibits the actions listed below. An attempt to commit an act identified in this policy, as well as assisting or willfully encouraging any such act, is also considered a violation of this policy. An act may violate one or more parts of this policy. Community members may also be held responsible for the misconduct of their visitors and guests.

A. **Sexual Assault**

1. **Sexual Penetration without Consent (e.g., rape)**: Any penetration of the sex organs or anus of another person when consent is not present, or any penetration of the mouth of another person with a sex organ when consent is not present.

This includes penetration or intrusion, however slight, of the sex organs or anus of another person by an object or any part of the body, specifically including cunnilingus, fellatio, vaginal intercourse, and anal intercourse.
2. **Sexual Contact without Consent (e.g., fondling):** Knowingly touching or fondling a person’s genitals, breasts, thighs, groin, or buttocks, or knowingly touching a person with one’s own genitals, breasts or buttocks, when consent is not present.

This includes contact done directly or indirectly through clothing, bodily fluids, or with an object. It also includes causing or inducing a person, when consent is not present, to similarly touch or fondle oneself or someone else.

3. **Incest:** Sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by the laws of the state¹ in which the incident occurred.

4. **Statutory Rape:** Sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of consent under the laws of the state² in which the incident occurred.

**B. Sexual Exploitation:**

Taking sexual advantage of another person for the benefit of oneself or a third party when consent is not present.

This includes, but is not limited to, the following actions (including when they are done via electronic means, methods or devices):

- Sexual voyeurism or permitting others to witness or observe the sexual or intimate activity of another person without that person’s consent;
- Indecent or lewd exposure or inducing others to expose themselves when consent is not present³;  
- Recording any person engaged in sexual or intimate activity in a private space without that person’s consent;  
- Distributing sexual information, images, or recordings about another person without that person’s consent; 
- Recruiting, harboring, transporting, providing, or obtaining another person for the purpose of sexual exploitation; 
- Inducing incapacitation in another person with the intent to engage in sexual conduct, regardless of whether prohibited sexual conduct actually occurs.

C. **Stalking:**

A course of conduct directed at a specific person that is unwelcome and that would cause a reasonable person to fear for their safety (or the safety of a third party) or suffer substantial emotional distress.

Conduct that can amount to stalking may include two or more actions directed at another person, whether done directly, indirectly, through others, via devices, or via any other methods or means (specifically including electronic means), including but not limited to:

- Following a person;  
- Being or remaining in close proximity to a person;  
- Entering or remaining on or near a person’s property, residence, or place of employment;  
- Monitoring, observing or conducting surveillance of a person;  
- Threatening (directly or indirectly) a person;  
- Communicating to or about a person; 
- Giving gifts or objects to, or leaving items for, a person; 
- Interfering with or damaging a person’s property (including pets); or 
- Engaging in other unwelcome contact.

D. **Dating/Domestic Violence:**

Intimidation, harassment, physical abuse, sexual abuse, or interference with personal liberty of any person by someone in an intimate relationship, as described below. These actions may include, but are not limited to:

- Physical abuse: hitting, slapping, shoving, grabbing, pinching, biting, or hair pulling.
- Sexual abuse: marital rape, attacks on sexual parts of the body, forcing sex after physical violence, treating one in a sexually demeaning manner, coercing or attempting to coerce any sexual contact or behavior without consent.
- Psychological or emotional abuse: a pattern of behavior undermining an individual’s sense of self-worth or self-esteem, constant criticism, diminishing one’s abilities, name-calling, or damaging one’s relationship with one’s children.

Individuals encompassed in the definition of Dating Violence include, but are not limited to:

- Persons who have or have had a dating relationship
- Persons who have or have had a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature
III. Reporting Obligation

All University employees (including student employees), as well as non-employees with teaching or supervisory authority, are obligated to promptly report sexual misconduct of which they become aware to the Title IX Coordinator or Deputy Title IX Coordinator, unless they have a recognized confidentiality privilege. For information regarding employees with confidentiality privileges, see Procedures Section 3.

IV. Retaliation

Northwestern University strictly prohibits any material adverse action against any individual for reporting, providing information, exercising one's rights or responsibilities under this policy, or otherwise being involved in the process of responding to, investigating, or addressing allegations of sexual misconduct. Therefore, retaliatory actions such as intimidation, threats, or coercion against any such individual for having engaged in the above activities will be addressed in the most serious way by Northwestern. Individuals who engage in such actions are subject to disciplinary action that may include, but is not limited to, the sanctions listed in Procedures Section 6B, up to and including exclusion, expulsion, or dismissal from the University, and termination of employment, including revocation of tenure. Anyone who is aware of possible retaliation or has other concerns regarding the response to a complaint of sexual misconduct should report such concerns to the Title IX Coordinator or to a Deputy Title IX Coordinator, who shall investigate the matter and make findings so the University can take appropriate actions to address such conduct in a fair and impartial manner.

V. Amnesty for Sexual Misconduct Complainants and Witnesses

Northwestern University encourages reporting of sexual misconduct and seeks to remove any barriers to an individual/group making a report. The University recognizes that an individual who has been drinking or using drugs at the time of the incident may be hesitant to make a report because of potential consequences for their own conduct. An individual(s) who reports sexual misconduct that was directed at them or another person, either as a Complainant or a third party witness, will not be subject to disciplinary action by the University for their own personal consumption of alcohol or drugs at or near the time of the incident, provided that any such violations did not and do not place the health or safety of any other person at risk.

E. Sexual Harassment:

Sexual harassment is any unwelcome conduct of a sexual nature where: sexual favors are used or threatened to be used as a basis for academic or employment decisions (quid pro quo harassment); where the conduct creates a hostile, intimidating or offensive academic or working environment; where the conduct has the effect of unreasonably interfering with an individual's work performance; or where other verbal, nonverbal, or physical conduct of a sexual nature is sufficiently severe, persistent, or pervasive to limit a person's ability to participate in or benefit from an educational program or activity.

Some examples of sexual harassment may include:

- Pressure for a dating, romantic, or intimate relationship
- Unwelcome sexual advances
- Unwelcome touching, kissing, hugging, or massaging
- Pressure for or forced sexual activity
- Unnecessary references to parts of the body
- Remarks about a person's gender, nonconformity with gender stereotypes, or sexual orientation
- Sexual innuendoes or humor
- Obscene gestures
- Sexual graffiti, pictures, or posters
- Sexually explicit profanity
- Stalking or cyberbullying that is based on gender or sex
- E-mail, texting (“sexting”) and Internet use that violates this policy
- Sexual assault or violence All forms of sexual misconduct identified in this policy are also prohibited forms of sexual harassment. The University's Policy on Sexual Harassment has been restated here, but is also available separately at www.northwestern.edu/sexual-harassment/university-policies/sexual-harassment-policy/index.html.
VI. Free Expression and Academic Freedom

Northwestern University is firmly committed to free expression and academic freedom. We are equally committed to creating and maintaining a safe, healthy, and harassment-free environment for all members of our community. We firmly believe that these two legitimate interests can coexist. Discrimination, harassment, and retaliation against members of the Northwestern community are not protected expression or the proper exercise of academic freedom. The University will consider academic freedom in the investigation of reports of sexual misconduct or retaliation that involve an individual's statements or speech.

VII. Title IX Statement

It is the policy of Northwestern University to comply with Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, which prohibits discrimination (including sexual harassment and sexual violence) based on sex in the University’s educational programs and activities. Title IX also prohibits retaliation for asserting or otherwise participating in claims of sex discrimination. Northwestern has designated the Title IX Coordinator, with assistance of the Deputy Title IX Coordinators, to coordinate Northwestern’s compliance with Title IX and to respond to reports of violations. For more information about Title IX, please go to www.northwestern.edu/provost/policies/title-ix/index.html. A person may also file a complaint with the Department of Education’s Office for Civil Rights regarding an alleged violation of Title IX by visiting www2.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocr/complaintintro.html or calling 1-800-421-3481.

VIII. The Violence Against Women Act (VAWA) Statement

It is the policy of Northwestern University to comply with the federal Violence Against Women Act amendments to the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crimes Statistics Act, and the accompanying regulations which became effective on July 1, 2015 (collectively referred to as VAWA). VAWA imposes additional duties on universities and colleges to investigate and respond to reports of sexual assault, stalking, and dating or domestic violence, and to publish policies and procedures related to the way these reports are handled. Northwestern has directed its Title IX Coordinator, with assistance of the Deputy Title IX Coordinators, to coordinate Northwestern's compliance with VAWA and to respond to reports of violations, and its Clery Coordinator to coordinate Northwestern's compliance with the Clery reporting-related VAWA requirements.

PROCEDURES

Information covered in this section includes:

1. Seeking Medical Assistance
2. Preserving Evidence
3. Confidential Support, Advocacy & Counseling Services
4. Reporting Sexual Misconduct
5. Interim Protective Measures & Accommodations
6. Investigation & Resolution of Alleged Sexual Misconduct Violations
7. Educational Training, Awareness & Prevention Programs

1. Seeking Medical Assistance

Experiencing any form of sexual misconduct, especially acts of violence, is difficult and overwhelming. Survivors often experience a range of emotions, including fear, anxiety, and confusion, and may be unsure of what they want to, or should do, next. Regardless of whether the individual chooses to report the incident, the University strongly encourages survivors of any form of violence to seek medical attention as soon as possible, even if they feel no injury was sustained. Medical assistance providers can treat visible physical injuries and identify injuries that may not be visible, and, where appropriate, also test for and treat sexually transmitted infections, test for pregnancy, and provide emergency contraception (if requested). In addition, a hospital can test for the presence of alcohol or drugs (e.g., “date rape” drugs) and perform a rape evidence collection procedure (see Procedures Section 2), which are also strongly recommended to maintain all legal options.
Medical services are available from the following resources on or near Evanston and Chicago campuses:

**Northwestern University Health Services**  
*Evidence collection kit cannot be provided; CARE staff can be contacted to provide support services, if desired. (See Procedures Section 3 for more information on CARE).*

- **Evanston Campus:** 633 Emerson Street, Evanston  
  - **Phone:** (847) 491-8100 (doctor on call 24 hours)  
  - **Website:** [www.northwestern.edu/healthservice-evanston/](http://www.northwestern.edu/healthservice-evanston/) (for regular hours of operation and 24-hour emergency contact info)

- **Chicago Campus:** 675 North St. Clair Suite 18-200, Chicago  
  - **Phone:** (312) 695-8134  
  - **Website:** [www.northwestern.edu/healthservice-chicago/medical-services/appointments/index.html](http://www.northwestern.edu/healthservice-chicago/medical-services/appointments/index.html) (for regular hours of operation and 24-hour emergency contact info)

**NorthShore University Health System/ Evanston Hospital, Emergency Dept. (24 hours)**  
*Evidence collection kit available; Evanston Police Victim Services advocate can be present to provide support services, if desired.*

- **Location:** 2650 Ridge Avenue, Evanston  
  - **Phone:** (847) 570-2111 (emergency room)  
  - **Website:** [www.northshore.org/locations/our-hospitals/evanston-hospital/](http://www.northshore.org/locations/our-hospitals/evanston-hospital/) (for more information or to request an appointment online)

Under Illinois law, medical personnel are required to alert police when it reasonably appears that the person requesting treatment has sustained an injury as a victim of a criminal offense, including sexual assault or violence, but individuals have the right to refuse to speak to police.

### 2. Preserving Evidence

Many sexual misconduct offenses also are crimes in the state or locality in which the incident occurred. For that reason, survivors of sexual misconduct often have legal options that they can pursue. These options are available solely at the discretion of survivors, who may change their minds about pursuing them at any time. For example, a survivor may seek a protective order from a court against the perpetrator(s); pursue a civil action against the perpetrator(s); and/or participate in a law enforcement investigation and criminal prosecution of the perpetrator(s).

Regardless of whether an incident of sexual misconduct is reported to the police or the University, Northwestern strongly encourages individuals who have experienced sexual misconduct to preserve evidence to the greatest extent possible, as this will best maintain all legal options for them in the future.

Additionally, such evidence may be helpful in pursuing a complaint with the University. While the University does not conduct forensic tests for parties involved in a complaint of sexual misconduct, the results of such tests that have been conducted by law enforcement agencies and medical assistance providers may be submitted as evidence that may be considered in a University investigation or proceeding, provided they are available at the time of the investigation or proceeding.

Below are suggestions for preserving evidence related to an incident of sexual misconduct. It is important to keep in mind that each suggestion may not apply in every incident:
General evidence preservation suggestions:
- Do not alter, dispose of, or destroy any physical evidence.
- If there is suspicion that a drink may have been drugged, inform a medical assistance provider and/or law enforcement as soon as possible so they can attempt to collect possible evidence (e.g., from the drink, through urine or blood sample).
- Preserve evidence of electronic communications by saving them and/or by taking screen shots of text messages, instant messages, social networking pages, or other electronic communications, and by keeping pictures, logs, or copies of documents that relate to the incident and/or perpetrator.
- Even if survivors choose not to make a complaint regarding sexual misconduct, they should nevertheless consider speaking with University Police or other law enforcement to preserve evidence in the event that they change their mind at a later date.

Evidence preservation suggestions specific to sexual assault
- Because some evidence, particularly evidence that may be located on the body, dissipates quickly (within 48-96 hours), individuals who have been sexually assaulted and wish to preserve evidence should go to a hospital or medical facility immediately to seek a medical examination and/or evidence collection. Under Illinois law, any cost for an emergency medical or forensic examination for a victim of sexual violence that is not covered by private insurance or Illinois Public Aid will be covered by the Illinois Department of Healthcare and Family Services, and should not be billed to the patient.
- An individual who has been sexually assaulted should not shower, bathe, douche, smoke, brush teeth, eat, drink, or change clothes or bedding before going to the hospital or seeking medical attention.
- If the individual who has been sexually assaulted decides to change clothes or bedding, they should not wash the clothes worn or bedding used during the assault, and should bring them to a hospital, medical facility or the police in a non-plastic bag (e.g., paper bag).
- In Illinois, individuals who have been sexually assaulted may allow the collection of evidence even if they choose not to make a report to law enforcement. After the evidence is collected, Illinois law requires hospital staff to store it for two weeks. A sexual assault evidence collection kit may not be released by an Illinois hospital without written consent from the survivor.
CARE: Center for Awareness, Response & Education

(Central location for students, survivors, or friends of survivors to seek survivor-centered, trauma-informed support services and advocacy regarding sexual misconduct)

**Advocacy Services include (but are not limited to):** help obtaining academic, housing, or other accommodations from the University; counseling referrals; information about sexual health concerns; information about reporting options; referrals for medical and/or legal advocacy

- **Phone:** (847) 491-2054
- **Location:** Evanston Campus: 633 Emerson Street, 3rd Floor
- **Email:** care@northwestern.edu
- **Website:** [www.northwestern.edu/care](http://www.northwestern.edu/care)

Women's Center Counseling Services

Provides counseling services for faculty, students and staff members

- **Evanston Campus:** 2000 Sheridan Road
  - **Phone:** (847) 491-7360
- **Chicago Campus:** Abbott Hall, Suite 1400
  - **Phone:** (312) 503-3400
  - **Email:** s-walz@northwestern.edu
  - **Website:** [www.northwestern.edu/womenscenter/](http://www.northwestern.edu/womenscenter/)

CAPS: Counseling and Psychological Services

Provides counseling services to students, also provides a counselor on-call 24 hours a day

- **Evanston Campus:** 633 Emerson Street, 2nd Floor
  - **Phone:** (847) 491-2151 (24-hours)
- **Chicago Campus:** Abbott Hall, 5th Floor
  - **Phone:** (312) 503-0936
  - **Phone:** (847) 491-2151 (after hours)
  - **Website:** [www.northwestern.edu/counseling/](http://www.northwestern.edu/counseling/)

Office of the University Chaplain/Office of Religious Life

Provides spiritual counseling and advice for all members of the University community

- **Evanston Campus:** 1870 Sheridan Road
  - **Phone:** (847) 491-7256
  - **Phone:** (847) 864-7865 (after hours)
- **Chicago Campus:** Abbott Hall, 5th Floor
  - **Phone:** chaplain@northwestern.edu
  - **Website:** [www.northwestern.edu/religious-life/](http://www.northwestern.edu/religious-life/)

NU Life Matters

Provides confidential crisis intervention and short-term counseling for faculty and staff, as well as their household family members at no cost.

