Thank you for choosing our eComply downloadable labor law posters with one year of free mandatory updates!

Your posters must be posted in a conspicuous location. Be sure to download all files.

**Printing & Posting Instructions**

- These PDF documents should be **printed on 8.5” x 11” paper** with the printer set to the “fit to page” or comparable option. Following these printing instructions will help ensure that you are complying with state and federal size and font requirements.

- Posters have a Publication Code in the lower left corner, below the red line, such as D-CA_1 (date) MINIMUM WAGE. **Post pages with the same code together.**

- **Color requirements**: (for Colorado, Maryland, New Mexico, and North Carolina ONLY).*

- The Attention Employers letter that follows is for your information but should **not** be posted.

**IMPORTANT**: If your email address changes, be sure to notify us so that you continue to receive updates.

We are proud to be your most reliable resource for labor law compliance and we look forward to keeping you in compliance. Please contact us at 800-322-3636 if you have any questions.

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*\* Background color requirement (applies to Colorado Anti-Discrimination, and Maryland Workers Compensation)\

These posters will appear on your computer screen and print with the required color background *if you have a color printer*. If not, you must print these posters on the appropriate colored paper.

- **Identical poster requirement** (applies to North Carolina Workers Compensation and New Mexico Workers Compensation)

These posters must be identical to the state-issued poster which is in color. The posters will appear in color on your computer screen and **must be printed using a color printer** to match the original.
ATTENTION OKLAHOMA EMPLOYERS

Our goal as your RELIABLE labor law poster company is to ensure that you are always in compliance! We would like to make you aware that there may be other requirements your company is subject to in addition to posting your labor law posters in a conspicuous location.

☐ Contact the Oklahoma Employment Security Commission for a copy of the “Notice to Workers and Registration Certificate”. This poster must be obtained directly from the Employment Security Commission because it contains information specific to your business. You can contact them at:

OK Employment Security Commission
Status Division
PO Box 52003
OKC, OK 73152-2003
Phone: (405) 557-7136

☐ If applicants for employment are normally seen in an area other than where you post your federal labor law poster, you need to post four federal notices in this area where applicants can easily see them. Poster Compliance Center publishes a Federal Applicant Edition poster that includes all four of these notices. Call Customer Service at (800) 322-3636 if you would like to order this poster.

☐ If your state has an E-Verify law (used to determine if workers are eligible for employment), covered employers must register for E-Verify through the U.S. Department of Homeland Security (DHS) and must post required participation posters.
  - Only employers who have registered should post the required posters which can be downloaded free during registration.
  - DHS prohibits commercial sale of these posters by third parties.

For these reasons E-Verify posters are not included on our state posters. For further information or to register for E-Verify, go to the DHS E-Verify home page at www.e-verify.gov or call 888-464-4218.

☐ Your state has a No Smoking law. The Oklahoma Smoking in Public Places Act prohibits smoking of lighted tobacco, in any form, in all indoor workplaces. Covered employers must post required signs at each entrance to their places of business. This requirement cannot be met by including a no smoking sign on your labor law poster. Poster Compliance Center provides Free Specialty Posters that include certain generic or state-specific signs. You can download a generic No Smoking sign on our Free Specialty Posters page at the following address: https://www.postercompliance.com/labor-law-posters/free-specialty-labor-law-posters/

Poster Compliance Center publishes labor law posters that include all general required notices for employers. Depending on a company’s industry, type of commerce, sector, location, or workforce, additional specialized notices may be required by federal, state, or local governments or agencies. Examples could include notices for a municipality, notices for federal contractors, notices that must be posted for the public or job applicants (in addition to those posted for employees), a labor law notice required in another language for employees who do not speak English, public sector notices, signage that must be posted at a specific location in your business such as the entrance, or a notice that can only be obtained through an insurance company.

DISCLAIMER: This product is not intended to provide legal or financial advice or substitute for the advice of an attorney or advisor.

OKSL (12-19)
Oklahoma Workers’ Compensation Notice and Instruction to Employers and Employees

All employees of this employer who are entitled to benefits of the Administrative Workers’ Compensation Act are hereby notified that this employer has complied with all rules of the Workers’ Compensation Commission and that this employer has secured payment of compensation for all employees and their dependents in accordance with the Act. All employees are further notified this employer will furnish first aid, medical, surgical, hospital, optometric, podiatric, and nursing services, medicine, crutches and other apparatus as may be reasonably necessary in connection with the injury received by the employee, as well as payments of compensation to any injured employee or the employee’s dependents as provided in the Act.

