PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification sections, apply to this section.

B. Comply with most current edition of the Northwestern University Design Standards.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. Provide all labor, materials and equipment as necessary to complete all work as indicated on the Drawings and specified herein.

B. This Section includes:

1. Cold milling of existing hot-mix asphalt pavement.
2. Hot-mix asphalt patching.
3. Hot-mix asphalt paving.
4. Hot-mix asphalt paving overlay.
5. Asphalt surface treatments.

C. Related Sections:

1. Division 31 Section "Earth Moving" for aggregate subbase and base courses and for aggregate pavement shoulders.
2. Division 32 Sections for other paving installed as part of crosswalks in asphalt pavement areas.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. Hot-Mix Asphalt Paving Terminology: Refer to ASTM D 8 for definitions of terms.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated. Include technical data and tested physical and performance properties.

1. Job-Mix Designs: Certification, by authorities having jurisdiction, of approval of each job mix proposed for the Work.

B. Qualification Data: For qualified manufacturer and Installer.
C. Material Certificates: For each paving material, from manufacturer.

D. Material Test Reports: For each paving material.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Manufacturer Qualifications: A paving-mix manufacturer registered with and approved by authorities having jurisdiction or the Illinois DOT.

B. Testing Agency Qualifications: Qualified according to ASTM D 3666 for testing indicated.

C. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with materials, workmanship, and other applicable requirements of the City of [Evanston / Chicago] for asphalt paving work.

   1. Measurement and payment provisions and safety program submittals included in standard specifications do not apply to this Section.

1.6 Project Conditions:

A. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with materials, workmanship, and other applicable requirements of IDOT for asphalt paving work.

B. Environmental Limitations: Do not apply asphalt materials if subgrade is wet or excessively damp, if rain is imminent or expected before time required for adequate cure, or if the following conditions are not met:

   1. HMA Temperature: Delivered between 250 deg F and 350 deg F
   2. Prime Coat: Minimum surface temperature of 60 deg F
   4. Asphalt Base Course: Minimum surface temperature of 40 deg F in the shade and rising at time of placement.
   5. Asphalt Surface Course: Minimum surface temperature of 45 deg F in the shade at time of placement and rising at time of placement.

C. Pavement-Marking Paint: Proceed with pavement marking only on clean, dry surfaces and at a minimum ambient or surface temperature of 55 deg F for water-based materials, and not exceeding 95 deg F. When more restrictive, manufacturer limits shall be adhered to.

D. Imprinted Asphalt Paving: Proceed with coating imprinted pavement only when air temperature is at least 50 deg F and rising and will not drop below 50 deg F within 8 hours of coating application. Proceed only if no precipitation is expected.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

A. Aggregates:

   1. General: Use materials and gradations that have performed satisfactorily in previous installations.
   3. Fine Aggregate: ASTM D 1073, sharp-edged natural sand or sand prepared from stone, gravel, or combinations thereof.
4. For hot-mix asphalt, limit natural sand to a maximum of 20 percent by weight of the total aggregate mass.
5. Mineral Filler: ASTM D 242, rock or slag dust, hydraulic cement, or other inert material.

B. Asphalt Materials:

2. Prime Coat: ASTM D 2027, medium-curing cutback asphalt matching IDOT MC-30 per Section 1032 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge construction.
3. Tack Coat: IDOT SS-1, SS-1hP, CSS-1, CSS-1hP, emulsified asphalt or cationic emulsified asphalt, slow curing, diluted in water, per Section 1032 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction and of suitable grade and consistency for application.
4. Tack Coat: Where Paving Geotextile as an interlayer is used; Performance Grade asphalt binder of the same grade as the overlaying pavement.
5. Fog Seal: AASHTO M 140, emulsified asphalt, or AASHTO M 208 cationic emulsified asphalt, slow curing, factory diluted in water, of suitable grade and consistency for application.

C. Herbicide: Commercial chemical for weed control, registered by the EPA. Provide in granular, liquid, or wettable powder form.

D. Sand: AASHTO M 29 Grade Nos. 2 or 3.

E. Paving Geotextile (Reflective Crack Control): AASHTO M 288-06, nonwoven polypropylene; resistant to chemical attack, rot, and mildew; and specifically designed for paving applications.

2. Grab Tensile Strength: ASTM D4632, minimum 101 lbs
3. Asphalt Retention: ASTM 6140, minimum 0.20 gal/sq. yd.

F. Joint Sealant: ASTM D 6690 or AASHTO M 324 Type II or III Type II Type IV, hot-applied, single-component, polymer-modified bituminous sealant.