- **Phone:** (855) 547-1851 (24 hours)
- **Website:** [www.northwestern.edu/hr/work-life/nu-life-matters.html](http://www.northwestern.edu/hr/work-life/nu-life-matters.html)
## Hotlines (not staffed by or affiliated with Northwestern)

All hotlines provide 24 hour (7 days/week) crisis counseling and information regarding sexual assault, dating violence and stalking. Survivors and friends of survivors can call.

Note - the hotlines can also provide information on local hospitals, such as what hospitals will have a victim advocate or SANE (Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner) available.

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Hotline</th>
<th>Contact Information</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Chicago Metro Rape Crisis Hotline (YWCA)</td>
<td>(888) 293-2080</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chicago Domestic Violence Line</td>
<td>(877) 863-6338</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evanston Domestic Violence Line (YWCA)</td>
<td>(877) 718-1868</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RAINN: Rape, Abuse &amp; Incest National Network</td>
<td>(800) 656-HOPE ohl.rainn.org/online/ (online hotline)</td>
</tr>
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## YWCA- Evanston

Services include: Counseling and support for survivors of dating/domestic violence, legal advocacy and residential services (emergency shelter)

- **Location**: 1215 Church St, Evanston
- **Phone**: (847) 864-8445
- **Website**: [www.ywca.org/evanston](http://www.ywca.org/evanston)

## Evanston Victim Services Program

Services include: crisis intervention for survivors of sexual violence and/or dating/domestic violence, medical and legal/court advocacy

- **Evanston Police Department**: 1454 Elmwood Avenue, Evanston

## Life Span Center for Legal Services and Advocacy

Services include (for survivors of DV and SV): legal services, legal advocacy (i.e. assistance with Orders of Protection, etc.) and counseling.

- **Location**: 70 E. Lake Street, Suite 700, Chicago
- **Phone**: (312) 408-1210
- **Email**: [life-span@life-span.org](mailto:life-span@life-span.org)
- **Website**: [www.life-span.org](http://www.life-span.org)

## Rape Victim Advocates

Services include: medical and legal advocacy, counseling services (individual and group). Services are free and for survivors or friends/partners of survivors.

- **Main Office**: 180 N. Michigan Ave, Suite 600, Chicago
- **Phone**: (312) 443-9603
- **Website**: [www.rapevictimadvocates.org](http://www.rapevictimadvocates.org)
not mean an individual is obligated to testify in court. The Northwestern University Police Department has officers who are specially trained to work with individuals reporting sexual violence. Further, University Police has a written guarantee for sexual violence survivors that reflects its primary concern for survivors and emphasizes sensitivity and privacy. (Available at: www.northwestern.edu/up/crime/awareness/sexual-violence.html). University Police can also assist in reviewing options with survivors and identifying and facilitating support resources related to:

- Seeking medical attention
- Seeking support, advocacy and counseling services
- Discussing legal options, including seeking protective orders from a court
- Options under the University’s sexual misconduct investigation process

Reports of sexual misconduct made to University Police will automatically be reported to the Title IX Coordinator or a Deputy Title IX Coordinator regardless of whether the individual who experienced the sexual misconduct chooses to pursue criminal charges.

4. Reporting Sexual Misconduct

While the University strongly encourages reporting, members of the University community who believe they have experienced sexual misconduct have the right to choose whether or not to report the incident to the University or law enforcement and pursue a sexual misconduct complaint with the University. The information below provides information for individuals who wish to report incidents of sexual misconduct.

A. Reporting to Law Enforcement

Northwestern University encourages individuals to report incidents of sexual misconduct to University Police or local law enforcement officials. Timely reporting to the police is an important factor in successful investigation and prosecution of crimes, including sexual violence crimes, and may lead to the arrest of an offender or aid in the investigation of other incidents.

An individual who has experienced sexual misconduct has the right to choose whether to file a police report. Filing a police report can result in the investigation of whether sexual violence or related crimes occurred and the prosecution of those crimes against a perpetrator. It is important to know that reporting the incident to police or University Police does

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Northwestern University Police Department</th>
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<tr>
<td>Evanston Campus: 1201 Davis Street, Evanston</td>
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<tr>
<td>Phone: 847) 491-3456 (24 hours)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chicago Campus: 211 East Superior Street, Chicago</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phone: (312) 503-3456 (24 hours)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Website: <a href="http://www.northwestern.edu/up/">www.northwestern.edu/up/</a></td>
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<tr>
<th>Evanston Police Department</th>
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<tr>
<td>Evanston Campus: 1454 Elmwood Avenue, Evanston</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phone: 911 or (847) 866-5000 (24 hours)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Website: <a href="http://www.cityofevanston.org/police/">www.cityofevanston.org/police/</a></td>
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<tr>
<th>Chicago Police Department – 18th District (covers Chicago campus)</th>
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<tr>
<td>Chicago Campus: 1160 North Larrabee Ave., Chicago</td>
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<tr>
<td>Phone: 911 or 312) 744-4000 (24 hours)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Website: <a href="http://www.chicagopolice.org/">www.chicagopolice.org/</a></td>
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</table>
B. Reporting Incidents to the University

An individual who has experienced sexual misconduct has the right to choose whether to report the incident to the Title IX Coordinator or Deputy Title IX Coordinator for investigation. As stated in Policy Section III, all University employees (including student employees) are obligated to promptly report incidents of sexual misconduct of which they become aware, unless they have a recognized confidentiality privilege. Further, the University encourages students and third parties who have observed or been made aware of sexual misconduct to report the incident to the Title IX Coordinator or a Deputy Title IX Coordinator for investigation.

The offices identified below are specially trained to work with individuals who report sexual misconduct and have knowledge about on- and off-campus resources, services, and options — including the availability of interim protective measures and accommodations discussed in Procedures Section 5. The University has generally designated the Title IX Coordinator to oversee complaints of sexual misconduct involving staff, faculty, and third parties, and the Deputy Title IX Coordinator in the Office of Student Conduct to oversee complaints of sexual misconduct against students.

Title IX Coordinator and Director of the Office of Sexual Harassment Prevention
(Sexual misconduct complaints against faculty, staff, and third parties)

Contact: Joan Slavin, Title IX Coordinator; Director, Office of Sexual Harassment Prevention
Phone: (847) 491-3745
Location: 633 Clark Street, Room 2-636, Evanston
Email: j-slavin@northwestern.edu or sexual-harassment@northwestern.edu
Website: www.northwestern.edu/sexual-misconduct

Office of Student Conduct
(Sexual misconduct complaints against students)

Contact: Tara Sullivan, Deputy Title IX Coordinator for sexual misconduct complaints against students; Assistant Dean of Students and Director of Student Conduct
Phone: (847) 467-5078
Location: 601 University Place, Lower Level, Evanston
Email: tara.sullivan@northwestern.edu or student-conduct@northwestern.edu
Online: Sexual Misconduct Online Reporting Form: publicdocs.maxient.com/reportingform.php?NorthwesternUniv&layout_id=31
Website: www.northwestern.edu/student-conduct
### OTHER UNIVERSITY REPORTING OPTIONS

| Office of Equal Opportunity and Access  
( Discrimination and harassment complaints, including Title IX sex discrimination complaints) |
<table>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Contact:</strong> Roberto Sanabria, Deputy Title IX Coordinator for Sex Discrimination Complaints; Director, Office of Equal Opportunity and Access</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Phone:</strong> (847) 491-7458</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Location:</strong> 720 University Place, Evanston</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Email:</strong> <a href="mailto:roberto.sanabria@northwestern.edu">roberto.sanabria@northwestern.edu</a> or <a href="mailto:eeo@northwestern.edu">eeo@northwestern.edu</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Website:</strong> <a href="http://www.northwestern.edu/hr/eeo">www.northwestern.edu/hr/eeo</a></td>
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| EthicsPoint  
( For phone hotline or online complaints involving faculty, staff, and third parties): |
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Contact:</strong> Roberto Sanabria, Deputy Title IX Coordinator for Sex Discrimination Complaints; Director, Office of Equal Opportunity and Access</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Phone:</strong> (866) 294-3545</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Location:</strong> 720 University Place, Evanston</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Email:</strong> <a href="mailto:roberto.sanabria@northwestern.edu">roberto.sanabria@northwestern.edu</a> or <a href="mailto:eeo@northwestern.edu">eeo@northwestern.edu</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Website:</strong> <a href="http://www.northwestern.edu/ethics/">www.northwestern.edu/ethics/</a></td>
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### C. Reporting Incidents Involving Minors

As stated in the University’s Policy on Reporting Suspected Abuse and Neglect Related to Minors, it is the University’s Policy that all university community members are obligated to report to DCFS and University Police any suspected abuse and neglect of a child. This includes any and all incidents of sexual misconduct involving minors. (Policy available at policies.northwestern.edu/docs/Reporting_Child_Abuse_and_Neglect.pdf). Further, it is a crime in Illinois to fail to report sexual abuse of a child of which someone over the age of 18 has personally observed.

### 5. Interim Protective Measures & Accommodations

Interim protective measures and accommodations are reasonable measures the University can put in place to provide immediate support and added protection to an individual who reports having experienced sexual misconduct or retaliation, at no cost to that individual. These measures can be temporary in duration pending the results of an investigation, but can become permanent. Interim protective measures and accommodations include, but are not limited to:

- A no-contact directive issued by the Title IX Coordinator, Deputy Title IX Coordinator, or their designee
- Housing or work space relocation
- Adjustment of course schedules or employment schedules
- Time off from class or work, or a leave of absence
- Transportation arrangements
- Safety planning

Interim protective measures and accommodations can be made available regardless of whether an individual chooses to report an incident to University police or local law enforcement or pursue a complaint with the University. The Title IX Coordinator, Deputy Title IX Coordinator, or their designee will determine whether interim protective measures or accommodations are reasonable and should be implemented, and, if so, will work to ensure that interim protective measures or accommodations are implemented as soon as possible. The University will keep confidential any accommodations or protective measures provided, to the extent that maintaining such confidentiality would not impair the ability of the institution to provide the protective measures or accommodations.
Violations of directives related to interim protective measures or accommodations may lead to an investigation and disciplinary action which may include, but is not limited to, the sanctions listed in Procedures Section 6B, including exclusion, expulsion, or dismissal from the University, and termination of employment, including revocation of tenure.

6. Investigation and Resolution of Alleged Violations of the Sexual Misconduct Policy

Reporting an incident of sexual misconduct or retaliation to the University can result in the investigation of whether a violation of this policy occurred and can also result in disciplinary action against any student, staff or faculty member, or outside party, who is determined to have violated this policy. The University has generally designated the Title IX Coordinator to oversee complaints of sexual misconduct and retaliation involving staff, faculty and third parties, and the Deputy Title IX Coordinator in the Office of Student Conduct to oversee reports of sexual misconduct and retaliation against students. The University may also rely upon any Deputy Title IX Coordinator or Title IX Investigator, the Office of Equal Opportunity and Access, the Office of Human Resources, and outside investigators to conduct investigations, as needed. Further, a report of sexual misconduct or retaliation will be routed to the appropriate office for investigation, regardless of where it is initially directed.

The University’s investigative and resolution processes of reports of violations of this policy will be prompt, fair and impartial. The procedures set forth below are intended to afford a prompt response to reports of sexual misconduct, to maintain privacy and fairness consistent with applicable legal requirements, and to impose appropriate sanctions on violators of this policy.

Complaints of sexual misconduct and retaliation will be investigated and resolved in accordance with this policy. Because such allegations can sometimes raise novel issues and involve competing interests, the University reserves discretion to take reasonable actions to address those issues in a manner consistent with the spirit of this policy, and which preserves fairness for both parties and maintains the integrity in the investigation and resolution processes.

A. Standard of review

The University uses the preponderance of the evidence standard to determine responsibility of violations of this policy.
B. Sanctions, corrective actions, and remedies

Violations of this policy may result in sanctions and corrective actions, which can include, but are not limited to:

- Verbal warning
- Written warning
- Advisory letter
- Monitoring
- Disciplinary hold on academic and/or financial records
- Performance improvement/management process
- Required counseling or therapy
- Required training or education
- Campus access restrictions
- No trespass order issued by NUPD (with respect to campus locations)
- No contact directive (with respect to an individual)
- Loss of privileges
- Loss of oversight, teaching or supervisory responsibility
- Probation
- Demotion
- Loss of pay increase
- Transfer (employment)
- Revocation of offer (employment or admissions)
- Disciplinary suspension
- Suspension with pay
- Suspension without pay
- Exclusion
- Expulsion
- Degree revocation
- Termination of employment
- Revocation of tenure
- Termination of contract (for contractors)

The University may assign other sanctions as appropriate in each particular situation.

Sanctions and corrective actions will be imposed in accordance with relevant policies and/or procedures and other requirements set forth in the applicable Staff Handbook, Faculty Handbook, Student Handbook, other policies or handbooks that may be developed over time, or contracts. In addition, the University may take steps to remediate the effects of a violation on victims and others.

Following an investigation, the University may extend interim protective measures and accommodations, and/or take other measures to eliminate any hostile environment caused by the sexual misconduct, prevent the recurrence of any sexual misconduct, and remedy the effects of the sexual misconduct on the complainant and the University community. Such measures may include, but are not limited to, the interim measures and accommodations referenced in Procedures Section 5, as well as counseling, training, and other preventative measures.

C. Advisor/legal counsel

Complainants and respondents may be accompanied by one advisor throughout the investigation and any hearing process. An advisor is a support person who is present to provide support to a complainant or respondent throughout an investigation and/or hearing. A union representative may serve as an advisor, where applicable. An advisor may not speak, write, or otherwise communicate with an investigator, hearing officer or panel on behalf of the complainant or respondent, and, because these are internal University proceedings, may not function as legal counsel.

To enhance the integrity of the investigation process and help ensure fairness for all parties, advisors cannot be a witness or party in the matter or a related matter, a family member of the complainant or respondent, or an attorney. In matters in the Office of Student Conduct, advisors must also be members of the Northwestern community.