Any employee who has suffered a compensable injury covered by the Administrative Workers’ Compensation Act is entitled to vocational rehabilitation services, including retraining and job placement, if, as a result of the injury, the employee is unable to perform work for which the person has previous training or experience.

The Oklahoma Workers’ Compensation Commission has a Counselor Division to provide information to injured workers, employers, and other interested persons.

Mediation is available to help resolve certain workers’ compensation disputes. For information, call the Counselor Division at 405-522-5308 or In-State Toll Free 855-291-3612.

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Employee’s Responsibilities In Case of Work Related Injury

If accidentally injured or affected by cumulative trauma or an occupational disease arising out of and in the course of employment, however slight, the employee should notify the employer immediately. If this employer is a partnership, notice shall be given to any partner. If this employer is a corporation, notice shall be given to any agent or officer of the corporation upon whom legal process may be served. Notice shall also be given to the person in charge of business at the location of operations where the injury occurred. Unless oral or written notice is given to the employer within thirty (30) days, the claim for compensation may be forever barred.

The employee may file a claim for compensation with the WORKERS’ COMPENSATION COMMISSION for an accidental injury, death, cumulative trauma or occupational disease or illness occurring ON OR AFTER February 1, 2014. Forms to file a compensation claim should be furnished by this employer and also are available from the Workers’ Compensation Commission. The forms are posted on the Commission’s website, www.wcc.ok.gov.

A claim for compensation must be filed with the Commission within the time specified by law, or be forever barred. Based on law effective May 28, 2019, a claim for compensation for any accidental injury must be filed with the Commission within one (1) year of the date of injury or, if the employee has received benefits under Title 85A for the injury, six (6) months from the date of the last issuance of such benefits; a death claim must be filed within two (2) years of the date of death; a claim for compensation for occupational disease or illness must be filed within two (2) years of the last injurious exposure; and a claim for compensation for cumulative trauma must be filed within one (1) year of the date of injury.

Claims for compensation for accidental injury, death, cumulative trauma or occupational disease or illness occurring BEFORE February 1, 2014 may be filed with the WORKERS’ COMPENSATION COURT OF EXISTING CLAIMS and are subject to different notice of injury requirements and claims filing deadlines than those for accidental injury, death, cumulative trauma or occupational disease or illness occurring on or after February 1, 2014. Failure to comply with applicable notice requirements and deadlines may operate to forever bar the claim. Contact the WORKERS’ COMPENSATION COURT OF EXISTING CLAIMS for additional information.

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Employer’s Responsibilities

The employer must provide employees with immediate first aid, medical, surgical, hospital, optometric, podiatric, and nursing services, medicine, crutches and other apparatus as may be reasonably necessary in connection with the injury received by the employee. This applies to care for all injuries and illnesses arising out of and in the course of employment, regardless of their character. Within ten (10) days after the date of receipt of notice or knowledge of death or injury that results in the loss of time beyond the shift or medical attention away from the work site, the employer or the employer’s representative MUST send a report thereof to the Workers’ Compensation Commission via Electronic Data Interchange as specified in Commission rules.

No agreement by any employee to pay any portion of the premium paid by the employer to a carrier or a benefit fund or department maintained by the employer for the purpose of providing compensation or medical services and supplies as required by the workers’ compensation laws, shall be valid. Any employer who makes a deduction for such purposes from the pay of any employee entitled to benefits under the workers’ compensation laws shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

No agreement by any employee to waive workers’ compensation rights and benefits shall be valid.

Any person who commits workers’ compensation fraud, upon conviction, shall be guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment, a fine or both.

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Workers’ Compensation Commission
1915 North Stiles Avenue
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73105-4918
Tel. 405-522-5308 (OKC) · 918-295-3732 (TU) · In-State Toll Free 855-291-3612
Web Site · www.wcc.ok.gov

Rev. 11-21-19

This notice must be posted and maintained by the employer in one or more conspicuous places on the work premises.
Your Rights Under the Oklahoma Minimum Wage Act

Employee Health, Morals & Wages
It’s against the law for employers to have workers in jobs that hurt their health. It’s against the law for employers to have workers in jobs that hurt their morals. It’s against the law for employers to pay workers less than adequate wages.

Federal Minimum Wage
Unless the law says it’s okay, employers can’t pay less than the federal minimum wage.