G. Pavement-Marking Paint Type 1: Alkyd-resin type, lead and chromate free, ready mixed, complying with AASHTO M 248, Type N Type F Type S; colors complying with FS TT-P-1952.

1. Colors: Yellow and/or White. Accessible spaces shall typically be yellow with blue and white signage.

H. Pavement-Marking Paint Type 2: Latex, waterborne emulsion, lead and chromate free, ready mixed, complying with FS TT-P-1952, Type II, with drying time of no more than 15 minutes

1. Colors: Yellow and/or White. Accessible spaces shall typically be yellow with blue and white signage.
2. Glass Beads: AASHTO M 247, Type 1.

I. Wheel Stops:

1. Locate sidewalks away from curbs to avoid the need for wheel stops.
2. If necessary, wheel stops shall be precast, air-entrained concrete, 3500-psi minimum compressive strength. Provide chamfered corners, drainage slots on underside, and holes for anchoring to substrate.
J. Dowels: Reinforcing Bars: ASTM A 615, Grade 60; deformed

K. Imprinted Asphalt Materials:
1. Templates: Imprinted-asphalt manufacturer’s standard flexible templates for imprinting pattern into hot asphalt paving.
2. Pattern: Specify or indicate on Drawings.

L. Coating System: Imprinted-asphalt manufacturer’s standard system formulated for exterior application on asphalt paving surfaces.
1. Base Coating: Portland cement and epoxy-modified acrylic polymer blended with sand and aggregate, formulated for exterior application on asphalt paving surfaces.
2. Top Coating: Epoxy-modified acrylic polymer blended with sand and aggregate, formulated for exterior application on asphalt paving surfaces.
3. Colorant: UV-stable pigment blend, added to each coating layer.
4. Color: Specify or indicate on Drawings.

M. Mixes:
1. Hot-Mix Asphalt: Dense, hot-laid, hot-mix asphalt plant mixes designed according to the Illinois Modified Strategic Highway Research Program criteria and the IDOT Special Provision “Superpave Bituminous Concrete Mixtures”.
2. Binder Course Mixture N50, IL-19.0, Surface Course Mixture N50, IL-9.5, Mix “C” designed in accordance with Sections 1030 and Sections 406 and 407 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction and the special provision, “Quality Control/Quality Assurance of Bituminous Concrete Mixtures.”
3. Provide mixes with a history of satisfactory performance in geographical area where Project is located.
4. Emulsified-Asphalt Slurry: ASTM D 3910, Type 1, consisting of emulsified asphalt, fine aggregate, and mineral fillers.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Verify that subgrade is dry and in suitable condition to begin paving.

B. Proof-roll subgrade below pavements with heavy pneumatic-tired equipment to identify soft pockets and areas of excess yielding. Do not proof-roll wet or saturated subgrades.

1. Completely proof-roll subgrade in one direction, repeating proof-rolling in direction perpendicular to first direction. Limit vehicle speed to 3 mph.
2. Proof roll with a loaded 10-wheel, tandem-axle dump truck weighing not less than 15 tons.
3. Excavate soft spots, unsatisfactory soils, and areas of excessive pumping or rutting, as determined by Architect, and replace with compacted backfill or fill as directed.

C. Proceed with paving only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.
3.2  SURFACE PREPARATION

A. General: Immediately before placing asphalt materials, remove loose and deleterious material from substrate surfaces. Ensure that prepared subgrade is ready to receive paving.

B. Prime Coat: Apply uniformly over surface of compacted unbound-aggregate base course at a rate of 0.15 to 0.50 gal./sq. yd. Apply enough material to penetrate and seal but not flood surface. Allow prime coat to cure.

   1. If prime coat is not entirely absorbed within 24 hours after application, spread sand over surface to blot excess asphalt. Use enough sand to prevent pickup under traffic. Remove loose sand by sweeping before pavement is placed and after volatiles have evaporated.
   2. Protect primed substrate from damage until ready to receive paving.

C. Tack Coat: Apply uniformly to surfaces of existing pavement at a rate of 0.05 to 0.15 gal./sq. yd.

   1. Allow tack coat to cure undisturbed before applying hot-mix asphalt paving.
   2. Avoid smearing or staining adjoining surfaces, appurtenances, and surroundings. Remove spillages and clean affected surfaces.