However, in any matter involving a complaint of sexual assault, stalking, or dating or domestic violence, the advisor may be any person of the party’s choosing, including an attorney. In this case, the advisor is still limited to the supportive and not participatory role described above. Advisors who do not abide by these guidelines may be excluded from the process.
The University considers complaints and investigations conducted under this Policy to be private matters for the parties involved. For that reason, the University will protect the identity of persons involved in reports of sexual misconduct to the best of its ability. The University will only share personally identifiable information with persons with a need-to-know in order for the University to investigate and respond or to deliver resources or support services. The University does not publish the names nor post identifiable information about persons involved in a report of sexual misconduct in the University Police Daily Crime Log (Blotter) or elsewhere online. The University does not confirm to outside parties the identity of an individual who may be involved in a report of sexual misconduct without that individual’s consent. However, the University cannot promise complete confidentiality or privacy in the handling of sexual misconduct reports or complaints.

Most situations require the disclosure of the complainant’s identity to those involved in the investigation in order to fully investigate the matter and/or to enable the respondent to fully respond to the allegations. When individuals report allegations of sexual misconduct to the University and do not consent to the disclosure of their names and/or do not disclose the identity of the alleged offenders or identifiable information about the alleged offenders, the University’s ability to respond to the complaints may be limited. In cases where an individual reporting sexual misconduct requests anonymity or does not wish to proceed with an investigation, the University will attempt to honor that request but, in some cases, the Title IX Coordinator or Deputy Title IX Coordinator may determine that the University needs to proceed with an investigation based on concern for the safety or well-being of the broader University community (e.g., risk of future acts of sexual violence or a pattern of sexual misconduct). Northwestern reserves the right to take appropriate action in such circumstances, including in cases when the individual reporting the misconduct is reluctant to proceed.

All participants in an investigation of sexual misconduct will be informed that confidentiality helps enhance the integrity of the investigation, protect the privacy interests of the parties and protect the participants from statements that might be interpreted to be retaliatory or defamatory. For these reasons, the complainant and respondent will be asked to keep the information related to the investigation private, to the extent consistent with applicable law. Witnesses and advisors will be directed to maintain complete confidentiality.

Upon the conclusion of an investigation, the complainant and respondent will be notified in writing, at the same time, of the outcome of the investigation, including whether the alleged conduct was found to have occurred, and any sanctions imposed on the respondent that directly relate to the complainant. For the same reasons noted above, the University encourages the parties to maintain the confidentiality of this communication.

**E. Investigations and resolution of complaints against faculty, staff and third parties**

The University Sexual Harassment Prevention Office (USHPO), through the Title IX Coordinator, Title IX Investigator, or designee, investigates complaints of sexual misconduct, including complaints of sexual harassment and sexual assault, brought against faculty, staff and third parties.

When a complaint is received, the Title IX Coordinator, Title IX Investigator, or designee interviews parties and witnesses and reviews any relevant documents and evidence. Once an investigation is completed, the investigator makes findings on whether the preponderance of the evidence indicates that the respondent violated the University’s Policy on Sexual Misconduct. The investigator advises the parties of the findings in writing, and communicates findings and recommendations to other University offices as needed for resolution and determination of sanctions or corrective actions. Most investigations are completed within 60 days. Parties may file an appeal of an investigator’s findings.

USHPO’s Complaint Resolution Guidelines describe in detail the process used to investigate complaints of sexual misconduct against faculty, staff, and third parties, as well as the process for appealing the findings and sanctions and corrective actions. [www.northwestern.edu/sexual-harassment/where-to-get-help/what-happens-with-a-complaint.html](http://www.northwestern.edu/sexual-harassment/where-to-get-help/what-happens-with-a-complaint.html).

**F. Investigations and resolution of reports against students**

The Deputy Title IX Coordinator for sexual misconduct complaints against students, Title IX Investigator, or designee, investigates reports of alleged violations of this policy by Northwestern students.

When a report is received, the Deputy Title IX Coordinator or designee will conduct an initial inquiry to determine the resolution plan. If action is required to remediate the impact of the alleged policy violation, the Deputy Title IX Coordina-
tor will take interim actions or make accommodations as appropriate. If the report has not been resolved informally, the matter will then be assigned to an investigator who will gather full details related to the report. The investigator will interview the parties and relevant witnesses and review relevant documents and evidence.

Resolution of these reports is determined through the University Hearing and Appeals System (UHAS) which is managed by the Office of Student Conduct (OSC). Under the UHAS process, if it is determined by the Director of OSC that the alleged policy violation has the potential to result in a separation from the University (e.g., suspension, exclusion, expulsion, degree revocation), the investigator will complete an investigative report that includes details of the investigation and the investigator’s findings of fact. The report will be provided to the individual reporting the misconduct, the respondent, and the University’s hearing panel. A Panel hearing will be held, in which the parties will have the opportunity to meet with the panel individually. The panel will determine responsibility for policy violations and, if applicable, sanctions. If it is determined by the Director of OSC that the alleged policy violation does not have the potential to result in separation from the University, it will be resolved through an Administrative hearing.

Most investigations are completed within 60 days. There is a review/appeals process available to both reporters and respondents in all cases. Complete procedures for the University Hearing and Appeals System can be found in the student handbook (bit.ly/NUStudentHandbook)

G. Complaints regarding the specific allegations of sexual assault, stalking, dating or domestic violence

Individuals who report to the Title IX Coordinator, a Deputy Title IX Coordinator, or University Police that they have experienced sexual assault, stalking, or dating or domestic violence, whether the offense occurred on- or off-campus, will be provided with a written explanation of their rights, options, and resources including a link to this policy. Specifically, this notice will include information about:

- Services and resources related to counseling, health and mental health, legal, visa and immigration, and student financial aid;
- Interim protective measures and accommodations, and how to request them during the course of the investigation;
- The procedures for institutional disciplinary action in cases of sexual assault, dating or domestic violence and stalking; and
- Preserving evidence, reporting to law enforcement, being assisted by University officials in reporting to law enforcement, seeking a protective order, and confidentiality.

IX. Educational Training, Awareness and Prevention Programs

The University offers a variety of training, awareness and prevention programs to help prevent sexual misconduct within the Northwestern community. The University strives to ensure that such programming is developed to be culturally relevant; inclusive of diverse communities and identities; sustainable; responsive to community needs; is informed by research or assessed for value, effectiveness, or outcome; and considers environmental risk and protective factors as they occur on the individual, relationship, institutional, community, and societal levels. Additionally, the University provides annual training to investigators, and hearing panel members are trained on issues related to sexual misconduct, investigation, and resolution. For information on educational training, awareness, and prevention programs offered each year, see www.northwestern.edu/up/safety/annual-report/.

FORMS/INSTRUCTIONS

N/A

APPENDICES

Appendix A: Resource of Relevant Terms and Definitions in Illinois

Appendix B: Pamphlet: “You Have Options. We Can Help: Northwestern University Resource Guide on Sexual Misconduct and Title IX”

Appendix C: Brochure: “What You Should Know About Discrimination, Harassment, Sexual Harassment, and Sexual Misconduct”

RELATED INFORMATION

N/A

HISTORY/REVISION DATES

Origination Date: January 13, 2014
Amended Date: October 30, 2014
Last Amended Date: September 10, 2015
APPENDIX A

Resource of Relevant Terms and Definitions in Illinois

Because some of the offenses in this Policy are also crimes under State law, the University provides this summary of relevant Illinois terms and definitions as a resource. Community members who are involved in legal action related to a sexual crime or offense under Illinois law should consider speaking with an attorney for specific information about relevant State law and legal advice.

Consent: Under Illinois law, consent is defined as “a freely given agreement to the act of sexual penetration or sexual conduct in question. Lack of verbal or physical resistance or submission by the victim resulting from the use of force or threat of force by the accused shall not constitute consent. The manner of dress of the victim at the time of the offense shall not constitute consent.” 720 ILCS § 5/11-1.70. The law continues by stating that “[a] person who initially consents to sexual penetration or sexual conduct is not deemed to have consented to any sexual penetration or sexual conduct that occurs after he or she withdraws consent during the course of that sexual penetration or sexual conduct.” See: 720 ILCS § 5/11-1.70.

Domestic Violence: The complete Illinois Domestic Violence Act can be found at 750 ILCS § 60/101, et seq. Under that law, “domestic violence” is defined as “physical abuse, harassment, intimidation of a dependent, interference with personal liberty or willful deprivation but does not include reasonable direction of a minor child by a parent or person in loco parentis.” 750 ILCS § 60/103. Prohibited domestic violence directed at a “family or household member” includes “spouses, former spouses, parents, children, stepchildren and other persons related by blood or by present or prior marriage, persons who share or formerly shared a common dwelling, persons who have or allegedly have a child in common, persons who share or allegedly share a blood relationship through a child, persons who have or have had a dating or engagement relationship, persons with disabilities and their personal assistants, and caregivers as defined in Section 12-4.4a of the Criminal Code of 2012. For purposes of this paragraph, neither a casual acquaintance nor ordinary fraternization between 2 individuals in business or social contexts shall be deemed to constitute a dating relationship.” See: 750 ILCS § 60/103.

Dating Violence: In Illinois, the Illinois Domestic Violence Act prohibits “physical abuse, harassment, ... interference with personal liberty or willful deprivation” directed toward “persons who have or have had a dating or engagement relationship.” 750 ILCS § 60/103. “[N]either a casual acquaintance nor ordinary fraternization between 2 individuals in business or social contexts shall be deemed to constitute a dating relationship.” See: 750 ILCS § 60/103.

Criminal Sexual Assault: In Illinois, a person commits “criminal sexual assault” if “that person commits an act of sexual penetration and: (1) uses force or threat of force; (2) knows that the victim is unable to understand the nature of the act or is unable to give knowing consent; (3) is a family member of the victim, and the victim is under 18 years of age; or (4) is 17 years of age or over and holds a positions of trust, authority, or supervision in relations to the victim, and the victim is at least 13 years of age but under 18 years of age.” 720 ILCS § 5/11-1.20.

Criminal Sexual Abuse: Under Illinois law, a person commits “criminal sexual abuse” by sexual touching (short of penetration) by force or threat of force, or knowing that the victim is unable to consent to or understand the act. A person also commits sexual abuse by engaging in any sexual activity (including sexual penetration): (A) with a person over the age of nine, but under 17 years old, when the defendant is under the age of 17, or (B) with a person over the age of 13, but under 17 years old, when the defendant is at least five years older. See: 720 ILCS § 5/11-1.50.

Aggravated Criminal Sexual Assault and Sexual Abuse: Sexual assault and sexual abuse may be punished more severely in Illinois if (A) the defendant: uses, threatens, displays, or is armed with a weapon; causes bodily harm or injury; endangers or threatens the victim’s or someone else’s life; gives the victim a controlled substance without the victim’s consent; or (B) the crime is committed during the course of another felony; or (C) the victim is over 60 years old, physically handicapped, or severely mentally disabled. Depending on the age of the defendant and the victim, the relationship between the victim and the defendant, and whether the defendant uses forces, sexual abuse and sexual assault may also be aggravated if the victim is a child under the age of 18. See: 720 ILCS 5/11-1.30, 720 ILCS 5/11-1.60.

Stalking: In Illinois, a person commits the criminal offense of “stalking” when “he or she knowingly engages in a course of conduct directed at a specific person, and he or she knows or should know that this course of conduct would cause a reasonable person to: (1) fear for his or her safety or the safety of a third person; or (2) suffer other emotional distress.” 720 ILCS § 5/12-7.3(a).

5 The terms “stalking” is further defined in subsections 720 ILCS § 5/12-7.3(a-3) and (a-5); the definition for “aggravated stalking” can be found at 720 ILCS § 5/12-7.4; and the definition of “cyberstalking” can be found at 720 ILCS § 5/12-7.5.
OTHER UNIVERSITY POLICIES AND PROCEDURES
Behavioral Consultation Team

Pursuant to the Illinois Campus Security Enhancement Act of 2008, all institutions of higher education in Illinois are required to develop and implement campus threat assessment teams. Northwestern's Behavioral Consultation Team (BCT) conducts threat assessments; addresses aberrant, dangerous, or threatening behavior that might impact the safety or wellbeing of the campus community; and provides guidance and best practices for preventing violence and providing supportive services.

The BCT is a multifunctional group that helps to coordinate identifying, assessing, and intervening with members of the University community who are in significant distress, especially those who may pose a threat of harm to themselves or others or whose behavior is significantly impacting the community in a detrimental way.

The BCT consists of a variety of campus officials in areas related to student behavior, including the Dean of Students Office, Counseling and Psychological Services, Human Resources, and University Police. Team members meet regularly or upon demand if the situation warrants it.

University faculty, staff, and students are strongly encouraged to report violent, potentially violent, and threatening behavior, in a timely manner, to University officials and will not be subjected to any acts of retaliation for reporting concerns in good faith. The University will use available resources such as University Police, the Faculty and Staff Assistance Program, Human Resources, the Division of Student Affairs/Dean of Students Office, and applicable programs and policies in responding to alleged acts/threats of violence.

For further information, contact University Police at 847-491-3456 or visit the website www.northwestern.edu/up/crime/threat-assessment.html.

Addresses

It is the responsibility of the student to keep the University informed of up-to-date permanent and local address and telephone information as well as emergency contact information. All changes should be reported promptly through CAESAR under Personal Profile. Changes to parent addresses must be reported to the Office of the Registrar. Instructions can be found on the Office of the Registrar website: www.registrar.northwestern.edu.

Athletic Facilities Policies of Conduct

The possession or consumption of alcoholic beverages by students is prohibited inside Ryan Field, Welsh-Ryan Arena, Lanny and Sharon Martin Stadium, Rocky and Berenice Miller Park or other Northwestern athletic facilities whether or not there is a scheduled University athletic event, as is the use of tobacco, electronic smoking devices, and other nicotine delivery systems.

At and during a scheduled Northwestern athletic events, students are prohibited from engaging in any conduct which may be illegal, disruptive or otherwise violates Northwestern policies. Such activities may include, without limitation, throwing or projecting objects of any kind; wearing inappropriate, inflammatory, or offensive clothing that violates Northwestern discrimination or harassment policies; using disruptive or abusive language or gestures; distracting other patrons or interfering with the progress of any athletic event by the use of cameras, stadium horns, radios, miscellaneous items (e.g., banners, signs, placards, etc.); or entering the floor, field, or playing surface of any athletic facility before, during, or after an athletic event without prior approval.

Any student who violates this Section may be immediately ejected from an athletic event and may be subject to corrective actions as determined by the Office of Student Conduct.
Bicycles

The University has 2.5 miles of bicycle paths on the Evanston campus, connected to Evanston’s bicycle rights-of-way. Bicycle riding is prohibited on the following streets:

- Sheridan Road, between Chicago Avenue and Isabella Street
- Green Bay Road, north from Emerson Street to the Evanston city limits
- Ridge Avenue, between Howard and Emerson Streets
- Main Street, between Chicago and Ashland Avenues

Evanston ordinances prohibit riding bicycles on the sidewalks in the downtown business district at any time or in other districts where signs are posted. Where riding on sidewalks is permitted, cyclists are required to yield the right of way to any pedestrian, give an audible signal before overtaking or passing others, and have the bicycle under control at all times. Ordinances also prohibit operating a bicycle after dark without a white front headlight and a red rear reflector (visible from 500 feet away) or riding a bicycle in an unsafe or reckless manner or in a way that obstructs traffic. Helmets are required for riders under the age of 18, but all students are strongly encouraged to wear helmets and use other safety gear. Violations of city ordinances are subject to a fine of up to $500. To read the complete set of Evanston ordinances regarding bicycles, see the Evanston City Code (Title 10, Chapter 9) at http://www.cityofevanston.org/government/city-code/.