Employer Defined
The law defines an “employer” as having ten or more full-time workers in one place or more than $100,000 of business a year.

Employee Defined
The law says an “employee” is a worker for an “employer.” But, an “employee” is not:
(1) a worker on a farm; a worker on a ranch; a worker with animals on a farm or ranch; or a mechanic on a farm or ranch;
(2) a maid;
(3) a federal government worker;
(4) someone who volunteers for a charity, church, or nonprofit club;
(5) a newspaper vendor or carrier;
(6) a railroad worker;
(7) any worker who is already being paid the federal minimum wage or more;
(8) executives; someone in an administrative job; professionals; or an “outside” salesman;
(9) any person employed as part-time employee not on permanent status. A part-time employee is defined as an employee who is employed less than twenty-five (25) hours a week;
(10) anyone younger than 18 who hasn’t graduated from school, and anyone younger than 22 who is in school;
(11) anyone who works in a feedstore; or
(12) a reserve deputy sheriff.

Uniforms
The law says the cost of uniforms given to workers can be added to wages in figuring the minimum wage.

Investigation of Wage Claims
The law says the Commissioner of Labor, Leslie Osborn, can investigate whether wages are due workers. She will write down her findings. If any employee’s employment has terminated and the Commissioner finds that wages are due, a penalty of 2% per day up to the total amount of the wage claim may be added to the wages due. She will mail her findings to the employer and the worker by certified mail. If the employer pays the wages (and the penalty) and the worker accepts the payment, that’s the end of the wage claim.

Employer Liability
If a court finds an employer hasn’t paid all wages due, the law says the employer is liable for double the amount of the wages minus any sums already paid to the worker. The employer is also liable for court costs and reasonable attorney fees of at least $100. The employer can’t defend a wage claim by arguing that there was an agreement with the worker to work for less than the lawful wage. The law says an employer who pays or even agrees to pay less than the lawful wage is guilty of a misdemeanor. The punishment could be a fine of not more than $500. The punishment could be as much as six (6) months in the county jail. The punishment could be both a fine and jail time.

IT’S THE LAW!
1-888-269-5353
www.ok.gov/odol

Oklahoma Department of Labor Employment Standards Division
NOTICE TO WORKERS

If you lose your job or if you work less than full time and get less than your full time wages – you may be entitled to receive unemployment insurance benefits. Ask your employer for a free copy of the booklet entitled Information for Workers Who are Unemployed or obtain a copy from the nearest Workforce Oklahoma office or go online at www.oesc.ok.gov. This explains your rights and how to file an unemployment insurance claim.

All unemployment claims are now filed by telephone or internet. You may obtain help in finding a job or obtain help in filing your claim at the nearest Workforce Oklahoma office of the Oklahoma Employment Security Commission.

NOTICE TO EMPLOYERS: It is required by Sec. 2-502 of the Oklahoma Employment Security Act that you shall post and maintain this notice in places readily accessible to individuals in your employ. Copies may be obtained from the Oklahoma Employment Security Commission, PO Box 52003, Oklahoma City, OK 73152 or go online at www.oesc.ok.gov.
OKLAHOMA LAW PROHIBITS

DISCRIMINATION IN EMPLOYMENT BECAUSE OF RACE, COLOR, RELIGION, NATIONAL ORIGIN, DISABILITY, AGE, SEX OR GENETIC INFORMATION

If you are an employee, or an applicant for employment, and feel that because of race, color, religion, national origin, disability, age, sex or genetic information you have been discriminated against with respect to:

Qualifications, hire, discharge, recall, layoff, promotion, transfer, compensation, conditions, terms, privileges or responsibilities of employment, or sexual harassment, and wish to file or discuss the filing of a complaint contact:

Office of the Oklahoma Attorney General
Office of Civil Rights Enforcement
313 N.E. 21st Street
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73105
Oklahoma City Office: (405) 521-3921
Tulsa Office: (918) 581-2342
Website: www.oag.ok.gov
Email: ocre.complaints@oag.ok.gov

Contacting the Office of Civil Rights Enforcement does not conflict with or affect any other rights you may have, including any appeal procedures you may have through the Oklahoma Merit Protection or any internal grievance procedures you may have through your employer. However, an Employment Discrimination Complaint must be filed with the Office of Civil Rights Enforcement within 180 days after the alleged discriminatory act(s).

1 Title 25, Oklahoma Statutes, Section 1302