3.3  PAVING GEOTEXTILE INSTALLATION

A. Apply tack coat uniformly to existing pavement surfaces at a rate of 0.20 to 0.30 gal./sq. yd.

B. Place paving geotextile promptly according to manufacturer’s written instructions. Broom or roll geotextile smooth and free of wrinkles and folds. Overlap longitudinal joints 4 inches and transverse joints 6 inches.

   1. Protect paving geotextile from traffic and other damage and place hot-mix asphalt paving overlay the same day.

3.4  COMPACTION

A. General: Begin compaction as soon as placed hot-mix paving will bear roller weight without excessive displacement. Compact hot-mix paving with hot, hand tampers or with vibratory-plate compactors in areas inaccessible to rollers.

   1. Complete compaction before mix temperature cools to 185 deg F. Breakdown Rolling: Complete breakdown or initial rolling immediately after rolling joints and outside edge. Examine surface immediately after breakdown rolling for indicated crown, grade, and smoothness. Correct laydown and rolling operations to comply with requirements.

B. Intermediate Rolling: Begin intermediate rolling immediately after breakdown rolling while hot-mix asphalt is still hot enough to achieve specified density. Continue rolling until hot-mix asphalt course has been uniformly compacted to the following density:

   1. Average Density: 96 percent of reference laboratory density according to ASTM D 6927 but not less than 94 percent nor greater than 100 percent.
   2. Average Density: 92 percent of reference maximum theoretical density according to ASTM D 2041, but not less than 90 percent nor greater than 96 percent.
C. Finish Rolling: Finish roll paved surfaces to remove roller marks while hot-mix asphalt is still warm.

D. Edge Shaping: While surface is being compacted and finished, trim edges of pavement to proper alignment. Bevel edges while asphalt is still hot; compact thoroughly.

E. Repairs: Remove paved areas that are defective or contaminated with foreign materials and replace with fresh, hot-mix asphalt. Compact by rolling to specified density and surface smoothness.

F. Protection: After final rolling, do not permit vehicular traffic on pavement until it has cooled and hardened.

G. Erect barricades to protect paving from traffic until mixture has cooled enough not to become marked.

3.5 INSTALLATION TOLERANCES

A. Pavement Thickness: Compact each course to produce the thickness indicated within the following tolerances:

1. Base Course: Plus or minus 1/2 inch.
2. Surface Course: Plus 1/4 inch, no minus.

B. Pavement Surface Smoothness: Compact each course to produce a surface smoothness within the following tolerances as determined by using a 10-foot straightedge applied transversely or longitudinally to paved areas:

1. Base Course: 1/4 inch.
2. Surface Course: 1/8 inch.
3. Crowned Surfaces: Test with crowned template centered and at right angle to crown. Maximum allowable variance from template is 1/4 inch.

C. Traffic-Calming Devices: Compact and form asphalt to produce the contour indicated and within a tolerance of plus or minus 1/8 inch of height indicated above pavement surface.

3.6 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Testing Agency: NU will typically engage a qualified testing agency to perform tests and inspections.

B. Thickness: In-place compacted thickness of hot-mix asphalt courses will be determined according to ASTM D 3549.

C. Surface Smoothness: Finished surface of each hot-mix asphalt course will be tested for compliance with smoothness tolerances.

D. In-Place Density: Testing agency will take samples of uncompacted paving mixtures and compacted pavement according to ASTM D 979.

1. Reference maximum theoretical density will be determined by averaging results from four samples of hot-mix asphalt-paving mixture delivered daily to site, prepared according to ASTM D 2041, and compacted according to job-mix specifications.
2. In-place density of compacted pavement will be determined by testing core samples according to ASTM D 1188 or ASTM D 2726.
   a. One core sample will be taken for every 1000 sq. yd. or less of installed pavement, with no fewer than 3 cores taken.
   b. Field density of in-place compacted pavement may also be determined by nuclear method according to ASTM D 2950 and correlated with ASTM D 1188 or ASTM D 2726.

E. Replace and compact hot-mix asphalt where core tests were taken.

F. Remove and replace or install additional hot-mix asphalt where test results or measurements indicate that it does not comply with specified requirements.

3.7 DISPOSAL

A. Except for material indicated to be recycled, remove excavated materials from Project site and legally dispose of them in an EPA-approved landfill. Contractor shall not allow milled materials to accumulate on-site.

END OF SECTION 32 1216