Bicycles stored or parked on campus must be registered with the University Police Department. Registration is free of charge and may be completed online at www.northwestern.edu/up/special/bike-registration-locks.html. Bicycles that are properly registered with the police are much easier to identify and recover should they be stolen or removed.

Owners are highly encouraged to lock and secure their bicycles at all times. Bicycles must be kept in designated areas, which include bicycle racks and bicycle storage rooms. Bikes that are locked to anything other than designated bike parking areas, including those secured to railings, stairwells, handicapped-access ramps, posts, or benches or that are parked in hallways, doorways, or rooms in residence halls or academic buildings, create a safety hazard in the event of fire and are subject to removal at the owner’s expense. The University will not reimburse individuals for locks that have been cut to remove bicycles not parked in bicycle racks or storage rooms. The University shall not be responsible for any bicycles illegally secured in campus buildings or on campus property or abandoned on University property.

Students who have had an illegally parked bicycle removed should contact Facilities Management, 847-491-5201, to identify their bike. Bikes can be claimed at the Facilities Management Customer Service Desk located at 2020 Ridge Ave. Hours of operation are between 7AM – 4:30PM, Monday through Friday. There is a $25 reclaim fee payable only by check or money order to Northwestern University due at the time of pick up. In addition, to verify ownership, the bike lock key or the combination must be presented at the time of payment. Bikes will be stored in the University storage area for a minimum of 30 days. After 30 days the impounded bicycles are donated to a local charity.

For students living in residence halls, Residential Services sponsors a winter bike storage program, offered on a first-come, first-served basis. Winter bike storage starts the week after Thanksgiving and ends the week after spring break.
Cable, Satellite, and IP Delivered Television

Policies that apply to all students using cable television services within the University can be found in the Northwestern University Policy on Cable, Satellite, and IP Delivered Television section at www.it.northwestern.edu/policies/catv.html.

Civility, Mutual Respect, and Unacceptability of Violence on Campus

Individuals covered by these policies include faculty, staff, and students, including postdoctoral fellows and research and academic staff.

1. **Policy.** As members of the Northwestern community, its faculty, staff, and students are expected to deal with each other with respect and consideration.

2. **Expected behavior.** Each community member is expected to treat other community members with civility and respect, recognizing that disagreement and informed debate are valued in an academic community.

3. **Unacceptable behavior.** Demeaning, intimidating, threatening, or violent behaviors that affect the ability to learn, work, or live in the University environment depart from the standard for civility and respect. These behaviors have no place in the academic community.

4. **Violence.** Violence is behavior that causes harm to a person or damage to property or causes fear for one’s safety or the safety of others. Examples of violent behavior include physical contact that is harmful and expression of intent to cause physical harm. Such behavior is unacceptable in the Northwestern community.

5. **Weapons.** Weapons of any kind are prohibited on campus except for those carried by sworn police officers.

6. **Responsibility to act.** A member of the community who is involved in or witnesses behavior on campus that poses imminent danger should immediately contact the University Police. In situations that do not involve imminent danger or for advice on the appropriate course of action, a member of the community is to notify a supervisor, department head, or student affairs staff member. Alternatively, the observer may report the incident to the Office of the Provost, the Department of Human Resources, or the Office of the Vice President for Student Affairs.

7. **Orders of protection.** Community members who have obtained restraining or personal protection orders are encouraged to provide a copy of the order to University Police for enforcement on campus.

8. **Visitors.** Visitors, vendors, and the families of members of the community are expected to comply with the provisions of this policy. Noncompliant behavior leads to removal from the campus.

9. **Resources.** Guidance for identifying potential threatening or violent behavior and for the best ways to deal with incidents is available through the Department of Human Resources.

10. **Violation.** A community member who has violated this policy is subject to disciplinary action, which may include separation of the offending party from the University, consistent with established disciplinary procedures.

Computer and Telecommunications Equipment, Facilities, and Services

The University provides computing facilities for faculty, staff, and student use. These facilities and services extend to include (but are not limited to) Information Technology, the University Library, many departmental computers and servers, residence hall computers, and telephone instruments (voice and/or data transmission) in offices, residence halls, and other buildings. Misuse of these facilities, services, and equipment is a violation of University policies and may also be a violation of federal, state, and local laws. Such misuse includes unauthorized use of the facilities, services, equipment, account numbers, or files; damage to facilities and/or equipment; tampering with or destruction of programs, files, or accounts; and similar activities. Students who violate these or any other computing or telecommunications facilities policies shall be subject to University disciplinary procedures that may include fines, restitution of funds, probation, suspension, or exclusion from the University.
Computers and Networks

Individuals covered by these policies include all persons accessing computer or network resources through any University facility.

General Policy

It is the policy of Northwestern University to maintain access to local, national, and international networks for the purpose of supporting its fundamental activities of instruction, research, and administration. Users of the networks are to take the necessary measures to safeguard the operating integrity of the systems and the accessibility of other users. Users are also required to comply with software licenses, applicable laws (including copyright), Northwestern University Information Technology (NUIT) policies, and other University policy regarding computers, networks, or electronic communication. NUIT policies are posted at www.it.northwestern.edu/policies, including the Rights and Responsibilities policy at www.it.northwestern.edu/policies/responsibilities.html.

The NUIT security officer should be notified about violations of copyright laws and NUIT policies, as well as about potential loopholes in the security of any computer systems and networks at Northwestern. Contact the NUIT security officer at security@northwestern.edu.

Responsibilities of Users (from the NUIT Policy on Rights and Responsibilities)

There are also responsibilities that must be met as part of the privilege of network access. Network users are expected to live up to these responsibilities. If users knowingly violate a network responsibility, their network access will be suspended. Depending on the seriousness of the violation, users could be referred through the University disciplinary procedure process. Violations that also violate federal or state laws can also result in referral to the appropriate legal authority.

1. Users are responsible for the use of their network ID (NetID) and all computer accounts that are assigned to them. Users may not give anyone else access to their NetID or computer accounts. Users must not use a NetID or a Northwestern University computer account that was not assigned to them. Users may not try in any way to obtain a password for another user’s NetID or computer account. The NetID and its associated password are the property of Northwestern University Information Technology. Applications and services that require their use must be approved by the Office of the Vice President for Information Technology or by a director within NUIT.

2. Users may not misrepresent themselves or their data on the network.

3. Users are responsible for the security of their passwords. This includes changing passwords on a regular basis and making sure no one else knows them.

4. Users must not use Northwestern’s network resources to gain or attempt to gain unauthorized access to remote computers.

5. Users must not deliberately perform an act that will seriously impair the operation of computers, terminals, peripherals, or networks. This includes, but is not limited to, tampering with components of a local area network (LAN) or the highspeed backbone network, otherwise blocking communication lines, or interfering with the operational readiness of a computer.

6. Users must not run or install on any of Northwestern’s computer systems, or give to another, a program that could result in eventual damage to a file or computer system and/or the reproduction of itself. This is directed towards, but not limited to, the classes of programs known as computer viruses, Trojan horses, and worms.

7. Users must not attempt to circumvent data protection schemes or exploit security loop holes or interfere with standard technical measures that identify and protect the rights of copyright owners.

8. Users must abide by the terms of all software licensing agreements and copyright laws. Users must not make copies of, or make available on the network, copyrighted material, including, without limitation, software programs, music files, video files, still and digital images, radio and television broadcasts, and written text works, unless permitted by a license, by the consent of the copyright owner, by a fair use limitation under copyright law, or under the Digital Millennium Copyright Act (DMCA) when made by a library or archive for preservation purposes or when incidental to computer maintenance and repair. Please see the more complete discussion of software copyright protections available on NUInfo and the discussion of copyright law available on Northwestern’s Office of General Counsel website.

9. Users must not deliberately perform acts that are wasteful of computing resources or that unfairly monopolize resources to the exclusion of other users. Any person operating a network-intensive application or a defective computer that overloads University networks will be notified, and steps will be taken to protect the overall University network. This may include disconnecting the offending computer system from the University network until the problem is resolved. If the condition is an imminent hazard to the University network, disrupts the activities of others, or violates applicable law, then the offending computer system or the subnet to which it is attached may be disconnected without prior notice.
Installation, engineering, maintenance, and operation of wireless networks serving University faculty, staff, or students, on any property owned or tenanted by the University, are the sole responsibility of NUIT. Any independently installed wireless communications equipment shall be removed from service.

The use of the campus wireless LAN shall be subject to the University Policies and Guidelines on Computers, Systems, and Networks at www.it.northwestern.edu/policies/csn-use.html and the University’s Policy on Wireless Networks at www.it.northwestern.edu/policies/wireless.html.

Use of Student Residence Computer Networks
Student residence computer networks are shared, finite resources installed by the University to promote scholarship and learning for all students. Accidental or intentional disruption of a residence network will deprive others of access to important University resources. Computers attached to student residence networks must adhere to the Use of Student Residence Computer Networks Policy at www.it.northwestern.edu/policies/resnet.html.

System and Network Use
System and network users are responsible for

- Using the system and network in ways that do not interfere with or disrupt their normal operation;
- Respecting the rights of other users, including their rights as set forth in other University policies for students, faculty, and staff; these rights include but are not limited to privacy, freedom from harassment, and freedom of expression;
- Knowing and obeying the specific policies established for the system and networks they access; and
- Complying with applicable laws and terms of applicable license agreements.

Under no circumstances may users give others access to any system or network that they do not administer.

Network Administration
Administrators of systems and networks have the responsibility to protect the rights of users, to set policies consistent with those rights, and to publicize those policies to their users. They have authority to control or refuse access to anyone who violates these policies or threatens the rights of other users, and they will make reasonable efforts to notify users affected by decisions they have made.

Wireless Policy
Information Technology has developed a policy so as to provide the best possible quality of wireless network service, ensure wired and wireless network security and integrity, and minimize the interference between the campus wireless network and other products deployed throughout campus.
Appeal of an Administrative Action

Individuals who disagree with an NUIT administrative decision may submit an appeal of the decision to the appropriate office. Students may submit appeals to the vice president for student affairs, faculty members may appeal to the provost, and staff members may appeal to the associate vice president for human resources.

Crime and Safety Information

The federal Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act (Clery Act) requires institutions of higher education to annually provide information on campus crime, safety, and security policies. The Evanston/Chicago report includes fire safety information, which is required for academic institutions with residential facilities. For the Annual Security Reports for each of Northwestern's campuses, see www.northwestern.edu/up/safety/annual-report/index.html.

Crime alerts are issued in compliance with the Clery Act by Northwestern University Police. A Campus Crime Alert is posted when certain crimes are reported to the University Police or to a campus security authority and the crime is considered to be a serious or continuing threat to the campus community. This information is typically disseminated to campus community members via email and notification on the University homepage and the University Police website.

University Police also publishes the Blotter, which archives criminal and noncriminal incidents reported to University Police, every Monday–Friday. The information in the Blotter typically includes the nature, date, time, general location, and disposition of each incident, if known. Electronic copies of the Blotter are available online (www.northwestern.edu/up/safety/blotter/index.html) and are accessible from a kiosk in the University Police stations in Chicago (211 East Superior Street) and Evanston (1201 Davis Street).

Disruption

Northwestern University stands for freedom of speech, freedom of inquiry, freedom of dissent, and freedom to demonstrate in peaceful fashion. The University recognizes that freedom requires order, discipline, and responsibility, and stands for the right of all faculty and students to pursue their legitimate goals without interference. This University, therefore, will not tolerate any attempt by any individual, group, or organization to disrupt the regularly scheduled activities of the University. Any such effort to impede the holding of classes, the carrying forward of the University’s business, the arrangements for properly authorized and scheduled events, entrance to or egress from any campus building, or the use of campus common spaces would constitute an invasion of the rights of faculty and students and cannot be permitted. If any such attempt is made to interfere with any University activity, the leaders and participants engaged in disruptive tactics will be held responsible and will be subject to appropriate legal and disciplinary action, including expulsion.

Students who commit a disruption or attempt a disruption shall be subject to University disciplinary procedures, which may include fines, probation, suspension, or exclusion from the University. Disruption is any action that interferes with, interrupts, or impedes the holding of classes, the carrying out of University business, or the arrangements for properly authorized and scheduled University events. A person attempts to disrupt when, with intent to disrupt, that person does any act that constitutes a substantial step toward disruption.

Email Notification

Email is a valid mechanism for official communication with students at Northwestern University. The University has the right to send official communications to students by email. The University has the right to expect that students will receive email and will read email in a timely fashion.

At the University all students will be assigned an official University email address. All official University communications will be sent to this official University email address. This address will be maintained in the official University email directory for each student.

The University will provide a convenient mechanism so that a student may have email forwarded from the official University email address to another email address of the student’s choice. Students who choose to have email forwarded to another email address do so at their own risk. The University is not responsible for email forwarded to any other email address. A student’s failure to receive or read in a timely manner official University communications sent to the student’s official email address does not absolve the student from knowing and complying with the content of the official communication.

Faculty may assume that a student’s official University email is a valid mechanism for communicating with a student, and faculty may use email for communicating with students registered in their classes. This policy will ensure that all students will be able to comply with course requirements communicated to them by email from their course instructors.
EthicsPoint

Northwestern has selected EthicsPoint to provide students and other University affiliates with a simple way to report activities that may involve misconduct or violations of University policy, including academic or research misconduct, conflicts of interest, criminal activity, discrimination or harassment, health or safety issues, fraud or financial improprieties, workplace violence or threats, and acts of retaliation. For 24 hours a day/365 days a year, EthicsPoint provides monitoring and intake of reports via telephone or through the internet by specially trained personnel. The site can be accessed at www.northwestern.edu/audit-and-advisory/services/compliance/ethics-and-compliance.html. This service is not a substitute for, nor does it supersede, any existing reporting methods or protocols already in place at Northwestern for reporting suspected problems or complaints. Instead, the EthicsPoint system provides an additional means of reporting such issues that provides reporters with options to protect their identity. Any suspected problems or complaints reported via EthicsPoint will be reviewed in accordance with current University procedures, including those described in the Faculty Handbook, Staff Handbook, and Student Handbook. Northwestern policy prohibits the taking of retaliatory action against anyone for reporting or inquiring about potential breaches of University policy or for seeking guidance on how to handle suspected breaches.

EthicsPoint is not a 911 or emergency service. Do not use EthicsPoint to report events presenting an immediate threat to life or property or other emergency. Reports submitted through this service may not receive an immediate response. If you require emergency assistance, please call 911.
Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA)

Under the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA), all students have certain rights with regard to their educational records. A copy of Northwestern’s student records policy is available at the Office of the Registrar’s website, www.registrar.northwestern.edu/academic_records/FERPA_policy.html. FERPA grants students the rights to:

- Inspect and review their educational records at Northwestern University;
- Request an amendment of their records to ensure the records are not inaccurate, misleading, or in violation of privacy rights;
- Consent to release or to restrict disclosure of personally identifiable information contained in their educational records, except under certain limited circumstances when, by law, consent is not required; and
- File a complaint with the US Department of Education concerning alleged failures by Northwestern University to comply with FERPA requirements.

Consistent with FERPA, the University reserves the right to inform parents or legal guardians of underage students who violate University policies or local, state, or federal laws related to the use or possession of drugs and alcohol, as well as in other situations when authorized by FERPA.

Financial Obligations

The Office of Student Accounts is responsible for billing and collection of tuition, fees, and room and board charges.

As a Northwestern student, you are responsible for fulfilling your financial obligations to the University. If your account becomes overdue, you must pay a late payment fee. In addition, you are liable for any costs associated with the collection of your unpaid bills, including, but not limited to, collection agency costs, court costs, and legal fees.

The director of student accounts may cancel or prevent the registration of students whose accounts are overdue. Students whose University bills are unpaid when due may not be issued their diploma or transcript or have their enrollment or degrees confirmed until all financial obligations are paid in full.

Complete financial regulations for students on the Evanston campus can be found at:

Complete financial regulations for students on the Chicago campus can be found at: www.northwestern.edu/sfs/documents/publications_and_forms/FinRegsCh.pdf.

Fraternity and Sorority Recruitment for First-Year Students

Northwestern University restricts first-year students from joining the Interfraternity Council, Multicultural Greek Council, National Pan-Hellenic Council, or Panhellenic Association member groups until winter quarter. During fall quarter no fraternity or sorority may offer an invitation of membership to any first-year student. A first-year student may accept an invitation of membership from a chapter only after the start of winter quarter. Upperclass students and transfer students are permitted to participate in fall, winter, or spring quarter informal recruitment programs sponsored by the chapters. Alcohol is not permitted at any recruitment or new member/pledge activity.

In the fall quarter during Wildcat Welcome (New Student Week) and the subsequent first two weeks of classes, first-year students may not attend an event by the governing councils (Interfraternity Council, Multicultural Greek Council, National Pan-Hellenic Council, and Panhellenic Association) or sponsored by an individual fraternity or sorority chapter. Additionally, first-year students may not visit a fraternity or sorority house except to visit a close relative, fulfill an academic requirement, carry out official University business, or meet obligations of employment. Starting on the Sunday of the third week, first-year students are permitted to enter chapter houses unless University policy violations are occurring or their presence is otherwise prohibited under the policies governing fraternity and sorority chapters. Both first-year students and chapters are subject to discipline for violating this policy. Check with the Office of Fraternity and Sorority Life for additional policies and procedures.

Gambling

Illinois law and University policy prohibit gambling in any form, the sponsoring of lotteries, and the sale of lottery tickets, except lotteries and raffles conducted in accordance with state and local law. It is also Northwestern University policy that any event that suggests University endorsement of gambling is not permissible. Students and student organizations involved in gambling-related incidents may face legal and disciplinary actions.

Gambling includes any game of chance or skill played for money or other thing of value, but it may be permissible to offer prizes, awards, or other compensation to the actual contestants in any bona fide contest for the determination of skill. Prohibited activities include blackjack, poker, euchre, any other card game, craps, roulette, and other comparable games when these games are played for money or any other thing of value, including, but not limited to, cash or prizes. Events featuring bona fide games of skill, such as darts or billiards, at which prizes are
International Students and Policies on Student Immigration Status

International students entering the United States agree to follow the regulations of their immigration status. They should refer to the requirements information described at www.northwestern.edu/international in order to remain in compliance with US immigration regulations, which govern the procedures and laws governing their academic study, travel, and employment in the United States.

Liability

The University bears no responsibility for the loss of, theft of, or damage to personal property of students. Students and their parents are encouraged to purchase insurance that will cover the student’s personal property while the student is away from home attending school. Any loss, theft, or damage to personal property should be promptly reported to the University Police Department.

Library Materials

Students must observe policies on the use of library facilities, computers, and materials. Most library policies are posted at www.library.northwestern.edu/about/library-administration/library-policies. These apply to all libraries on the Evanston campus and in general to those on the Chicago campus (Galter Health Sciences Library, Pritzker Legal Research Center, and Schaffner Library). Additional services and policies for each Chicago location can be found at the respective websites:

Thief, mutilation, graffiti, vandalism or any other actions that render books, periodicals, or other library materials or facilities inaccessible or unfit for use is a serious offense against the University community. Students who commit any of these offenses shall be subject to University disciplinary procedures and, upon being found in violation, may be suspended or excluded from the University. These offenses may also lead to police investigation and prosecution.

Proper conduct is required in all facilities. This includes limitations on where food and drink can be consumed, prohibition of disorderly conduct towards staff and other library users, regulations about the presence of animals, and a ban on commercial activities, smoking, skateboards and bicycles. Special permission is required for filming and photography and for the use of certain rooms and facilities. The full policy on building use is at www.library.northwestern.edu/about/library-administration/library-policies/building-use.

Identification Cards (WildCARDs)

The University identification card (WildCARD) identifies registered students and should be carried at all times. The WildCARD is the property of the University and is not transferable; its privileges may be canceled at any time if the card is misused. Students are required to surrender their WildCARD to University officials upon request.

The student’s ID number is encoded on the card and indicates whether the student is currently registered and if the card is valid. The card identifies the holder for admission to the library during hours of limited access and is needed at all times to borrow books. If students carry a meal plan, the WildCARD admits them to residence hall dining facilities. It also identifies the holder at Health Services, Norris University Center, student functions and elections, and University athletic events and as a resident of an oncampus living unit.

A cardholder may activate a personal U.S. Bank student checking account, allowing the card to be used as an automatic teller machine (ATM) card. Cardholders can then make purchases wherever ATM cards are accepted as well as write checks against an available balance.

A cash stripe on the WildCARD may be used for purchases in some vending machines and copiers. To use the cash stripe, find any campus Cash to Card machine and insert the card and then money, up to a maximum of $50. Visitors may purchase cash stripe cards at select Cash to Card machines in the main University Library.

Hundreds of local businesses participate in the WildCARD Advantage program by offering discounts to students on a wide range of products and services. For more information, visit www.northwestern.edu/user-services/wildcard/advantage_discounts.

Immediately report a lost or stolen card to the WildCARD Office, 847.467.NUID (N843). Leave a voicemail message if calling after hours. Cards may be replaced at the WildCARD office at Norris University Center, underground level, for a $15 fee. Found cards should be returned or mailed to the WildCARD office.

awarded may be permissible, but betting will not be allowed. Any requests for events at which games of skill will be played must be approved by Student Involvement or other designated University officials.
Noise

Evanston city ordinance prohibits the playing of loudspeakers, sound amplifiers, radios, phonographs, musical instruments, or other such devices in such a way that the volume disturbs the neighboring area. The operation of any such device between the hours of 10:00 p.m. and 7:00 a.m. Sunday through Thursday and 11:00 p.m. and 7:00 a.m. Friday and Saturday, whereby sounds are plainly audible at a distance of 50 feet from the location of such a device, is prima facie evidence of a violation of the ordinance.

Evanston city ordinance also states that it is unlawful for any person within the city to make, continue, or cause to be continued any loud, unnecessary, or unusual noise that disturbs the peace of others within the city limits. Included are musical instruments, radios, or any other device for producing or reproducing sound or with louder volume than necessary for the convenient hearing of persons who are in the room or outdoor area. Yelling and shouting, specifically between the hours of 11:00 p.m. and 7:00 a.m., are also prohibited. In addition, no person shall disturb or destroy the peace of the neighborhood (through boisterous behavior or behavior that is dangerous or detrimental to health) in which the building or premises is situated. Any person found violating any provision of this ordinance may be fined for each offense. Local ordinances on noise and related subjects are found in Title 9, Chapter 5, of the Evanston City Code, available online at www.cityofevanston.org/government/city-code/.

Medical Leave of Absence Protocol

The purpose of a voluntary medical leave of absence (MLOA) is to provide students time away from campus for treatment of a physical or mental health condition that impairs a student's ability to function safely and successfully as a member of our community. Students can apply for a MLOA up to the eighth week of the quarter in which the student wishes to take a leave. Each leave is individualized based on the needs of the student and handled on a case-by-case basis. Students who request and obtain a voluntary MLOA during an academic quarter may be eligible for a number of benefits, including:

- Larger tuition refunds
- Later course withdrawals
- A coordinated treatment plan

For international students, depending upon the circumstances, an MLOA may provide a way to remain in the United States while maintaining legal status and receiving treatment.

All MLOAs for undergraduate, The Graduate School, and School of Law students are processed in the Dean of Students Office. Students can begin the process on the Dean of Students Office website, www.northwestern.edu/studentaffairs/dos/programs-services/medical-leave-of-absence/index.html

Motor Vehicles

Policies regarding the possession, operation, and parking of motor vehicles on campus are available on the web at www.northwestern.edu/up/parking.

The use of computers and digital library resources is subject to the university policies noted elsewhere in this handbook, especially in matters of copyright, privacy, and network security. These are outlined at www.library.northwestern.edu/about/library-administration/library-policies/computer-workstations.

Policies pertaining to borrowing periods, fines, refunds, room reservations, recommendations for purchases, permissions for reproduction of images and other library services are listed at the library's web site, www.library.northwestern.edu/services.
Northwestern University Police Department

Under state law (Illinois Compiled Statutes, chapter 110, section 1020/1) and through the authority conferred by the Board of Trustees of the University, University Police officers have the authority, while enforcing state and local laws both on and off University property, to:

1. Investigate alleged violations of the law;
2. Detain or arrest individuals alleged to have violated such statutes;
3. Establish the legitimacy of a person’s actions or presence on University property through requests for identification;
4. Issue criminal trespass warnings and escort individuals from the campus who do not have a legitimate reason to be on the property;
5. Use the appropriate force, while acting in an official capacity, that is reasonable and necessary, under established guidelines, to enforce the law.

As University officials, University Police officers also have the authority to:

1. Ensure compliance with University policies, including reporting alleged violations to the appropriate administrator for action;
2. Refer students to the Division of Student Affairs for disposition of alleged minor legal infractions or alleged violations of University policies.

Responsibilities of University Police

The University Police Department is responsible for crime prevention, law enforcement, parking control, enforcement of University policies, special event security, and emergency incident management. All University Police officers are expected to carry out their duties in a professional and courteous manner.

Questions regarding the University Police Department may be answered at one of the following locations or telephone numbers:

Evanston campus
120 Davis Street
847-491-3456

Chicago campus
211 East Superior Street
312-503-3456

Patents and Inventions

The University’s Patent and Invention Policy, which may be found at www.invo.northwestern.edu/policies, applies to all members of the University community, including students. Acceptance of this policy is a condition of employment and enrollment. Questions regarding this policy should be directed to the Innovation and New Ventures Office, 847-467-2097, invo@northwestern.edu.

Public Showing of Copyrighted Videos and Material

The Federal Copyright Act (Title 17 of the United States Code) governs how copyrighted materials, such as movies and television shows, may be used. Neither the rental nor the purchase of a videocassette or DVD carries with it the right to show the video outside the home.

Public showing of copyrighted material without the appropriate performance rights not only may result in civil penalties but also could lead to criminal penalties, including imprisonment. It is also prohibited by University policy and may result in disciplinary action.

Regardless of the number of people in the room and the cost of entry to the video, unless students are in the privacy of their own homes, they may not show a rented or purchased video. A Public Performance Site License is a site-based license allowing entertainment films that are produced for “home use only” to be exhibited in a specific public setting. Exhibitions of a video to groups outside the privacy of a home setting can be construed as a public showing that, absent authorization, may constitute copyright infringement. Such performances require specific permission from the copyright owner. For more information see www.swank.com/college/index.html.

For questions regarding movie rights or what constitutes a legal showing on campus, contact any adviser in Student Involvement or an appropriate Residential Services official.

Respect NU - Hate Crimes and Bias Incidents

At Northwestern we are committed to maintaining an open and supportive environment, free of acts of bias, hate, discrimination, harassment, and all other forms of coercion that impede academic freedom or diminish the dignity of any member of the University community.

It is the policy of Northwestern University not to discriminate or to permit discrimination against any individual on the basis of race, color, religion, national origin, sex, pregnancy, sexual orientation, gender
SafeRide

SafeRide is a service provided to members of the Northwestern community as a safe and free alternative to walking alone after dark. SafeRide operates from 7:00 pm to 3:00 am seven days a week during the academic year when classes are in session; excluding summer session. SafeRide drivers provide rides from campus to destinations off campus within our Evanston boundaries and back to campus. SafeRide is not a taxi; it is a safety service meant to be used in conjunction with other safe travel strategies such as walking in groups, using the Northwestern Shuttle Service, or using one of the local taxi services.

The preferred method for getting a SafeRide is by using the TapRide app, for more information go to: www.northwestern.edu/saferide/getting-a-ride/topride/index.html If you do not have a smart phone you can still get a SafeRide by calling 847-491-7000

SafeRide operates during summer when student employees are available; this is decided during spring quarter each academic year.

Riders are expected to comply with the following policies when using SafeRide:

• Maximum of three people per ride;
• No advanced reservations; all rides are dispatched on a first-come, first-served basis;
• No transport beyond its boundaries, and no rides for less than three blocks;
• Pickups on Northwestern shuttle routes may be redirected to the shuttles;
• SafeRide reserves the right to refuse service in situations that place drivers in danger, including when passengers are drunk, disorderly, or abusive; and
• SafeRide does not provide medical transport. If an ambulance is needed, please call 911.

SafeRide regulations can be found at: www.northwestern.edu/saferide/getting-a-ride/regulations/index.html

Shuttle Bus Service

Northwestern University operates several shuttles for students on the Evanston and Chicago campuses. A valid WildCARD is required to ride the shuttles. Schedules are posted at all designated stops and are available at www.shuttle.northwestern.edu. For service updates, call 847-467-5284. Students can track shuttle arrivals and departures through Northwestern smartphone applications and online at www.northwestern.edu/uservices/gps/index.html.
Student Organizations

Student organizations at Northwestern University have additional policies. All student organizations are responsible for these policies when sponsoring events. For a complete set of policies, applications, and information on sponsoring any type of event, go to the Campus Life on the third floor of Norris University Center or online at www.northwestern.edu/studentaffairs/csi or to the office that is responsible for advising the particular group (e.g., Fraternity and Sorority Life, Residential College Office, Residential Services, the Multicultural Center, the Chaplain’s Office, Athletics, or the appropriate academic department). Student organizations must be registered via Wildcat Connection through Campus Life.

Policies Regarding Alcohol at On- and Off-Campus Events Sponsored by Registered Student Organizations, Residence Halls, and Residential Colleges
To promote health and safety and to ensure compliance with federal, state, and local laws as well as University policies, the University has developed a series of policies that recognized student organizations (as well as residence halls and residential colleges) must follow if they plan to host certain events at which alcohol will be served. These policies include specific requirements regarding compliance with laws regarding alcohol; insurance and indemnification; timelines; the execution of contracts and agreements; the responsibilities of the organization, its advisers, and the host site or vendor; and costs. Refer to www.northwestern.edu/studentaffairs/csi/manage-your-org/event-planning/contracts/index.html for complete and detailed information on these policies and their requirements.

Campus Publicity

It is the policy of Northwestern University that only registered organizations of the Northwestern community are allowed to advertise and promote their events on University property. Furthermore, all advertisements and other forms of publicity must clearly state the name(s) of the sponsoring student(s) and/or organization(s). Specific procedures for publicizing events on campus can be found on the Division of Student Affairs website and/or in the pamphlet “Campus Publicity Policies and Procedures,” published annually and available from the Dean of Students Office (Scott Hall, lower level), the Norris Events Planning and Production Office, and Student Involvement as well as online at www.northwestern.edu/studentaffairs/csi/manage-your-org/event-planning/index.html.

Student or student group violations of the campus publicity policy and/or procedures should be referred to the director of Student Organizations and Activities. Campus Life will resolve the matter administratively or refer the complaint to the University Hearing and Appeals System or other designated resolution procedure.

Copyright Law and Public Showing of Videos and DVDs

Student organizations and groups, including residence halls and residential colleges, that wish to show copyrighted material, including movies and television shows, in a public forum are required to secure appropriate performance rights before displaying the material. For more information, see “Public Showing of Copyrighted Videos and Material” on page 119.

Gambling Policy for Student Groups
See “Gambling” on page 113 of this Student Handbook.

Hazing Policy for Student Groups
See “Hazing” on page 28 of this Student Handbook.

Fiscal Responsibility, Contracts, and Business Practices

Student organizations, through their affiliation with Northwestern University, may enjoy numerous “umbrella” benefits, including recognition, sponsorship, tax-exempt status, and certain insurance and legal services. However, for an organization to enjoy these benefits, it must meet various requirements—University, federal and local—and be subject to the restrictions that accompany them.

These requirements include restrictions and procedures governing fiscal responsibility and the use of University monies (including the use of SOFO, SAFC, and other University funds, accounts, and financial systems), making and executing contracts (including restrictions on who may sign contracts), and business dealings (including conflicts of interest). These policies are in place to assist student organizations in maintaining fiscally sound and ethical practices and to comply with University policies. Many of these policies also include provisions governing the conduct of a student organization’s officers and provide specific administrative actions and penalties that may be imposed in the event of a breach.

The Policies and Procedures handbook from the Student Organization Finance Office (SOFO) contains the most comprehensive outline of the guidelines, practices, and policies governing the fiscal and business practices of student organizations. This document is available online at www.northwestern.edu/norris/services/sofo/assets/sofo-policies.pdf. For more information about SOFO policies and other guide lines governing student organizations, please contact Student Involvement, the Student Organization Finance Office, or the office that is responsible for advising the particular group.
Crowdfunding
As students investigate new sources of funding for projects and activities, turning to the internet for crowdfunding is an ever more relevant option. Student organizations can apply to the CATalyzer program via catalyzer.northwestern.edu/.

Before entering into a crowdfunding agreement, please work with your faculty or staff advisor, staff in Student Organizations & Activities, and Alumni Relations and Development utilizing the information posted on the Northwestern Group Fundraising section found here: wewill.northwestern.edu/s/1479/282-giving/list-campaign.aspx?sid=1479&gid=282&pgid=8708

If a group or individual choose to use another tool, it may only be under the following conditions:

• Review the terms and conditions of the agreement, including tax issues
• Use individual name, or the name of your group or organization (not Northwestern University)
• You may identify your role at Northwestern but clearly state that you are launching the project separate from Northwestern
• You may not use any official NU images for marketing
• Do not make any statements about charitable contributions to Northwestern University

Study Abroad
Before students may be approved to study abroad for credit at Northwestern, they must— in addition to all other requirements—demonstrate emotional stability and maturity, indicating the ability to lead a stable, responsible, and healthy life abroad as a representative of Northwestern. To make thorough assessments, the Study Abroad Office, Office of International Program Development, and/or Global Engagement Studies Institute—and, in some cases, the faculty and/University Study Abroad Committee—consult with the Division of Student Affairs to determine whether applicants have committed any conduct or housing violations and to ascertain the circumstances surrounding any such violations. This information is used in determining a student’s suitability for study abroad and may also be shared with the program to which that student applies. Students who have serious or repeated conduct and/or academic violations may not be permitted to study abroad, even if their NU Study Abroad Application had been previously approved. A student who is placed on disciplinary probation that extends into the program’s term will not be permitted to study abroad. In some cases, students denied access to study abroad due to disciplinary probation may have the opportunity to appeal.

All students studying abroad for credit also must adhere to Northwestern University policies, as explained in this Student Handbook. Students studying abroad on any program, including programs administered by Northwestern and those administered by outside institutions, who violate Northwestern policies—including Northwestern Study Abroad policies—may be subject to further disciplinary action upon returning to Northwestern. The onsite resident director, program administrator, or Northwestern University may dismiss any student whose conduct or academic standing warrants such a step. Furthermore, Northwestern reserves the right to deny credit to students who do not complete their study abroad programs on site, whether they are dismissed from the program or leave voluntarily.
UNIVERSITY HEARING AND APPEALS SYSTEM
UNIVERSITY HEARING AND APPEALS SYSTEM

The purpose of the student conduct process is to promote integrity, civility, respect, and accountability within the University community and to provide prompt, fair, and impartial means for resolving situations in which a Northwestern student(s) or student groups/organizations are alleged to have violated a nonacademic standard or policy of the University.

This section of the Student Handbook explains the student conduct process, also known as the University Hearing and Appeals System (UHAS). This is the process used to resolve alleged violations of University policies by Northwestern students. A number of factors, including the conduct alleged, the potential sanctions, and the interest and willingness of a reporter to engage in the student conduct process will determine the specific aspects of this process that are utilized in each case. The process is detailed in this section as follows:

• **Overview** – In order to fully understand the UHAS, it is important to have an understanding of some of the foundational aspects of the system
• **Report and Initial Inquiry** – The student conduct process begins when the Office of Student Conduct receives a report or a referral.
• **Interim Actions** – At times, the University may take action to ensure the safety and security of the Northwestern community and its members while resolution of a student conduct case is pending.
• **Informal Resolution** – Reporters may prefer or the University may determine that an allegation is best resolved through informal means.
• **Formal Resolution** – The University uses administrative and panel hearings to determine responsibility for alleged policy violations and, when applicable, to assign sanctions.

OVERVIEW

Office of Student Conduct

The Office of Student Conduct (OSC) is responsible for ensuring students honor and respect themselves, their peers, and the Northwestern community. The OSC does this by maintaining and enforcing the Student Code of Conduct and the student conduct process known as the University Hearing and Appeals System.

The Office of Student Conduct is responsible for resolving nonacademic student conduct matters, for ensuring student compliance with all nonacademic conduct conditions and sanctions assigned through the student conduct process, and for maintaining official non-academic student conduct records. The Office of Student Conduct designates individuals or entities to administer the student conduct process, including the appointment of University Conduct Investigator(s), University Hearing Officers, and the University Hearing Panel.

Time Limitations

There is no time limit for when an incident of alleged misconduct may be reported; however, absent exceptional circumstances, the OSC typically will not investigate reports submitted after the respondent has graduated or over one calendar year after the occurrence of the alleged incident. With agreement from the vice president for student affairs, the OSC may investigate and resolve a report of misconduct for a student who has graduated and is alleged to have committed a violation during their time as a student. All reports should be made as soon as possible after the incident of alleged misconduct because the passing of time makes a review of the evidence much more difficult, and the memories of involved parties become less reliable.

Case Timelines

Though the University strives to resolve all cases in a timely manner, there is no typical timeline for a case. The University is committed to providing an initial resolution for all cases within 60 days of receiving notice of the incident. Additional time may be needed for appeals or for exigent circumstances such as break periods or leaves of absence. However, most cases are resolved in a much shorter timeframe, many in a couple weeks.
Retaliation

University policy strongly prohibits the taking of any retaliatory action for the good faith reporting of alleged improper or wrongful activity, assisting another in making such a report, or participating in an investigation or resolution of such matters. Thus, it is prohibited to engage, directly or indirectly, in any action or attempt to harass, intimidate, retaliate against, or improperly influence any individual associated with the student conduct process. Any participant in a pending UHAS proceeding who is aware of possible retaliation or has other concerns regarding a UHAS matter should report these concerns to the OSC, the dean of students, or the vice president for student affairs, who shall take appropriate action to address such conduct in a prompt and equitable manner.

Definition of Roles

In the student conduct process, the person who reports a concern and/or who has been impacted by an alleged policy violation is known as the reporter. The term reporter is synonymous with the term complainant which is used in other areas of the University. The person who is alleged to have violated University policy is known as the respondent. Witnesses are people who have direct or indirect knowledge related to specific aspects of a conduct case.

Participant Rights and Responsibilities in UHAS

All who participate in the UHAS will be treated with dignity and respect and have the right not to be retaliated against for their participation. Those who participate in UHAS, as either a reporter or a respondent, have the following additional rights:

- To be given notice of the allegations before the hearing and to have the allegations explained clearly and fully
- To a prompt, fair, and impartial investigation and resolution
- To a hearing—defined as the opportunity to be heard and to give one’s account of the situation
- To be knowledgeable about the information being considered by the investigator/hearing officer and to have the opportunity to respond to that information
- To have the allegations resolved by hearing officers, panel members, and investigators who are properly trained and who are able to act impartially

Privacy

All parties involved in a conduct case, investigation, or hearing are restricted from disclosing the identity of the parties and any details or information regarding an incident, investigation, or hearing to anyone except to officers of the University as necessary to implement any provisions of this system or the business of the University or otherwise in conformity with law or University policy. Any individuals who violate these confidentiality provisions will be subject to possible sanctions through the appropriate resolution process. The University reserves the right to share information regarding the case with other appropriate parties on a need-to-know basis in accordance with FERPA. For additional information on the privacy expectations for cases related to sexual misconduct, please see the section titled Cases Related to Sexual Misconduct on page 148.

Participants

The University invites reporters and witnesses to participate fully in the student conduct process. In order for OSC to investigate a student conduct matter and/or enable a respondent to fully respond to the allegations, most situations will require the reporter’s participation and that their identity be disclosed to the participants in the student conduct process. If a reporter decides not to participate, but wants student conduct action to be taken, the University will determine whether it is possible to move forward with a case without the participation of the reporter. In some cases, it will not be possible for student conduct action to be taken without the participation of the reporter. Should the reporter request anonymity or decide that they do not want student conduct action taken, the University will attempt to honor this request but, in some cases, the University may need to proceed with an investigation and/or hearing based on concern for the safety or well-being of the broader University community.

The University expects respondents to participate fully in all aspects of the student conduct process. If a respondent elects not to participate in any part of the process, the Office of Student Conduct may proceed without the respondent’s participation. Respondents will be held accountable for any outcomes issued, even if they fail to participate.

For additional information on participation for cases related to sexual misconduct, please see the section titled Cases Related to Sexual Misconduct on page 148.
REPORTS AND INITIAL INQUIRY

Reports of Alleged Misconduct

Anyone is welcome to submit an incident report to the OSC describing alleged student misconduct. Reports of alleged student misconduct can be submitted to the OSC through an incident report form, which can be found here: bit.ly/NUStudentConductReports. Separate reports are provided on this site for general concerns, as well as for incidents involving sexual misconduct and bias. Students who prefer to submit a report in person can contact the Office of Student Conduct at student-conduct@northwestern.edu or 847-491-4582 to schedule a meeting with a staff member. Incident reports are also commonly received through University entities including but not limited to Residential Services, Northwestern University Police Department, Title IX coordinators and deputy coordinators, and Office of Fraternity and Sorority Life, as well as the Evanston Police Department.

While anonymous incident reports will be reviewed by the OSC, the University’s ability to address alleged misconduct reported by anonymous sources is significantly limited; therefore, anonymous reports are discouraged.

Initial Inquiry

A student conduct administrator designated by the Office of Student Conduct will gather information regarding the alleged incident in order to determine the appropriate means of resolution. During the initial inquiry, the administrator will review all available information related to a report. Based on the information available, the level of detail known about an incident, the interest and willingness of a reporter to participate in the student conduct process, and whether the report is related to a University policy, the administrator will determine the appropriate path for each case: Available options include:

- **Dismiss the Case:** In order for a case to be referred for disciplinary action, there must be sufficient information to believe a policy violation may have occurred and the alleged individual/group may be responsible. Cases may be dismissed when insufficient information exists to move forward and when the alleged misconduct—even if substantiated—would not be a violation of policy.
- **Informal Resolution:** The conduct administrator may determine an informal resolution would best resolve the situation. Examples of informal resolutions can include, but are not limited to, a warning to cease current behaviors, no-contact directives, and changes in academic, work, or living arrangements.
Interim Relocation or Removal from Campus Housing

The University may issue an interim relocation or removal from campus housing for reasons related to the safety and well-being of the parties involved, the residential community, or the residence hall property. An interim relocation or removal from campus housing may be imposed by the executive director of residential services, or designee, and shall become effective immediately without prior notice. The assistant vice president of student auxiliary services may take the same action for students who reside in fraternity/sorority-affiliated on-campus housing.

Interim Suspension

An interim suspension of a student from the University for allegations of nonacademic misconduct may be imposed by the vice president for student affairs, or designee, in their discretion and shall become effective immediately. The vice president for student affairs or the designee issuing the interim suspension will make a reasonable attempt to speak with the student and give the student an initial opportunity to respond to the concerns before issuing the interim suspension.

Allegations that may warrant an interim suspension include, but are not limited to:

- Sale, distribution, use, or possession of illegal drugs
- Use or possession of dangerous weapons
- Sexual misconduct
- Theft of or damage to property
- Obstruction or disruption of teaching, research, administration, hearing procedures, or other University activities
- Physical abuse of any person or action that threatens or endangers the emotional wellbeing, health, or safety of any person, including oneself
- Written, verbal, or nonverbal threats of harm to members of the University community or the community as a whole, including oneself
- Fraud

Any student who receives an interim suspension will be required to remove themselves immediately from the residence halls and/or fraternity or sorority residences, will not be permitted to attend class, and will be excluded from University property and University events unless the student’s presence on campus or at University events is explicitly authorized by the vice president for student affairs or designee issuing the interim action.

INTERIM ACTIONS

Upon receipt of a report but prior to the resolution of an allegation of misconduct, the Office of Student Conduct or designee(s) may take interim action (including protective measures and accommodations) to ensure the safety and security of the University community, University community members, or University property. Interim actions are all placed pending prompt hearing through UHAS. In such instances the University will typically attempt to speak with the respondent and give them an initial opportunity to respond to the allegation of policy violation prior to issuing the interim actions.

These actions may be applied to the reporter, the respondent or the broader University community and include (but are not limited to):

- A no-contact directive placed between students or between a student and another member of the University community
- Changes in academic, work, or living arrangements
- Assistance in requesting academic allowances
- A formal request or warning that a student cease current behaviors
- Removal of privileges or suspension of activity (including attendance in a specific class)
- Request that a student seek and maintain treatment for a condition that threatens the safety of the student and/or community
- Issuance of a timely warning to the University community
- A forensic threat assessment at the recommendation of the Behavior Consultation Team

• Formal Resolution: The conduct administrator may determine that there is reasonable information to suggest a policy violation may have occurred and that the respondent’s level of responsibility (if any) should be determined. In these cases, the conduct administrator will refer the case to formal resolution for further investigation and formal resolution.

For additional information on the initial inquiry as it relates to cases involving alleged sexual misconduct, please see the section titled UHAS – Cases Related to Sexual Misconduct on page 148.

Additionally, the OSC administrator will determine whether interim actions should be taken while the case is pending. Interim actions may include measures taken prior to the formal resolution to ensure the safety and security of the campus community.
Any respondent who has received an interim suspension should expect a prompt and fair formal resolution to their alleged misconduct through the UHAS. A student who has been suspended on an interim basis will have 60 days to request a hearing; failure to request a hearing within this time shall constitute a disciplinary exclusion from the University. A student on interim suspension may request an expedited hearing through the Office of Student Conduct, which will schedule a hearing within a reasonable time. The Office of Student Conduct must balance the need for a prompt outcome with the need to protect the integrity of the system and to ensure a fair, thorough, and equitable student conduct process and outcome.

The University retains the right to postpone a hearing and/or appeal through the UHAS if the University determines the respondent’s presence in the University community would pose an unacceptable threat to the University community or would otherwise significantly disrupt the educational or other activities of the University community. In the event the University postpones a formal resolution procedure, it will advise the student of the conditions that must be met, which may include a forensic threat assessment (see “Interim Actions” above) prior to the hearing and/or appeal through the UHAS or other designated resolution procedure.

For additional information on interim actions as they related to cases involving sexual misconduct, please see the Sexual Misconduct policy on page 60.

**INFORMAL RESOLUTION**

Informal resolution is typically used in two instances. First, it is used when a reporter does not want to be identified or does not want to participate in a formal resolution process and the University determines it can honor the reporter’s request but still needs to take actions to help prevent the recurrence or remediate the impact of the alleged incident. Second, it is used when a conduct administrator determines there is not enough information to refer a case of alleged misconduct to formal resolution but still believes action is necessary to address the impact on the University community, University community member, or University property. This might be the case, for example, when a policy violation is alleged to have occurred in an identifiable group within the University (e.g., residence hall floor, research lab) but a specific respondent cannot be identified.

An informal resolution is similar to an interim action but serves as final resolution and is not put in place pending a hearing through UHAS. Informal resolution does not result in findings related to responsibility or in sanctions. Options for informal resolution include, but are not limited to:

- A no-contact directive placed between students or between a student and another member of the University community
- Changes in academic, work, or living arrangements
- An educational meeting with a student or community
- A formal advisory letter and/or request that a student cease current behaviors
- Permanent relocation or removal from a residence hall or fraternity/sorority-affiliated on-campus housing
- Deferred conduct action

For additional information on informal resolution as it relates to cases involving alleged sexual misconduct, please see the section titled Cases Related to Sexual Misconduct on page 148.

**Relocation or Removal from Housing**

The executive director of residential services, or designee, has the authority to take administrative actions regarding the housing of students who live on campus, including relocating a student to a new room or residence hall or removing a student from on-campus housing. The assistant vice president of student auxiliary services, or designee, has the authority to take administrative actions regarding the housing of students who live in fraternity/sorority-affiliated on-campus housing, including relocating a student or removing a student from fraternity/sorority-affiliated on-campus housing. These actions are considered final and are not subject to further review.

**Deferred Conduct Action**

In appropriate situations, conduct cases may be deferred. When a case is deferred, the University refrains from taking any action on a case for a designated period of time (generally up to one year from the date of the incident), during which time a student may be given the opportunity to satisfy certain conditions or obligations as a means of avoiding further conduct action. Sanctions may also be deferred. Deferred conduct action is not taken in cases related to sexual misconduct.
Types of Hearings

There are two types of hearings offered through UHAS: Administrative Hearings and Panel Hearings. An Administrative Hearing or Panel Hearing is used to resolve a case as follows:

- **Administrative hearings** are used in all cases that do not have the potential to result in separation from the University (i.e., suspension, exclusion, degree revocation, expulsion, or group dissolution).
- **Panel hearings** are used in all cases with the potential to result in separation from the University and which involve allegations of: (1) an incident of violence (involving force or threat of force, aggravated assault, robbery, murder, or non-negligent manslaughter) for which the victim is a current and continuing member of the University community, or (2) sexual misconduct.
- In cases with the potential to result in separation from the University that do not involve allegations of an incident of violence (as defined above) or sexual misconduct, the respondent may choose whether to have the allegations resolved through an Administrative or a Panel Hearing.

The potential of an alleged violation to result in separation from the University will be determined by the director of the Office of Student Conduct or designee. For additional information on the hearing types used in cases involving alleged sexual misconduct, please see the section titled Cases Related to Sexual Misconduct on page 148.

Administrative Hearings

An Administrative Hearing is a conversation between a respondent and a conduct administrator, known as a Hearing Officer.

Hearing Officers

A Hearing Officer is a conduct administrator assigned to a specific case of alleged misconduct. Conduct administrators are members of the University staff, usually from within the Division of Student Affairs. Conduct administrators are trained by the OSC to serve as Hearing Officers and to investigate, hear, and resolve matters of student conduct according to the policies and procedures outlined here. It is the responsibility of the OSC to ensure Hearing Officers are able to act impartially in all cases they hear. If a student is concerned about the ability of a Hearing Officer to act impartially, they can request that the director of the OSC review the assignment of the Hearing Officer. For an administrative hearing, this request should be made upon receipt of initial contact by the Hearing Office, and in all cases, prior to the beginning of the hearing.
Investigation
The Hearing Officer assigned to a case of alleged misconduct may begin by conducting an investigation into what occurred. This investigation may include, but is not limited to, reviewing documentation, speaking with the reporter, respondent, and/or witnesses; reviewing material available electronically; or requesting written statements from any person involved in the alleged incident. The scope of the investigation will vary depending on the particular facts and information available in each case. When more complex investigations are required, similar procedures as are outlined in Panel Hearing Investigations (see page 142) will apply, though a formal investigative report is not written.

Format of Administrative Hearings
An Administrative Hearing is structured as a discussion or conversation and is conducted in private. The Hearing Officer will review the incident report and/or findings of their investigation with the respondent and give the respondent an opportunity to respond. In all cases both the reporter and respondent will have equal opportunities to share information and have their information considered. The Hearing Officer will determine whether the respondent is responsible for the alleged policy violation and, if so, will issue appropriate sanctions. At times, the Hearing Officer will communicate the outcome of the Administrative Hearing at the end of the meeting. However, at times, the Hearing Officer will need additional time to consider all of the information related to a case and will communicate the outcome with the respondent in a reasonable timeframe after the Administrative Hearing (see “Notification of Outcome” on page 144).

Administrative Reviews
Both the reporter and respondent have the right to request an Administrative Review of the outcome of an Administrative Hearing. Requests for Reviews must be submitted in writing within a reasonable time as designated by the conduct administrator in writing to the student (typically, within 72 hours of receiving the outcome of an Administrative Hearing). Reviews will be conducted by the director of student conduct or another hearing officer as designated by the director. In cases where the director of student conduct served as a Hearing Officer for a case (or in which the director cannot serve as an impartial reviewer), a Review will be conducted by the dean of students or designee. The finding and sanction issued by the original Hearing Officer are presumed to have been decided reasonably and appropriately, and the only grounds for appeal are as follows:

• New information discovered after the Administrative Hearing that could not have reasonably been available at the time of the hearing and is of a nature that could materially change the outcome
• Procedural errors within the student conduct process that may have substantially affected the fairness of the hearing
• An outcome (findings or sanctions) that was manifestly contrary to the weight of the information presented during the case (i.e., obviously unreasonable and unsupported by the great weight of information)

The Reviewer may review the full case, beyond the aspects of the case outlined in the request for Review. If the Reviewer does not find that any of the three grounds for appeal are present in the case, the Reviewer will uphold the outcome (findings and sanctions) of the Hearing Officer. If the Reviewer finds that any of the grounds for appeal are present in the case, they may amend the decision of the original Hearing Officer or may issue a new outcome (findings and sanctions). The Reviewer has final authority to determine the outcome of the case. No additional appeal or review can be requested or granted and all sanctions will take effect immediately. In an extraordinary circumstance, the Reviewer may refer the case back to the Hearing Officer for further review. If the case is referred back to the Hearing Officer, the Reviewer may recommend that alternate policies or sanctions be considered. Additionally, if a case is referred back to the Hearing Officer, the new decision of the Hearing Officer is considered final (no additional Review will be granted). Following the Review, a written decision will be delivered as outlined in “Notification of Outcome” on page 144.

Administrative Hearings for Cases Involving Potential Separation from the University
Cases involving the potential for separation from the University will be jointly investigated, heard, and resolved by two Hearing Officers. Cases that result in separation from the University are not eligible for Review but will be eligible for Appeal as outlined on page 145.

Panel Hearings
Panel hearing are utilized in cases that have the potential to result in separation from the University, either because the respondent chose a panel hearing (instead of an administrative hearing) or because the case involves allegations of violence or sexual misconduct for which the victim is a current and continuing member of the University community. The following section outlines the investigative and hearing processes utilized in a Panel Hearing.
Investigations

Investigators could be conduct administrators, other University staff trained as investigators, or external investigators hired by the University and trained in Northwestern’s policies and procedures. Investigators will be identified, trained, and assigned to cases by the Office of Student Conduct.

An investigation typically involves, but is not limited to, reviewing reports of the incident, meeting with students to discuss the matter, gathering additional information from witnesses and other knowledgeable individuals, and otherwise exploring the circumstances of the event. The reporter and the respondent will both have the opportunity to speak with the investigator, to present a list of witnesses they suggest the investigator solicit information from, and to provide a list of questions they suggest the investigator ask the other party. Reporters and respondents may only present factual witnesses and may not present character or expert witnesses. The investigator will take the lists provided by the reporter and respondent into consideration when identifying whom they will interview and what questions they ask. The investigators may also choose to interview witnesses of their choosing. The investigator can choose to interview multiple witnesses, multiple reporters, or multiple respondents at the same time if they deem it to be necessary in their investigation. However, students from different groups should not meet with the investigator together (e.g., a reporter and a respondent, a reporter and a witness).

The investigator will submit a report of findings of fact, applying the preponderance of the evidence standard, at least five days prior to the meeting of the Panel. The report will be submitted to the Office of Student Conduct and will be distributed by the OSC to the Panel, the reporter, and the respondent. When possible, the investigator or the OSC will meet in person with the reporter and the respondent individually to deliver and discuss the findings presented by the investigator.

- The reporter and the respondent will have three business days from the receipt of the investigator’s report to send a list of any questions they believe the Panel should ask the other party and/or the investigator based on the findings presented in the investigator’s report. These should be submitted to the OSC, which will distribute them to the Panel.

Panels

Panel members will be students, faculty, and staff from the University community. Panel members will apply annually and will be selected by the Office of Student Conduct. The vice president for student affairs and the president of the Associated Student Government, or designee, will approve the selection of all Panel members.

The Panel for each case will typically be made up of five members. Ideally, each Panel will have at least two student members, though in times when no student is available, a case can be heard with only faculty and staff members. The Office of Student Conduct should do its best to diversify each Panel—both in terms of social identities and affiliations within the University. Reporters and respondents will meet the members of the panel at the time of the hearing. If a reporter or respondent is concerned about the ability of a Panel member to act impartially, they can request to speak privately with the OSC Panel Coordinator and request that the OSC Panel Coordinator review the fit of the Panel member to hear their case. This request must be made at the beginning of the reporter/respondent’s meeting with the Panel.

In cases where there are exigent circumstances (including but not limited to concern for the safety or security of the University community or the academic progress of a student) or in cases where the timeline requires the case to be heard when a five-person Panel cannot reasonably be assembled (including but not limited to finals weeks or periods of University break), a three-member Panel may be used in place of a five-member Panel and/or trained Hearing Officers who have no prior involvement in the case can serve as Panel members.

For additional information on panel hearings in cases involving alleged sexual misconduct, please see the section titled Cases Related to Sexual Misconduct on page 148.

Format of Panel Hearings

A Panel Hearing will include the three or five members of the Panel and a Panel Coordinator from the Office of Student Conduct. The role of the OSC Panel Coordinator is to ensure that the Panel follows the process set forth in this document, clarify any questions about the policies and procedures, and provide consult on available sanctions and past precedent.

The reporter and respondent will each be given an opportunity to independently speak to the Panel. During this time, they should provide their perspective on policy violations given the findings of the investigator. The reporter and the respondent will not meet with the Panel together but rather will be given individual time with the Panel. The reporter’s and the respondent’s time with the Panel will be structured as follows:

- Statement to the Panel: 10 minutes to present a statement to the Panel
- Questions from the Panel
- Final Statement: 5 minutes to provide any concluding comment

Once the Panel has met with the reporter and the respondent, the Panel may meet privately with the investigator. During this time, Panel members will ask any clarifying questions they have of the investigator. They will consider the questions submitted by the reporter and the respondent when determining which questions to ask the investigator.
The Panel will deliberate the policy violations and sanction decisions in private with the OSC Panel Coordinator. The investigator will not be present but will remain available to the Panel for additional questions that may come up. During their deliberations, the Panel members will utilize the findings presented by the investigator and the information they heard from the reporter and the respondent to determine responsibility for each alleged policy violation. Absent significant information presented by the reporter or respondent during the hearing, the Panel will accept the findings presented in the investigator’s report and utilize them to determine responsibility for each of the alleged policy violations. (For example, if an investigator submits a finding that, unprovoked, Joe hit John in the chest with a closed fist, and significant information to the contrary was absent in the hearing, the Panel will concur with the investigator’s finding). The Panel will determine responsibility. A majority vote is needed to find a respondent responsible or not responsible for each policy in question. Each member of the Panel will have one vote.

Once the policy violations, if any, have been determined, and if the respondent has been found responsible for any policy violations, the Panel will determine appropriate sanctions. The Panel can consult the investigator, as well as the OSC Panel Coordinator, when considering sanction options, but the decision about which sanctions to issue is solely at the discretion of the three-member Panel. A majority vote is needed to issue a sanction. Each member of the Panel has one vote.

Notification of Outcome

Upon the conclusion of a hearing, the respondent will be promptly notified of the outcome in writing. In the case of an Administrative Hearing, this notification will be made by the Hearing Officer. In the case of a Panel Hearing, this notification will be made by the OSC Panel Coordinator. Notification to the respondent will include findings related to violations of policy, the rationale for these findings, sanctions imposed, and information regarding available review or appeal procedures.

In accordance with applicable law, the University may disclose to a victim the final result (the violation committed and any sanction imposed) of a student conduct hearing against an alleged perpetrator of a crime of violence (alleged or attempted commission of the following offenses: arson, assault offenses, burglary, criminal homicide, manslaughter, murder, destruction/damage/vandalism of property, kidnapping/abduction, robbery, sexual assault, dating or domestic violence or stalking. More information about federal regulations allowing such disclosures may be found at 34 CFR Part 99, App. A, which is available at www.ed.gov/offices/OM/fpco/ferpa.

The student’s academic program as well as other University programs (e.g., Athletics), may be notified of information related to a conduct case, including the outcome, whenever there is a legitimate educational interest to do so (for example, when a finding of responsibility impacts the respondent’s participation in a University program, or as necessary to implement accommodations for a reporter). If Northwestern University is not a student’s home institution (e.g., students who are studying abroad or on exchange at Northwestern), the University reserves the right to notify the student’s home institution of serious violations of University policy or accommodations related to a student’s enrollment at the home institution.

For additional information on notification in cases involving alleged sexual misconduct, please see the section titled Cases Related to Sexual Misconduct on page 148.

Record of the Hearing

Records of all hearings are kept by the Office of Student Conduct.

The University errs on the side of protecting the privacy of the students involved. Any party involved is welcome to take notes during interviews, but audio or video recordings by the parties are not allowed. Any exception to this policy is the sole discretion of the director of the OSC or dean of students. Deliberations by conduct administrators or Panels are never recorded by means of audio or videotaping, and the University does not allow for the recording of these proceedings.

Also to help protect the privacy interests of the parties, while the reporter and the respondent are in possession of the investigative report, they are not permitted to duplicate it or in any way retain a copy (including electronically) at the conclusion of the case. If a reporter or respondent wishes to view any portion of the student conduct case record, they may schedule an appointment to view the information in the Office of Student Conduct. Copies of such records are not provided to the reporter or the respondent and cannot be made by the reporter or respondent. Any exception to this policy is in the sole discretion of the director of the OSC or dean of students. Conduct case records are only shared in accordance with FERPA and other University records policies.

Appeals

The parties in all cases resolved through a Panel Hearing, as well as cases resolved through an Administrative Hearing that resulted in a separation from the University may request an Appeal. A reporter or respondent (and a victim, if the victim is not the reporter, in an alleged violation of the Sexual Misconduct policy) may appeal the outcome of the hearing in writing to the OSC within a reasonable time as designated in the outcome letter (typically within 72 hours of their receipt of the outcome). The original finding and sanction are presumed to have
been decided reasonably and appropriately, and the only grounds for appeal are as follows:

- New information discovered after the hearing that could not have reasonably been available at the time of the hearing and is of a nature that could materially change the outcome
- Procedural errors within the student conduct process that may have substantially affected the fairness of the hearing
- An outcome (findings or sanctions) that was manifestly contrary to the weight of the information presented during the case (i.e., obviously unreasonable and unsupported by the great weight of information)

The Appeal is not a rehearing of the case; it is a written statement to the Appellate Panel (submitted through the OSC) specifically stating the grounds for the appeal and any supporting information. In cases involving multiple parties, the non-appealing party will be able to review the request for appeal and will be given an opportunity to submit a written response to the Appellate Panel (submitted through the OSC within a reasonable amount of time as designated by the OSC typically within 72 hours of their notification of appeal). The appealing party will be able to review the response.

Similar to the original investigation and hearing, the Appeal and response to the Appeal may not include any character or expert witness statements. The Appeal is solely conducted via written statements. Neither the respondent nor the reporter will be allowed to request an in-person meeting with the Appellate Panel. In an extraordinary circumstance, the Appellate Panel may request an in-person meeting with the reporter and respondent. Should the Appellate Panel request a meeting with one party, a meeting will also be requested with the other party.

The Appellate Panel will review the Appeal, the investigator’s report, and the case record. The Appellate Panel may consult in confidence with other members of the University community in order to substantiate the grounds for appeal or to seek clarification of issues raised in the Appeal. (Examples might include, but are not limited to, consulting the investigator for the case on the specifics of the findings or consulting a conduct administrator about the student conduct process.)

The Appellate Panel may review the full case, beyond the aspects of the case outlined in the request for Appeal. If the Appellate Panel does not find that any of the grounds for appeal are present in the case, the Panel will uphold the outcome (findings and sanctions) of the Hearing Officers/Panel. If the Appellate Panel finds that any of the grounds for appeal are present in the case, they may amend the decision of the original Hearing Officer/Panel or may issue a new outcome (findings and sanctions). The Appellate Panel has final authority to determine the outcome of the case. No additional appeal or review can be requested or granted and all sanctions will take effect immediately. In an extraordinary circumstance, the Appellate Panel may refer the case back to the Hearing Officer or Panel for further review. In this case, the Appellate panel may recommend that alternate policies or sanctions be considered. Additionally, if a case is referred back to the Hearing Officer/Panel, the new decision of the Hearing Officer/Panel is considered final (no additional Appeal will be granted).

A written decision will be delivered to both parties by the Office of Student Conduct within a reasonable amount of time following receipt of the written appeal (typically within three weeks).

**Appellate Panel**

A standing Appellate Panel will be appointed by the vice president for student affairs, or designee, and will be trained annually by the Office of Student Conduct. The Appellate Panel will be made up of senior-level administrators and academic leaders who represent the Division of Student Affairs and the Office of the Provost. Three members of the Appellate Panel must be involved in each appeal decision, and decisions are made by a majority vote. In times of exigent circumstances, a conduct administrator who has had no previous involvement in the case can be assigned by the OSC to fill in for a member of the Appellate Panel to ensure expediency of the decision. The OSC Panel Coordinator or designee will be privy to all Appellate Panel discussions to ensure compliance with the UHAS procedures.
Coordinator or Deputy Title IX Coordinator may determine that the University needs to proceed with an investigation based on concern for the safety or well-being of the broader University community (e.g., risk of future acts of sexual violence or a pattern of sexual misconduct). Northwestern reserves the right to take appropriate action in such circumstances, including in cases when the individual reporting the misconduct is reluctant to proceed.

All participants in an investigation of sexual misconduct will be informed that confidentiality helps enhance the integrity of the investigation, protect the privacy interests of the parties and protect the participants from statements that might be interpreted to be retaliatory or defamatory. For these reasons, the complainant and respondent will be asked to keep the information related to the investigation private, to the extent consistent with applicable law. Witnesses and advisors will be directed to maintain complete confidentiality.

Upon the conclusion of an investigation, the complainant and respondent will be notified in writing, at the same time, of the outcome of the investigation, including whether the alleged conduct was found to have occurred, and any sanctions imposed on the respondent that directly relate to the complainant. For the same reasons noted above, the University encourages the parties to maintain the confidentiality of this communication.

Overview – Participation and Privacy (see pages 130)

Generally, the participation and privacy expectations for participants in cases related to sexual misconduct are the same as detailed above in UHAS. However, the Section on Privacy and Sharing of Information in the Sexual Misconduct Policy supplements these requirements and also provides:

The University considers complaints and investigations conducted under this Policy to be private matters for the parties involved. For that reason, the University will protect the identity of persons involved in reports of sexual misconduct to the best of its ability. The University will only share personally identifiable information with persons with a need-to-know in order for the University to investigate and respond to deliver resources or support services. The University does not publish the names nor post identifiable information about persons involved in a report of sexual misconduct in the University Police Daily Crime Log (Blotter) or elsewhere online. The University does not confirm to outside parties the identity of an individual who may be involved in a report of sexual misconduct without that individual’s consent. However, the University cannot promise complete confidentiality or privacy in the handling of sexual misconduct reports or complaints.

Most situations require the disclosure of the complainant’s identity to those involved in the investigation in order to fully investigate the matter and/or to enable the respondent to fully respond to the allegations. When individuals report allegations of sexual misconduct to the University and do not consent to the disclosure of their names and/or do not disclose the identity of the alleged offenders or identifiable information about the alleged offenders, the University’s ability to respond to the complaints may be limited. In cases where an individual reporting sexual misconduct requests anonymity or does not wish to proceed with an investigation, the University will attempt to honor that request but, in some cases, the Title IX Coordinator or Deputy Title IX Coordinator may determine that the University needs to proceed with an investigation based on concern for the safety or well-being of the broader University community (e.g., risk of future acts of sexual violence or a pattern of sexual misconduct). Northwestern reserves the right to take appropriate action in such circumstances, including in cases when the individual reporting the misconduct is reluctant to proceed.

All participants in an investigation of sexual misconduct will be informed that confidentiality helps enhance the integrity of the investigation, protect the privacy interests of the parties and protect the participants from statements that might be interpreted to be retaliatory or defamatory. For these reasons, the complainant and respondent will be asked to keep the information related to the investigation private, to the extent consistent with applicable law. Witnesses and advisors will be directed to maintain complete confidentiality.

Upon the conclusion of an investigation, the complainant and respondent will be notified in writing, at the same time, of the outcome of the investigation, including whether the alleged conduct was found to have occurred, and any sanctions imposed on the respondent that directly relate to the complainant. For the same reasons noted above, the University encourages the parties to maintain the confidentiality of this communication.

Reports and Initial Inquiry (see page 133)

When the Office of Student Conduct or Title IX Coordinator receives a report of sexual misconduct, the deputy Title IX coordinator or designee will promptly begin an initial inquiry into the report. This will most frequently begin with an attempt to gain additional information from the reporter or alleged victim, preferably through an in-person meeting. The scope and timing of further action will depend upon a number of factors, including whether the alleged conduct was found to have occurred, and any sanctions imposed on the respondent that directly relate to the complainant. For the same reasons noted above, the University encourages the parties to maintain the confidentiality of this communication.
Informal Resolution can be used in certain sexual misconduct cases in the same way as outlined above in UHAS. For instance, informal resolution will often be used as a way to prevent the recurrence and remediate the impact of alleged sexual misconduct. Informal resolution is most commonly used in cases where the identities of the reporter or respondent are not known or when the reporter wishes to remain anonymous or requests that further action not be taken and the University is able to honor this request. Informal resolution is not used when formal resolution is desired by a reporter and the respondent’s identity is known.

Formal Resolution – Investigations (Administrative and Panel, see pages 140 and 142) and Panel Hearings – Panels (see page 142)

Questions or evidence pertaining to the alleged victim’s prior sexual conduct with anyone other than the respondent are not allowed in an investigation or hearing. Further, the Panel assigned to hear sexual misconduct cases has three members and all members will be faculty or staff who have completed Title IX case training. Students do not serve on panels for cases related to alleged sexual misconduct due to privacy concerns for both the reporter and the respondent. This difference in the make-up of the panel came at the request of and after extensive consultation with Northwestern students.

Formal Resolution – Notification of Outcome (see page 144)

As is required by law, in cases of sexual misconduct, the reporter and the respondent will both be notified simultaneously and in writing of the outcome of the hearing and/or appeal. Notification to the reporter includes findings related to violations of policy, remedies offered or provided to the reporter, sanctions imposed on the respondent that directly relate to the reporter, and any other steps the University has taken to prevent the recurrence and eliminate a hostile environment, if such was found to exist. In a case related to alleged sexual assault, stalking, or dating or domestic violence, the notification of outcome will also include the rationale for the findings related to violations of policy and all sanctions imposed on the respondent, not just those directly related to the reporter. In all cases, the respondent generally will not be notified of the individual remedies offered or provided to the reporter.

For all cases involving an alleged violation of the Sexual Misconduct Policy, reporters and respondents are informed of appeal procedures, any changes to the outcome that occur prior to the time that such outcome becomes final, and when such outcome becomes final.

Effect of Withdrawal

In cases that have the potential to result in separation from the University, if, at any time after the University receives a report and prior to the final decision in a case, a respondent withdraws from the University, the respondent’s withdrawal shall

• constitute a disciplinary exclusion from the University;
• be recorded in the student’s permanent file in OSC (but not on the transcript);
• prohibit the student from subsequently enrolling in any school in the University unless admitted through the office of admissions of the appropriate school and cleared by the vice president for student affairs.

If a party files with the OSC a notice of withdrawal from the University while any appeal initiated by that party is pending, that party’s withdrawal shall constitute a withdrawal of the appeal, and the finding from the last decision appealed shall become final.

Disciplinary Hold

At any time after the filing of a report, the Office of Student Conduct may place a student conduct hold on the academic and/or financial records of any student pending the outcome of proceedings or to enforce a student conduct sanction. A student conduct hold may prevent, among other things, registration, enrollment, matriculation, the release of transcripts, and graduation and the awarding of a degree.
Violations of the Law and the Student Code of Conduct

Students may be accountable to both legal authorities and to the University for acts that violate local, state, or federal laws. (Students are encouraged to seek advice of legal counsel when they face criminal charges.) Disciplinary action through the UHAS concurrent with criminal action does not subject a student to “double jeopardy.”

The University operates under different policies, procedures, and standards and thus is not bound by the findings of a court of law. If the court’s outcome satisfies the University’s interests, such outcome may be recorded on the student’s student conduct record without invoking the University student conduct process. Should any criminal proceeding result in a felony conviction, as a result of an incident on or off campus, the vice president for student affairs reserves the right to summarily expel a student. This action is considered final and is not subject to further review.

University disciplinary action will normally proceed during the pendency of a criminal or civil action. Legal action may similarly proceed during pendency of a student conduct case and is not subject to restrictions placed by the University. A student may request, however, that the University student conduct process be placed on hold until criminal actions are resolved. The director of student conduct or designee, will decide whether this request will be granted. In such a case, interim restrictions may be imposed. The University reserves the right to proceed with the student conduct process at any point. In incidents involving the Sexual Misconduct policy, the University will not agree to any such hold except at the request of law enforcement for the narrow and temporary purpose of evidence collection. The granting of any hold is at the full and sole discretion of the University.

Accommodations for Students with Disabilities

It is the policy of Northwestern University not to discriminate against any individual on the basis of race, color, religion, national origin, sex, pregnancy, sexual orientation, gender identity, gender expression, parental status, marital status, age, disability, citizenship, veteran status, or genetic information in matters of admissions, employment, housing, or services or in the educational programs or activities it operates. Northwestern University also considers genetic information in matters of admissions, employment, housing, or services or in the educational programs or activities it operates, in accordance with civil rights legislation and University commitment. It is also Northwestern University policy to ensure that no qualified student with a disability is denied the benefits of, excluded from participation in, or otherwise subjected to discrimination in any University program or activity. In response to a request made by a qualified student with a documented disability, the University will arrange, at no cost to the student, for the provision of educational auxiliary aids, including sign language interpreters, realtime captioners, note takers, readers, and tutors, determined by the University to be necessary to afford the student with a disability the opportunity for full participation in University programs.

The majority of accommodations and services for students with disabilities are coordinated by Accessible NU (ANU), which has locations on both the Evanston and Chicago campuses. For more information, visit www.northwestern.edu/accessiblenu/ or contact the office at 847-467-5530 or 847-467-5533 (teletypewriter).

Procedures

Northwestern University does not discriminate or permit discrimination on the basis of disability in matters of admissions, employment, housing, or services or in the educational programs or activities it operates. The director of equal opportunity and access has been designated as the Section 504 coordinator and coordinates compliance with the nondiscrimination requirements of Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act, the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), and applicable federal and state regulations. The coordinator may be contacted at Section 504 Coordinator, Office of Equal Opportunity and Access, 720 University Place, Evanston campus, 847-491-7458, fax 847-467-0698, eeo@northwestern.edu.

Northwestern University has adopted internal grievance procedures providing for prompt, equitable, and impartial resolution of grievances alleging any action prohibited by the ADA or Section 504. These procedures apply to reports of discrimination or harassment on the basis of disability by staff, faculty, students, applicants for both University employment and academic admission, vendors, contractors, and third parties.

For the complete Grievance Procedure, including information about filing a grievance, investigation and resolution of grievances, confidentiality, and other topics, please see www.northwestern.edu/hr/equalopp-access/employees-with-disabilities/disability-grievances.html.

Complaints against Faculty and Staff

Where there exists a complaint against a member of the faculty, administration, or other staff of the University, there are established procedures for handling such complaints. A complaint against a faculty member should be filed with the appropriate dean and/or with the Office of Human Resources. A complaint against a member of the administration or staff should be filed with the appropriate superior and/or the Office of Human Resources.

Title IX–related cases concerning members of the faculty or staff or third parties can be filed directly with the Title IX coordinator in the Sexual Harassment Prevention Office. Additional information can be found in the Sexual Misconduct policy on page 60.